# VERMONT



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ending JUNE 30, 2002

# STATE OF VERMONT

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ending JUNE 30, 2002



Prepared by the Department of Finance and Management

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	PAGE
INTRODUCTION:	
Title Page	1
Table of Contents	2-3
Letter of Transmittal	4 - 7
Organization Chart	8 - 9
Selected State Officials	10
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	12 -14
Management Discussion and Analysis	15 - 27
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	32 - 33
Statement of Activities	34 - 35
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	38 - 39
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund balances to Statement of	
Net Assets - Governmental Activities	40
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	42 - 43
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund	
Balances -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities	. 44
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	46 - 47
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	48 - 49
Statement of Cash Flows	50 - 51
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	54
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	55
Component Unit Financial Statements	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	58
Combining Statement of Activities	59
Notes To the Financial Statements' Index	61
Notes To the Financial Statements	62 - 101
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund	103
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Transportation Fund	104
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Education Fund	105
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Special Fund	106
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Federal Fund	107
Notes to Required Supplementary Information-Budgetary Reporting	108
Supplementary information-Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	•
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Payenues, Expanditures, and Changes in Fund Raisnoss	116 - 110

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	PAGE
Proprietary Funds	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	122 - 123
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	130 - 133
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets	134 - 137
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	138 - 141
Fiduciary Funds	
Pension Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Plan Net Assets	44 - 145
Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets	146 - 147
Agency Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	150 - 152
Component Units	•
Non-major Component Units	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	156
CTATIOTICAL SECTION (New district)	
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited):  Revenue by Source-Major Governmental Funds - Last 10 Fiscal Years	IED 150
Expenditures by Function-Major Governmental Funds-Last 10 Years	
State Indebtedness—Procedure for Authorization and Debt Statement as of June 30, 2002	160 - 162
Obligation Bonded Debt Per CapitaLast 10 Fiscal Years	163
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Fund	
ExpendituresLast 10 Fiscal Years	164
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Transportation Bonded Debt to Total	
Transportation Fund Expenditures-Last 10 Fiscal Years	164
Property Values and Taxes in VermontLast 10 Fiscal Years	165
Demographic Statistics:	
* Employment	166
* Vermont Non-Agricultural Wage and Salary Employment by Industry	167
* Educational Attainment - Vermont vs U.S as of March 2002	167
Income and Sales Tax RatesLast 10 Fiscal Years	168
Vermont's Ten Largest Employers as of March 2002	169



# STATE OF VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT MONTPELIER, VERMONT 05609-0401

#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

To the Honorable James Douglas, Governor Chairs of House Committees on Appropriations, Institutions and Ways and Means, Senate Committees on Appropriations, Finance and Institutions, and The Citizens of the State of Vermont

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Vermont for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002. The Department of Finance and Management prepared this report, which includes the Basic Financial Statements as required by Title 32, Vermont Statutes Annotated Section 182(a)(8).

This CAFR's financial section contains two new reporting features that are worth reviewing. First is the new Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that follows the Auditor's opinion. This analysis is designed to give the reader an overview of the State's financial position, described in layman's terms, in order to better understand the results of operations of Vermont's state government.

The second feature, which follows the MD&A, consists of the Basic Financial Statements (BFS), which were prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The BFS contain two new government-wide statements that present the State's financial activities in a manner similar to that of a private corporation. Additionally, the fund statements that follow the government-wide statements have been changed in both content and format to meet GASB's new reporting requirements. Finally, the note disclosures that follow the fund statements have also been upgraded to meet the new GASB requirements. We believe these statements and notes are fairly stated in all material respects and that they are presented in a manner designed to fairly report the State of Vermont's financial position and results of operations and changes in the net assets/fund balances. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State of Vermont's Department of Finance and Management.

In addition to the MD&A and BFS, this CAFR includes a Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section and a Statistical section. The RSI section contains Budget vs.

Actual Schedules; combining fund financial statements that include the State's non-major Governmental, Proprietary, Fiduciary, and Internal Service Funds; and the State's non-major component units. The statistical section presents fiscal, social, and demographic information about the State of Vermont.

## Timing Of This Financial Report

Before addressing the topics traditionally covered in this transmittal letter, I will recognize the obvious. This financial report is significantly late, and thus of reduced relevance to the reader. As many of you know, since taking office earlier this year, the Douglas Administration has worked diligently to resolve problems that developed due to the confluence of two major events in Fiscal Year (FY) 2002:

• Repercussions from the implementation of a new statewide accounting system (VISION)

The State of Vermont's new financial reporting system went live on July 1, 2001, the first day of FY 2002. As has been widely reported, the introduction of the VISION system was exceedingly challenging due to:

- o <u>Technical glitches</u>, which prevented certain transactions from properly processing. These glitches created significant complications during the year-end close that required subsequent corrective action.
- The <u>learning curve</u> associated with the implementation of VISION on a statewide basis was very steep; Vermont staff was trained for things running smoothly, but not for the occurrence of operating problems. In the end, the Financial Operations and Technical Services staff struggled with little support through a very demoralizing period, responding reactively to address only the most urgent operational problems.
- VISION is a more decentralized accounting system than its predecessor; thus there are far more opportunities for error generation by users. It is a more flexible but complex system that requires end-users to have a much better grasp of basic accounting knowledge than before. In FY 2002, end-users were not always able to correctly enter data into the system or to identify problems as they arose. Thus, hundreds of mistakes, generated by individual units of State government, went unresolved during the year and had to be identified, researched and corrected after year-end, greatly delaying the financial closing and reporting process.

Due to numerous errors generated by individual VISION users in departments and the complexity of the system itself, the Treasurer's Office had difficulty reconciling VISION cash balances to bank account balances. These difficulties were exacerbated by the lack of a Treasurer's module in the VISION system that could have somewhat automated the reconciling process.

- O <u>Poor system performance</u> had a significant detrimental impact on the first year-end close and subsequent reporting process.
- o In order to help departments, which were struggling with VISION and the new closing process, the deadlines stipulated in the year-end closing instructions for FY2002 were more generous than they should have been. The established deadlines consumed too much time and delayed the process and the resolution of a mountain of problems.

## • Implementation of GASB 34 accounting standards

New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, most notably Number 34 (GASB #34) require all States (and larger municipalities) to comply with revised accounting and reporting standards designed to give readers a more comprehensive representation of the State's financial position. Vermont's old Financial Management Information System (FMIS) was neither capable of providing the necessary information to meet these requirements nor able to satisfy other reporting needs. This is one of the main reasons Vermont invested in the new VISION accounting system.

Complying with GASB #34 entailed more work than was originally projected. While the implementation of GASB #34's requirements also proved problematic for many other states, Vermont had the additional challenge of simultaneously dealing with the repercussions of its new financial management system (VISION).

To overcome these two convergent challenges required exceptionally hard work and the cooperation of numerous employees in the Executive Branch, State Auditor's Office, and Treasurer's Office. Being new to public service, I have been extremely impressed by how diligently the State employees responded to this significant problem.

So in conclusion, while the underlying fiscal situation of the State has been very healthy, particularly in comparison with many other states, the financial reporting process has been most challenging. We have instituted numerous changes to improve this unacceptable situation.

#### The General Fund

The General Fund, the State's largest operating fund, accounts for all revenues and other receipts that are not required by law to be accounted for or deposited in other funds and represents a significant portion of Vermont's financial activity. Tax revenues, principally personal income taxes, sales and use taxes and meals and room taxes, constitute approximately 84% of the General Fund budgetary-basis revenues. The functional assignments for the General Fund expenditures are: General Government, Protection to Persons and Property, Human Services, General Education, Natural Resources, Commerce and Community Development and Debt Service.

## Budget Adoption and Legal Compliance/Budgetary Results

Note 1 describes the State's budgeting process, while schedules for the State's five major governmental funds (comparing each fund's original budget, final budget, actual expenditures incurred on a budgetary basis, and the variance between the final budget and actual expenditures) are included as Required Supplementary Information (RSI). As the adopted budget provides legal control over spending, expenditures cannot exceed amounts appropriated under Vermont law. Budgetary control is exercised by type of fund within appropriation.

# Cash and Investments

Cash deposits are managed by the State in accordance with the provisions of Title 32, Vermont Statutes Annotated, and Sections 431-434, which defines the requirements the Treasurer must adhere to when depositing public monies. The State Treasurer pools substantially all cash except that which is required to be maintained separately in accordance with legal restrictions. Note 2 provides more detail regarding this important area.

#### Risk Management

The State generally assumes substantially all risk associated with Workers' Compensation, Employee Liability, Employee Health and Life, and General Liability under state law. However, the State has minimized its exposure in several areas by either purchasing commercial insurance coverage or by limiting benefit claim amounts.

#### Independent Audit

An independent audit was performed by the elected State Auditor of Accounts whose "Independent Auditor's Report" is included in the financial section of this CAFR. The audit described is not intended to meet all requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996. Rather, the Single Audit Report for the State is issued under separate cover.

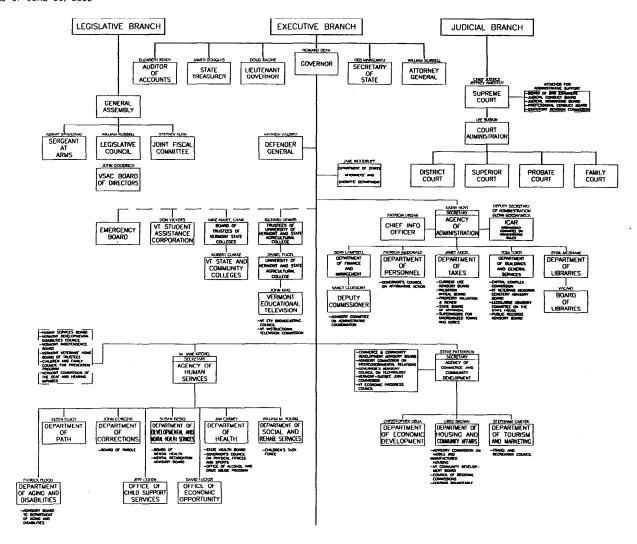
## Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the work of dedicated staff in the Department of Finance and Management, the Treasurer's Office, the Auditor of Accounts Office and the support of all State agencies and component units, the Legislature, and the Judiciary. We welcome inquiries concerning this report and the finances of the State of Vermont.

Sincerely.

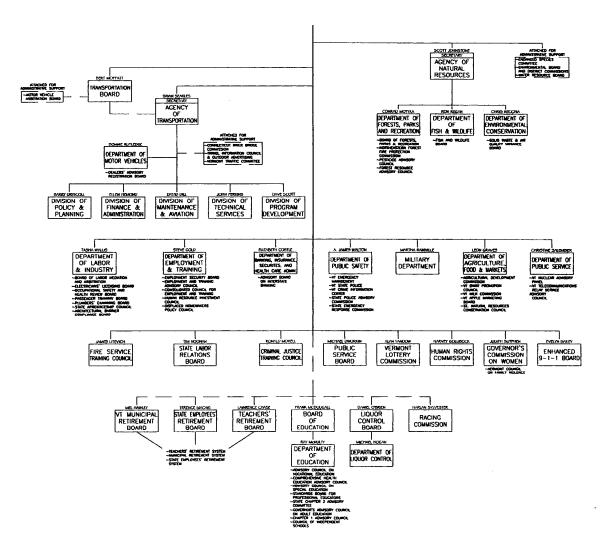
Robert D. Hofmann Commissioner

November 21, 2003



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# SELECTED STATE OFFICIALS As of June 30, 2002

# **EXECUTIVE**

Howard Dean, MD Governor

Douglas C. Racine Lieutenant Governor

Deborah L. Markowitz Secretary of State

William H. Sorrell
Attorney General

Elizabeth M. Ready Auditor of Accounts

James H. Douglas State Treasurer

# JUDICIAL

Jeffrey L. Amestoy
Chief Justice

# LEGISLATIVE

Peter E. Shumlin (; )?
President Pro-Tempore of the State Senate
(30 Senators)

Walter E. Freed
Speaker of the House of Representatives
(150 Representatives)



# FINANCIAL SECTION





#### VERMONT

## OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR 132 STATE STREET MONTPELIER, VERMONT 05633-5101

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Speaker, House of Representatives and President Pro-Tem of the Senate Governor General Assembly, State of Vermont State House Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Vermont, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State of Vermont's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of certain entities and funds that aggregate the following percentages of total assets and revenues:

Opinion Unit	Percentage of Total Assets	Percentage of Total Revenues
Business-Type Activities	96.9%	80.5%
Aggregate Discretely Presented		
Component Units	100.0%	100.0%
Aggregate Remaining Funds	7.8%	3.1%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities and funds, is based solely upon the reports of the other auditors.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Special Environmental Revolving Fund (blended into the Federal Revenue Fund), the Vermont State Infrastructure Bank (blended into

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the Transportation Fund) and the Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund (a discretely presented component unit) were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

We were unable to audit the capital asset information in the governmental activities column of the entity-wide financial statements because sufficient competent documentation supporting the amounts reported for capital assets in those statements could not be provided by management of the State.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to audit the capital assets in the governmental activities column of the entity-wide financial statements, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the State of Vermont, as of June 30, 2002, and the related change in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In addition, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the State of Vermont as of June 30, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the State of Vermont has implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements: Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments; Statement No. 35 Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities; Statement No. 37 Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus; Statement No. 38 Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, and Interpretation No. 6 Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements, as of July 1, 2001.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 15 through 27, and the budget to actual – budgetary basis schedules on pages 103 through 108 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Vermont's basic financial statements. The combining,

individual fund and account group financial statements listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report, dated November 21, 2003, on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws and regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Elizabeth M. Ready State Auditor

November 21, 2003

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

We are pleased to present this analysis and discussion of Vermont's financial performance for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002. This section is meant to present an overview and highlights occurring within Vermont during the designated fiscal year. Please read this in conjunction with the transmittal letter found at the front of this report and the financial statements that follow this section. Be advised that fiscal year 2002 is the first year that Vermont has implemented the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement Number 34 (GASB No. 34); hence, there are few comparisons with the previous fiscal year (2001). Future reports are required to and will include many comparisons with the previous year's activities.

#### HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide The net assets (assets minus liabilities) of Vermont's primary government totaled \$1.14 billion, an increase of \$20.6 million as compared to fiscal year 2001. Of this amount, a negative \$49 million was reported as "unrestricted net assets". Unrestricted net assets represent the amount available to be used to meet the State's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Vermont's Component Units reported net assets of \$701.7 million, an increase of approximately \$15 million over fiscal year 2001.

Changes in Net Assets – The State's primary government's net assets of \$1.14 billion increased by \$20.6 million (a 1.83% increase) in fiscal year 2002. Net assets of governmental activities increased by \$23.4 million (a 2.92% increase), while net assets of the business-type activities showed a decrease of \$2.86 million (0.89% decrease).

Fund Level - Governmental Funds - Fund Balances - As of the close of fiscal year 2002, the State's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$339.7 million, a decrease of \$17.9 million over the prior year. Of this total amount, \$233.7 million represents the "unreserved fund balances". Of this \$233.7 million, \$51.8 million is categorized as "designated for specific purposes in the capital projects funds leaving \$181.9 million categorized as "unreserved and undesignated." This amount is approximately 6.3% of the total governmental fund expenditures for FY2002.

#### Long-term Debt:

The State's primary government's total long-term debt obligations outstanding increased by approximately \$6 million during the current fiscal year. The key component in this increase was a \$6 million net increase in the balance of General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable outstanding. See Note 19 — Changes in Long-term Liabilities for more information.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Vermont's basic financial statements. Vermont's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. These components are described below:

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the State – the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements and combining major component units financial statements. These financial statements also include the notes to the financial statements that provide explanations or more detail for both of the above type financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

Vermont's government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the State's operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements contain both short-term and long-term information about the State's financial position and assist in assessing the State's economic condition at the end of each fiscal year. They are prepared using the "flow of economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means they follow methods that are similar to those used by most private sector businesses. They take into account all financial activity including revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The statement of net assets presents all of the government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the State's net assets may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the State is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods. This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and their associated program revenues for each function of the State.

Both of the above financial statements segregate Vermont's financial activity into three different types of state activities. These three types of activities are:

Governmental Activities – The financial activities reported in this section generally represent those services normally associated with state government. These include education, general

government, health services, legal and judiciary services, natural resources, public safety, regulatory services, social services, and transportation. These activities are mostly funded with taxes, grants, and intergovernmental revenues.

Business-Type Activities – These business-type activities of the State include the operations of Vermont's enterprise funds. These activities include operating the unemployment compensation trust fund program, liquor control, lottery commission, federal surplus property activities, publishing Vermont Life magazine, making equipment loans to municipalities, as well as several other activities. These functions normally recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of their goods and services.

Discretely Presented Component Units – These are legally separate (incorporated) entities for which the elected officials of the primary government have financial accountability. The State's discretely presented component units are presented in the aggregate in the government-wide statements. This aggregate total consists of major and non-major component units. This categorization is determined by the relative size of the entities' assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in relation to the total of all component units.

For more information regarding the classification of major and non-major component units, please refer to Note 1 under "Component Units."

The State's three discretely presented "major" component units contained in the aggregate figure include the activity of the following entities:

University of Vermont and State Agricultural College Vermont State Colleges Vermont Student Assistance Corporation

The State's eight other "non-major" component units that are combined into a single column for reporting in the fund financial statements include the following entities:

Vermont Economic Development Authority

Vermont Housing and Conservation Board

Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund

Vermont Municipal Bond Bank

Vermont Educational and Health Buildings Financing Agency

Vermont Center for Geographic Information

Vermont Veterans Home

Vermont Transportation Authority

Additional information or financial statements for each of these individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. Addresses and other additional information about the State's component units are presented in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

#### Fund Financial Statements and Major Component Unit Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Vermont's government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus and report on individual parts of the State government in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the State can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. For the governmental and proprietary funds, the major funds are reported in individual columns in the fund financial statements while the non-major funds are presented in a consolidated column in the fund financial statements. Combining schedules in the Supplementary Information present detailed non-major fund activity. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fiduciary type (pension, private purpose trusts and agency funds) with combining schedules presented in the Supplementary Information. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

# The three categories of funds are:

Governmental Funds — Most of the basic services provided by the State are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This approach is known as using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's finances that assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the State.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide reconciliations on the pages immediately following each governmental fund financial statement to facilitate this comparison.

The State reports seventeen governmental funds of which five are classified as "major" governmental funds. These major funds include the General Fund, Transportation Fund, Education Fund, Special Fund, and the Federal Revenue Fund. Each major fund is presented in a separate column in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The "non-major" governmental funds include the Fish and Wildlife Fund, the two capital bond funds, and nine Permanent Funds and are presented in one consolidated column in the governmental fund statements.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – These statements contain two basic types of funds (business-type or enterprise funds and internal service funds) and are used to report activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. These statements include the Statement of Net Assets, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets, and the Statement of Cash Flows.

Enterprise funds account for activity for services provided to the general public, federal government, and non-state government entities. They normally derive their revenue by charging user fees for their services.

Internal service funds are used to report activity that provides goods and services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds' activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

The State reports nine enterprise funds of which three are reported as "major funds" and are reported in separate columns on the proprietary fund statements. These three are the Unemployment Compensation Fund, the Liquor Control Fund, and the Vermont Lottery Commission. The other six enterprise funds are reported as "non-major funds" and are consolidated into one column on the proprietary funds' statements. They include the:

Industrial Homework Office Fund
Federal Surplus Property Fund
Vermont Life Magazine Fund
Vermont Municipal Equipment Loan Fund
Vermont Adaptive Equipment Loan Fund
Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund

The State presents twenty internal service funds which are reported in one consolidated column entitled "Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds Total" on the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Net Assets; and Statement of Cash Flows. The twenty internal service funds are as follows:

Highway Garage Fund
Offender Work Programs
Communications and Information Technology
Supply Center Fund
Copy Center Fund
Single Audit Revolving Fund
Medical Insurance Fund
Dental Insurance Fund
Life Insurance Fund
Postage Fund

Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund
State Liability Insurance Fund
Risk Management All-Other Insurance Fund
Property Management Fund
Equipment Revolving Fund
State Surplus Revolving Fund
Employee Assistance Plan
Long-term Disability Plan
Facilities Operations Fund
GOVNET Fund

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of state government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the State's own programs. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

The State's fiduciary funds are divided into the following three basic categories: the Pension Trust Funds (six separate retirement plans for employees); the Private Purpose Trust Funds (which report only the Abandoned Property Fund previously reported as an expendable trust fund); and the Agency Funds (which account for the assets held for distribution by the State as an agent for other governmental units, other organizations or individuals). Individual fund detail can be found in the combining financial statements described below.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the component units financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes:

Schedules comparing the original budgets, final budgets, actual inflows, outflows, and balances stated on the budgetary basis, and variances between the final budgeted amounts and actual amounts presented on a budgetary basis for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

A reconciliation between the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balance as presented in the governmental fund financial statements for each major governmental fund is also reported.

## Other Supplementary Information

#### **Combining Financial Statements**

The combining financial statements referred to earlier in connection with fiduciary funds and non-major component units are presented following the required supplementary information. The total columns of these combining financial statements carry to the applicable fund financial statement. These combining statements include the following:

# Statistical Data The data reported in this section includes the following:

A ten-year comparison of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function-General and Special Revenue Funds

A discussion of state indebtedness and procedure for authorization for issuing debt

A ten-year comparison of general obligation bonded debt to assessed taxable property value and general obligation bonded debt per capita

A ten-year comparison of annual debt service expenditures for bonded debt to fund expenditures – General Fund and Transportation Fund

A ten-year comparison of property values and taxes in Vermont

Demographic Statistics

Vermont's largest employers as of March, 2002

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The State's combined net assets (government and business-type activities) totaled \$1.14 billion at the end of 2002, compared to \$1.12 billion at the end of the previous year.

The largest portion of the State's net assets (68.54%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (road, bridges, and other immovable assets), less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the State's net assets (35.74%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net assets.

The business-type activities' positive unrestricted net asset balance may be used to meet the State's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The governmental activities' negative unrestricted net assets balance is mainly the result of the following: debt issued by the State for municipal, non-profit or component unit capital purposes that does not result in a governmental activities' capital asset; and the restricting of net assets for the budget stabilization reserves.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the State is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The following condensed financial statement information is derived from the State's government-wide, June 30, 2002 financial statements. Although the government-wide statements include component unit activity, the component unit activity has not been included here.

•	Governmental	Business-type	T 4.1	
	Activities	Activities	Total	
	(1000's)	(1000's)	(1000's)	
Current Assets	\$502,866	\$332,081	\$834,947	
Non-current Assets:				
Capital Assets	963,983	505	964,488	
Other Assets	<u>247,715</u>	<u>1,873</u>	<u>249,588</u>	
Total Assets	<u>1,714,564</u>	334,459	2,049,023	
Current Liabilities	291,269	15,027	306,296	
Non-current Liabilities	<u>597,642</u>	609	<u>598,251</u>	
Total Liabilities	888,911	<u>15,636</u>	904,547	
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related				
Debt	783,951	505	784,456	
Restricted	94,310	314,711	409,021	
Unrestricted	(52,608)	<u>3,607</u>	(49,001)	
Total Net Assets	\$825,653	\$318,823	<u>\$1.144.476</u>	

# Changes in Net Assets

The State's primary government's total net assets increased by \$20.6 million (1.83%.) Approximately 52% of the primary government's total revenue came from taxes, while 33% resulted from operating and capital grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for programs and general revenues other than taxes provided the remaining 15% of the total revenues. The primary government's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were incurred in the areas of education (35.11%), social services (35.47%), and transportation (8.73%). In 2002, governmental activity expenses exceeded program revenues by almost \$1.59 billion, resulting in the use of approximately \$1.6 billion in general revenues (mostly taxes). On the other hand, business-type activities' expenses (\$190.3 million) exceeded related program revenues (\$184.4 million) by approximately \$5.9 million. The following condensed financial information's source is the "Statement of Activities" for the year ended June 30, 2002 and is for the primary government only.

	Governmental Activities (1000's)	Business-Type Activities (1000's)
	(1000 5)	(1000_5)
Revenues:		•
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$195,759	\$ 184,387
Operating Grants and Contributions	831,069	
Capital Grants and Contributions	144,364	
General Revenues:		
Income Taxes	429,431	
Sales Taxes	217,685	
Statewide Property Tax	424,244	
Meals and Rooms	100,623	
Other Taxes	385,674	
Miscellaneous	<u>37,813</u>	<u>19,965</u>
Total Revenues	2,766,662	204,352
Expenses:		
General Government	87,432	
Protection To Persons and Property	173,209	
Human Services	1,046,569	
Employment and Training	25,972	
General Education	1,035,751	
Natural Resources	71,367	
Commerce and Community Development	36,782	
Transportation	257,520	
Public Service Enterprises	2,002	

Interest on Debt Business-type Activities	23,549	<u>190,282</u>
Total Expenses	2,760,153	190,282
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Before Transfers	6,509	14,070
Transfers	16,930	(16,930)
Change in Net Assets	23,439	(2,860)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year (as restated)	802,214	321,683
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ <u>825,653</u>	\$ <u>318,823</u>

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to account for its ongoing operations and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements imposed by both legislative mandates as well as externally imposed restrictions.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the State's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the State's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$339.7 million. \$233.7 million or 68.8% of this fund balance constitutes an unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending in the coming year. The remainder of this fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed: 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior fiscal year (\$23.5 million), 2) for human caseload management (\$18 million), 3) to be held in permanent trust funds for education, wildlife and prevention of tobacco related health issues (\$7.4 million), 4) for budget stabilization purposes (\$33.6 million), or 5) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$23.5 million).

#### General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$97.9 million which is an \$11.3 million (13.1%) increase compared to the balance at the end of fiscal year 2001. The total fund balance approximated \$149.6 million as of June 30, 2002, which is a decrease of \$23.5 million or 13.6% compared to the balance at June 30, 2001. \$51.7 million of this balance is reserved for various purposes including \$9.44 million in the budget stabilization (rainy day) fund (see Note 20-

Subsequent Events for updated information concerning the stabilization reserve). This leaves approximately \$97.9 million as undesignated and available for appropriation in the future.

This decline in fund balance measurement can be attributed to a decline in tax revenues, especially in personal income tax revenue, and a 14.9% increase in general fund expenditures overall as measured on a GAAP basis.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved and total fund balances to total fund expenditures. The unreserved portion of its fund balance represents approximately 15.6% while its total fund balance represents approximately 23.8% of its total fund expenditures as measured on a GAAP basis.

#### **Education Fund**

The education fund experienced a decrease in the unreserved portion of its fund balance amounting to \$11.4 million as well as a decline in its total fund balance of \$18.1 million. Its revenues were up \$24 million but its expenditures increased by \$67.4 million resulting in a net decrease of resources available of approximately \$43.4 million.

#### Special Fund

The special fund changed substantially from fiscal year 2001 to 2002 due primarily to the reclassification of previously designated expendable trust funds to special funds. The total fund balance increased from \$44.9 million to a restated \$69.1 million at June 30, 2001 due to the GASB Statement #34 required reclassification being instituted. See Note 10 for additional information regarding these reclassifications.

#### Federal Revenue Fund

The activity in this fund reports all federal activity transacted in the State except for federal activity associated with transportation activity and fish and wildlife activity. Federal activity for these two areas is reported in those two funds. For fiscal year 2002, federal revenue was up \$102.4 million while associated federal expenditures were only up \$94.6 million. This differential accounted for approximately half of the increase in the overall increase in the total fund balance of \$16.1 million.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The State's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities section in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. These funds consist of 9 enterprise funds and 20 internal service funds. The Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund's total net assets (\$314.2 million) accounts for approximately 92.9% of the enterprise funds total net assets. The internal service funds' net assets total approximately \$19.7 million.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Differences between the original budget and the final budget were relatively minor (\$23.8 million increase in appropriations) and can be briefly summarized as follows:

1. Protection to Persons and Property received \$8.6 million in supplemental appropriations for increased expenses in providing police protection.

- 2. General Education received \$5.7 million in supplemental appropriations for increased expenses.
- 3. Commerce and Community Development received \$7.2 million in supplemental appropriations to focus on creating additional job opportunities in the State.

These increases in appropriations were funded by decreasing appropriated amounts in almost all of the other functions of State government. As budgetary revenue estimates were less than actual budgetary revenue amounts received, these supplemental appropriations were primarily funded from available fund balances. During the year, actual budgetary-based revenues received were less than original and final budgetary estimates by approximately \$69.1 million and \$28.6 million respectively, with most of this shortfall being realized in the area of tax revenue. Expenditures were less than original and final budgetary estimates by approximately \$17.5 million and \$41.3 million respectively. However, in both the original and final scenarios, existing fund balance was budgeted to fund appropriations.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The State's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2002, amounts to approximately \$1.89 billion, net of accumulated depreciation of \$926 million, leaving a net book value of approximately \$964 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the State, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items.

The total increase in expenditures in the State's investment in capital assets for fiscal year 2002 over 2001 was about \$121.3 million. Much of this amount was used to construct or reconstruct roads and bridges. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$52.3 million. Additional information on the State's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

#### **Debt Administration**

The State has no constitutional or other limit on its power to issue obligations or to incur debt besides borrowing only for public purposes. In 1990 the General Assembly created the Capital Debt Affordability Advisory Committee and made it responsible for overseeing the long-term capital planning for the State. The authorization and issuance of State debt including all the terms and other related terms are statutory. Bonds authorized for a given fiscal year may, at the discretion of the State Treasurer with the approval of the Governor, be issued in the fiscal year, or in the months of May and June preceding such fiscal year, or in subsequent fiscal years. Bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the State, including the State's power to levy additional taxes to ensure repayment of the debt.

The State of Vermont's total debt increased by a little over \$6 million during the current fiscal year. The State issued \$51 million worth of general obligation bonds and accreted \$3.6 million of capital appreciation bonds while paying approximately \$48.5 million in principal payments

during the fiscal year. Additional information on the State's long-term indebtedness can be found in Note 8 of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

The State's bond ratings as of October 2003 are as follows: Moody's – Aa1; S&P – AA+; and Fitch – AA+.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

The economic conditions described here represent conditions as they existed during and at the end of fiscal year 2002. According to the economic forecast and opinions put forth by Economic and Policy Resources, Inc of Williston, Vermont, which utilizes the underlying forecast contained in "The Economic.com National Forecast Assumptions" provided by Economy.com of West Chester, Pa. and which was completed in conjunction with the New England Economic Project (NEEP), the U.S economic recovery appears to be slowing as 2002 progresses because of near term weakness and volatility. Because of this weakness and volatility, consumers and businesses are unlikely to increase spending, a key ingredient in any near term recovery. Transition from recovery to expansion seems unlikely in the near term because of these perceptions.

In contrast to the national recovery's progress, Vermont's broad based recovery has yet to begin. Reduced investment earnings resulting from the recent downturn in the stock market and reduced interest rates have dampened the recovery. There have been significant layoffs by employers in the State. However, on a bright note, even with these layoffs, Vermont's unemployment rate as of June 2002 was 4.3%, which was about the same rate experienced in 2001. Further, this compares favorably to the nation's average unemployment rate of 5.9% and the rest of New England's rate of 4.4%.

Perhaps the most important fact in Vermont's economic recovery is the fact that the national economic recovery is now in place and will begin to affect Vermont in the near future, perhaps in the proximity of the winter of 2003.

It should be noted that Vermont's total economic picture including the economic facts and forecasts presented above are considered by legislative leaders and management in preparing the State's budget for both current and future years.

# REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State of Vermont's finances for all of Vermont's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

State of Vermont
Department of Finance and Management
109 State Street
Pavilion Building
Montpelier, Vermont 05609-0401

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2002

		Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 211,070,570	\$ 311,826,171	\$ 522,896,741	\$ 212,429,185	
Taxes receivable	114,345,639	8,558,941	122,904,580	•	
Loans and notes receivable-current	4,441,339	1,682,967	6,124,306	119,522,444	
Federal grants receivable	120,294,572	580,649	120,875,221	12,301,545	
Other receivables	32,345,927	1,150,067	33,495,994	66,034,191	
Investments	8,527,676	4,431,350	12,959,026	134,129,134	
Inventories	2,496,293	4,543,324	7,039,617	1,972,746	
Internal balances.	838,793		Ω	-	
Receivable from primary government		(===,,==,,	Ď	10,627	
Receivable from component units	7,709,928		7,709,928	70,027	
Other current assets	795,225		941,261	6.983.913	
Total current assets	502,865,962		834,946,674	553,383,785	
Noncurrent assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	_	698,574	698,574	8,550,138	
Taxes receivable	77.873.038	-	77.873.038	0,000,100	
Other receivables.	19,311,947		19,357,954	_	
Notes and loans receivable	125,504,996		126,633,801	1,380,283,033	
Investments	24.782.131		24.782.131	402,391,933	
Other noncurrent assets.	242,540		242,540	43,781,612	
Capital assets:	272,070	-	242,040	40,701,812	
Land	4,183,634	_	4,183,634	13,177,213	
Construction in progress	323,966,636		323,966,636	1,394,558	
Capital assets being depreciated:	020,800,000	•	323,600,030	1,384,550	
Infrastructure	1,270,533,277		1,270,533,277	16,173,670	
Property, plant and equipment					
	290,874,590	· · ·	291,721,187	474,870,481	
Less accumulated depreciation	(925,374,893		(925,916,728)	(250,104,012)	
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	963,983,244		964,488,006	255,311,910	
Total noncurrent assets	1,211,697,896		1,214,076,044	2,090,318,626	
Total assets	1,714,563,858	334,458,860	2,049,022,718	2,643,702,411	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	155,685,113	10,208,508	165,893,621	52,917,322	
Income tax refunds payable	44,902,176		44,902,176	52,817,322	
Payable to primary government	44,802,170	-	44,502,170	7,709,928	
Payable to component units.	10,627	-	10.627	1,700,020	
Accrued interest payable	8,919,557		8.919.557	3,903,070	
Bonds, notes and leases payable	51, <b>35</b> 5,000		51,355,000	129,449,926	
Compensated absences.	16,313,547		16,501,701	129,449,920	
Claims and judgments	8,675,158		12,346,065	•	
Current portion of other long-term liabilities.	0,070,100	3,670,907	12,346,065	4 046 006	
	E 407 000	050 004	•	1,946,686	
Deferred revenue	5,407,232		6,366,913	31,716,350	
Total current liabilities	291,268,410	15,027,250	306,295,660	227,643,282	
Long-term liabilities:		45.4.5.5			
Lottery prize awards payable		484,243	484,243		
Bonds, notes and leases payable	435,110,090		435,110,090	1,659,405,235	
Compensated absences	9,750,536	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9,875,159	-	
Claims and judgments	19,332,778		19,332,778		
Other long-term liabilities	133,448,826		133,448,826	54,920,876	
Total long-term liabilities	597,642,230		598,251,096	1,714,326,111	
Total liabilities	\$ 888,910,640	\$ 15,636,116	\$ 904,546,756	<b>\$</b> 1,941,969,393	

NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 783,951,377	\$ 504,782	\$ 784,458,139	\$ .	159,352,039
Restricted for:					-
Unemployment compensation	-	314,212,191	314,212,191		•
Equipment purchase commitments	· -	20,042	20,042		-
Surplus property		479,005	479,005		-
Higher Education	-	-	0		289,038,291
Funds held in permanent investments:					•
Expendable	1,518,780	-	1,518,780		-
Nonexpendable	7,418,453	-	7,418,453		-
Budget stabilization	33,575,978		33,575,978		-
Capital projects	51,7 <del>9</del> 8,769	-	51,798,769		75,755,871
Unrestricted	(52,608,139)	3,606,744	 (49,001,395)		177,586,817
Total net assets	\$ 825,853,218	\$ 318,822,744	\$ 1,144,475,982	\$	701,733,018

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

## STATE OF VERMONT STATEMEN<sup>1</sup> OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

				Pr	ogram Revenue	B	
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:							
Governmental activites:							
General government	\$	87,431,591	\$ 9,699,360	\$	2,821,291	\$	-
Protection to persons & property		173,208,802	73,459,483		28,057,555		7,326,650
Human services		1,046,568,774	24,892,193		635,626,572		4,871,222
Employment & training		25,972,322	2,830,314		21,045,881		-
General education		1,035,750,817	3,211,121		75,838,839		-
Natural resources		71,367,475	24,057,234		17,625,395		15,468,156
Commerce & community development		36,782,068	678,310		14,150,021		-
Transportation		257,519,692	54,870,144		35,903,602		116,697,632
Public service enterprises		2,001,936	2,061,251		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		23,549,404	-		-		<b>_</b> _
Total governmental activites		2,760,152,881	195,759,410		831,069,156		144,363,660
Business-type activites:							
Vermont Lottery Commission		65,590,029	82,000,455		-		-
Liquor Control		33,311,074	33,118,564		-		-
Unemployment Compensation		88,557,267	66,441,794		-		•
Other		2,823,430	2,825,694				-
Total business-type activities		190,281,800	 184,386,507		0	_	0
Total primary government	\$	2,950,434,681	\$ 380,145,917	\$	831,069,156	\$	144,363,660
Component Units:							
University of Vermont	\$	345,610,000	\$ 178,577,000	\$	163,913,000	\$	10,038,000
Vermont State Colleges		100,250,838	57,995,029		44,798,723		•
Vermont Student Assistance Corporation		99,644,000	60,200,000		37,007,000		-
Other		59,012,629	32,725,161		17,257,067		-
Total component units	\$	604,517,467	\$ 329,497,190	\$	262,975,790	\$	10,038,000

General Revenues:
Taxes:
Personal and corporate income
Sales and use
Meals and rooms
Puchase and use
Motor fuel
Statewide property
Other taxes
Total taxes
Unrestricted investment earnings
Tobacco litigation settlement
Miscellaneous
Transfers
Total general revenues and transfers
Changes in net assets
Net Assets - Beginning
Net Assets - Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Primary Governmen			
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activites	-	Total	Component Units
\$ (74,910,940)	\$ -	\$	(74,910,940)	\$ -
(64,365,114)	-		(64,365,114)	•
(381,178,787)	-		(381,178,787)	-
(2,096,127)	•		(2,096,127)	-
(956,700,857)	-		(956,700,857)	-
(14,216,690)	•		(14,216,690)	•
(21,953,737)	•		(21,953,737)	•
(50,048,314)	•		(50,048,314)	•
59,315	•		59,315	•
 (23,549,404)			(23,549,404)	
 (1,588,960,655)			(1,588,960,655)	
	16,410,426		16,410,426	_
· ·	(192,510)		(192,510)	
_	(22,115,473)		(22,115,473)	_
_	2,264		2,264	_
 0	(5,895,293)		(5,895,293)	0
 (1,588,960,655)	(5,895,293)		(1,594,855,948)	0
 (1,000,000,000)	(0,500,250)		(1,551,555,515)	
•	-		-	6,918,000
•	-		-	2,542,914
-	•		-	(2,437,000)
				(9,030,401)
 0	0		0	(2,006,487)
429,430,661	-		429,430,661	. <del>-</del>
217,685,005	•		217,685,005	•
100,622,918	-		100,622,918	-
79,455,165	-		79,455,165	•
69,223,434	•		69,223,434	•
424,243,836	-		424,243,836	44 000 000
 236,994,926			236,994,926	11,088,000 11,088,000
1,557,655,945 4,529,099	19,964,380		1,557,655,945 24,493,479	5,910,584
31,000,098	19,504,500		31,000,098	3,310,304
2,284,384	295		2,284,679	•
16,929,798	(16,929,798)		a,aU7,U10	-
 1,612,399,324	3,034,877		1,615,434,201	16,998,584
23,438,669	(2,860,416)		20,578,253	14,992,097
802,214,549	321,683,160		1,123,897,709	686,740,921
\$ 825,653,218	\$ 318,822,744	\$	1,144,475,962	\$ 701,733,018

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### GOVERMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATE OF VERMONT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	_	General Fund		Transportation Fund	<u>_1</u>	Education Fund
ASSETS:			-		-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,948,372	\$	15,293,408	\$	19,880,368
investments		-		-		-
Receivables:						
Taxes receivable (net)		172,121,640		6,465,898		9,563,550
Accrued interest receivable		-		<b>.</b>		-
Notes and loans receivable		16,717,660		916,236		-
Other receivables (net)		2,138,404		8,612,758		•
Intergovernmental receivable - federal		•				
government		-		12,343,618		-
Due from other funds		520,121		89,224		1,625,433
Due from component units		1.239.332		1,493,304		•
Interfund receivable		22,349,097		.,,		-
Advances to other funds		523,700		_		-
Advances to component units		1,914,486		-		
Restricted cash.		.,0, .00		2,548,877		_
		<del></del>		2,010,011		
Total assets	\$	251,472,812	<u>\$</u>	47,763,323	\$	31,069,351
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						•
LIADU PERO.						
LIABILITIES:	_	40 400 000		44.070.400		0.500.400
Accounts payable	Þ	12,430,909	\$	14,872,122	\$	9,502,103
Accrued liabilities		7,417,859		3,847,799		-
Retainage payable		591,880		3,757,953		-
Accrued interest payable						
Due to other funds		1,538,083		1,180,639		242,326
Due to component units		-		10,627		
Interfund payable		•		-		•
Tax refunds payable		792,633		, -		-
Deferred revenue		79,107,531	_	7,729,726		4,068,877
Total liabilities	_	101,878,895		31,398,866	_	13,813,306
FUND BALANCE:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		6,334,834		293,639		_
Budget stabilization		9,441,773		9,890,396		14,243,809
Debt service.		68,763		0,000,000		14,240,000
Advances and notes receivable		13,454,375		_		_
General fund surplus		4,347,360				
Appropriation		4,347,300		5,644,836		-
• • •		40 040 640		5,044,030		-
Human caseload management		18,048,618		-		-
Endowments		-		-		-
Unreserved:						
Designated for specific purposes		-				
Undesignated		97,898,194	_	535,586		3,012,236
Total fund balance		149,593,917	_	16,364,457		17,256,045
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	251,472,812	\$	47,763,323	\$	31,069,351

The accompanying notes are an intergral part of the financial statements.

-	Special Fund	! -	Federal Revenue Fund	-	Nonmajor Governmențal Funds	•	Total Governmental Funds
· \$	36,551,408	\$	_	\$	63,259,628	\$	168,933,184
•	25,040,575	•	-	•	8,269,232	•	33,309,807
	3,985,485		•		82,104		192,218,677
	1,000		•		-		1,000
	331,902		111,980,537		-		129,946,335
	20,146,301		9,228,731		788,619		40,914,813
	-		107,673,358		277,596		120,294,572
	6,300,568		257,192		11,855		8,804,393
	-		3,062,806		-		5,795,442
	-		· •		-		22,349,097
	-		-				523,700
	-		•		-		1,9 <b>14,48</b> 6
	3,303,000		-		-		5,851,877
<u>\$</u>	95,660,239	\$	232,202,624	<u>\$</u>	72,689,034	\$	730,857,383
		,					
\$	31,488,359	\$	60,112,404	\$	2,229,844	\$	130,635,741
	1,988,877		4,359,348		370,052		17,983,935
	138,336		•		1,494,969		5,983,138
	150,534						150,534
	147,169		1,087,819		10,951		4,206,987
			•		-		10,627
	-		3,676,265		6,155		3,682,420
	-		-		•		792,633
	15,461,531		121,306,156	·			227,673,821
	49,374,806		190,541,992		4,111,971		391,119,836
	821,362		13,046,730		3,009,969		23,506,534
	- 1002		.0,040,100		-,000,000		33,575,978
	-		_		-		68,763
	_		-		-		13,454,375
	_				<u>.</u>		4,347,360
	-				-		5,644,836
	_		-		-		18,048,618
	-		-		7,416,453		7,416,453
	, <del>-</del>				51,798,769		51,798,769
	45,464,071	***************************************	28,613,902		6,351,872		181,875,861
	46,285,433		41,660,632	_	68,577,063	\$	339,737,547
5	95,660,239	\$	232,202,624	\$	72,689,034	\$	730,857,383

#### Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities June 30, 2002

Total fund balances from previous page		\$ 339,737,547
Capital assets used in governmental activities (net of internal service funds' capital assets) are not considered financial resources for fund perspective reporting and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	4,157,478	
Construction in progress	323,938,097	
Depreciable capital assets and infrastructure,		
net of \$900,792,154 of accumulated depreciation	613,439,730	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		941,535,305
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities,		
such as insurance and telecommunications, to certain funds. The assets and		
liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in		
the statement of net assets		19,544,659
Amount presented in the statement of net assets relating to, but not in fund balances due to different basis of accounting include:		
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore		
are reported as deferred revenues in the governmental funds		222,439,039
Deferred charge for unamortized bond issuance costs		242,540
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not considered financial liabilities for fund perspective reporting, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities include:		
Bonded debt	(486,465,090)	
Accrued interest payable on bonds	(8,769,023)	
Compensated absences (net of internal service funds' liability)	(25,053,390)	
Tax refunds payable	(44,109,543)	
Other long-term liabilities	(133,448,826)	
Long-term liabilities		 (697,845,872)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 825,653,218

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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## STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	General Fund	Transportation Fund	Education Fund
REVENUES:			
Taxes:	£ 442.452.430	•	\$ -
Personal income tax	\$ 443,453,138	\$ -	•
Corporate income tax	26,503,865	• ,	6,216,892
Sales and use tax	215,503,133	-	40.404.004
Meals and rooms	80,963,579		18,161,994
Motor fuel tax	-	52,576,402	10,568,055
Purchase and use tax	•	65,991,808	13,518,316
Statewide property tax	-	-	424,198,212
Other taxes	90,646,412	18,584,187	44,391,871
Earnings of departments:	0 274 204	1 066 910	2 542 500
Fees	8,374,304	1,966,819	2,542,500
Rents and leases	11,374	825,851	-
Sales of service	1,483,324	95,319	•
Federal grants	-	152,601,234	•
Fines, forfeits and penalties	2,114,612	9,449,327	
Investment income	2,949,284	90,759	171,844
Licenses:			
Business	2,559,090	404,546	-
Non-business	121,254	48,597,970	-
Special assessments	57,216	-	-
Other revenues	1,034,857	3,117,850	-
Total revenues	875,775,442	354,302,072	519,769,684
EXPENDITURES:			
General government	46,652,276	11,499,244	_
Protection to persons and property	55,572,530	31,295,161	
Human services	310,434,496	2,032,660	
		2,032,000	-
Employment & training	1,376,062	4 690 504	040 220 000
General education	118,167,849	4,689,594	818,329,889
Natural resources	16,868,210	1,289,343	-
Commerce and community development	15,127,450	244 050 024	-
Transportation	-	311,050,934	-
Public service enterprises		0.040.054	=
Debt service	63,899,370	2,910,054	
Total expenditures	628,098,243	364,766,990	818,329,889
Excess of revenues over	•		
(under) expenditures	247,677,199	(10,464,918)	(298,560,205)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from the sale of bonds	-	-	-
Premium on sale of bonds		-	_
Transfers in	20,380,670	15,592,657	280,438,797
Transfers (out)	(291,521,686)	(3,864,212)	200,400,101
Total other financing sources (uses)	(271,141,016)	11,728,445	280,438,797
. out office missionly sources (4355)	(27 1, 171,010)	11,720,770	200,400,101
Excess of revenues and other sources			
over (under) expenditures and other (uses)	(23,463,817)	1,263,527	(18,121,408)
Fund balance, July 1 (as restated)	173,057,734	15,100,930	35,377,453
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 149,593,917	\$ 16,364,457	\$ 17,256,045

The accompanying notes are an intergral part of the financial statements.

Special Fund	Federal Revenue Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$	443,453,138
- -	· -	•		Ψ	32,720,757
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		215,503,133
_	-		-		99,125,573
5,092,542	•		986,434		69,223,433
•	-		•		79,510,124
-	•		-		424,198,212
82,733,035	-		635,881		236,991,386
23,612,018	-		213,133		36,708,774
804,931	-		85,2 <del>49</del>		1,727,405
12,307,645	-		-		13,886,288
	807,720,150		3,820,479		964,141,863
2,632,894	-		12,748		14,209,581
2,680,585	380,417		610,694		6,883,583
5,503,071	-		1,750		8,468,457
2,035,189	-		6,903,762		57,658,175
21,554,901	•		16,897		21,629,014
71,442,196	2,650,629		281,345		78,526,877
230,399,007	810,751,196	_	13,568,372	_	2,804,565,773
10,349,204	2,893,860		10,528,350		81,922,934
54,221,452	33,349,146		1,538,105		175,976,394
141,670,231	610,158,601		1,584,269		1,065,880,257
1,381,857	23,527,109		-		26,285,028
4,806,868	74,685,151		14,891,278		1,035,570,629
23,477,430	32,248,141		16,172,991		90,056,115
4,803,815 59,170	14,163,296		2,804,818		36,899,379
58,179 2,001,936	<del>-</del>		24,311		311,133,424
2,405,223	-		-		2,001,936 69,214,647
	·				
245,176,195	791,025,304		47,544,122	_	2,894,940,743
(14,777,188)	19,725,892		(33,975,750)	-	(90,374,970)
- 123,348	-		51,000,000		51,000,000 123,348
8,191,177	7,753,440		15,257,833		347,614,574
(16,362,037)	(11,394,166)		(3,060,816)		(326,202,917)
(8,047,512)	(3,640,726)		63,197,017	_	72,535,005
(22,824,700)	16,085,166		29,221,267		(17,839,965)
69,110,133	25,575,466		39,355,796		357,577,512
\$ 46,285,433	\$ 41,660,632	<u>\$</u>	68,577,063	\$	339,737,547

# Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Total net change in fund balances from the previous page	\$	(17,839,965)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period (net of internal service funds).	•	
Capital outlay/functional expenditures  Depreciation expense and expensed net book value of disposed capital assets		114,096,618 (48,420,835)
Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of		40 505 000
net assets		48,535,000
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Bonds issued		(51,000,000)
Bond premium is amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities		(115,423)
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds,		
but this cost is amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities		242,540
		•
Revenue and expense reimbursements in the statement of activities that do not		0.000.400
provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds		8,023,193
Personal income tax revenues in the statement of activities are reported		
net of estimated refunds		(44,109,543)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources and, thererfore, are not reported as:		
expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Net decrease in accrued interest payable		422,421
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds		(3,556,732)
Increase in compensated absences.		(415,563)
Increase in employer pension related costs		(903,174)
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		(305,863)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications to individual funds.		
The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities		1,933,667
governmental activities		1,933,007
Notes and loans issued by governmental funds are reported as an expenditure		
in governmental funds and repayments are reported as a revenue in the		•
governmental funds, but the issuances and repayment increase or decrease		
notes and loans receivable in the statement of net assets		16,852,328
Total changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on	_	
the statement of activities	\$ ,	23,438,669

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



### PROPRIETARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

					В	usiness-type
ASSETS		Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund	_	Liquor Control Fund	<u>.</u>	Vermont Lottery Commission
Current Assets:	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	308,429,651	\$	2,324,782	\$	364,761
Investments		•		-		4,431,350
Receivables:						
Taxes receivable		8,558,941		-		-
Accrued interest receivable		•		-		-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		115,675		155,870		573,265
Loans receivable		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		214,660
Intergovernmental receivable - federal		580,649		-		-
Inventories, at cost		-		3,518,500		458,023
Prepaid expenses		-				-
Total current assets		317,684,916	_	5,999,152	_	6,042,059
Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:						
Cash-subscription reserve fund		-		-		_
Loans receivable		-		-		-
Accounts receivable - subscriptions		-				-
Imprest cash and change fund - advances				5,700		_
Total restricted & noncurrent assets	•	0	-	5,700	-	0
	•	<u> </u>	-	0,100	-	
Capital Assets:		_				_
Machinery, equipment and buildings		-		704 005		275 720
Less accumulated depreciation		-		704,985		275,739
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	•	<u>-</u>	-	(326,347) 378,638	-	(149,615) 126,124
Total assets		317,684,916	_	6,383,490	_	6,168,183
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		3,432,868		5,603,836		724,047
Accrued salaries and benefits		3,432,000		290,933		110,344
Claims payable		_		200,000		3,670,907
Due to agents		_		180,728		0,010,001
Due to other funds.		39,857		245,661		42,243
Interfund payable		39,037		245,001		72,243
Future and unclaimed prizes payable		_		_		484,243
Deferred revenue		_		_		238,868
Total current liabilities		3,472,725	-	6,321,158	-	5,270,652
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:			_			
Unexpired subscriptions						
		-		5 700		500,000
Cash advances by state treasurer  Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		0		5,700 <b>5,700</b>	-	500,000
					-	
Total liabilities		3,472,725	_	6,326,858	-	5,770,652
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		-		378,638		126,124
Restricted for unemployment compensation benefits		314,212,191		-		-
Restricted for equipment purchase commitments		-		-		20,042
Restricted for surplus property		-		-		-
Unrestricted				(322,006)		251,365
Total net assets	\$	314,212,191	\$_	56,632	\$ _	397,531

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ACTIVIT	ies - Enterprise Funds	<u> </u>	***************************************		Governmental Activities
	otal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	_	Total Enterprise Funds	-	Total Internal Service Funds
\$	706,977	\$	311,826,171	\$	36,270,40
	-	•	4,431,350	•	00,210,40
	_		8,558,941		
	12,456		12,456		
	292,801		1,137,611		11,815,76
	1,682,967		1,682,967		70.40
	39,857		254,517 580,649		79,49
	566,801		4,543,324		2,496,29
	146,036		146,036	_	795,22
	3,447,895	_	333,174,022		51,457 <u>,</u> 18
	689,974		689,974		
	1,128,805		1,128,805		
	46,007		46,007		4= 4=
	2,900 1,867,686		8,600 1,873,386	-	15,10 15,10
	1,007,000	_	1,010,000	-	10,10
	- es 072		4 040 507		26,15
	65,873 (65,873)		1,046,597 (541,835)		47,004,52 (24,582,73
	0	_	504,762		22,447,93
	5,315,581	_	335,552,170	_	73,920,22
					•
	110,963		9,871,714		5,717,87
	67,566		468,843 3,670,907		1,681,69 28,007,93
			180,728		20,007,50
	-		327,761		886,59
	373,648		373,648		17,777,21
			484,243		
	30,839 583,016	_	269,707 15,647,551	_	172,45
	303,016	_	(3,047,33)	-	54,243,76
	689,974	•	689,974		
	2,900 692,874	_	508,600 1,198,574	_	15,10 <b>15,10</b>
<del></del>	1,275,890		16,846,125	_	54,258,86
			504,762		22,447,93
	-		314,212,191		, , , o o
	-		20,042		
	479,005		479,005		17,31
. —	3,560,686	. –	3,490,045		(2,803,89
·	4,039,691	•	318,706,045	,	19,661,35
nal servic	lect the consolidation e activities related to				
		··	116,699		
ets - Busi	ness-type Activities	⊅ _	318,822,744		

### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	_					Business-type
		Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund	_	Liquor Control Fund	_	Vermont Lottery Commission
Operating Revenues		00 400 440		04 070 750	٠	
Charges for sales and services	\$	39,493,412	\$	31,979,758	\$	-
Ticket sales		•		-		81,982,303
Rental income		•				
License fees		-		168,419		18,152
Advertising revenue						-
Other operating revenues	_	26,948,382	_	970,387	_	
Total operating revenues	-	66,441,794	_	33,118,564	-	82,000,455
Operating Expenses						
Cost of sales and services		84,759,310		26,258,363		-
Cash and free ticket prizes		-		-		52,323,450
Agents commissions and fees		-		-		4,733,543
Megabucks expenses		. •				4,441,376
Lottery tickets		-		_		1,339,694
Salaries and wages		-		120,549		1,038,583
Insurance premium expense		_		-		-
Transportation		•		-		133,945
Warehouse expense		-		824,488		
Depreciation		-		120,218		66,640
Rentals		-		-		50,675
Utilities		-		-		-
Stores and agencies expense		-		3,517,336		-
Promotions and advertising		•		-		<b>-</b> .
Administration		-		1,296,804		811,587
Inspection and enforcement expense		-		1,221,038		•
Supplies		-		-		27,036
Distribution and postage		-		-		-
Travel		-		-		-
Loss on Bad debts		-		-		17,577
Other operating expenses	_	3,797,957	_	11,838	-	648,999
Total operating expenses	-	88,557,267	_	33,370,634	_	65,633,105
Operating income (loss)	_	(22,115,473)	_	(252,070)	_	16,367,350
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)						
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets		-		295		-
Other		-		_		-
interest expense		•		-		-
Investment income		19,638,238				311,804
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	19,638,238	_	295	_	311,804
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers		(2,477,235)		(251,775)		16,679,154
Capital contributions from other funds		-		-		-
Transfer in		323,601		-		
Transfer (out)	-	(353,615)		(250,644)	_	(16,679,154)
Changes in net assets		(2,507,249)		(502,419)		O
Total net assets July 1, restated		316,719,440		559,051		397,531
Total net assets June 30	\$	314,212,191	\$	56,632	\$	397,531
•		-	_		=	عي سادات دي پريسي اد

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Activities - Enterprise Fur	ds			Governmental
Total		_	_	Activities
Nonmajor		Total		Total
Enterprise		Enterprise		Internal Service
Funds	-	Funds	_	Funds
\$ 1,866,147	\$	73,339,317 81,982,303	\$	126,934,055
<u>-</u>		01,502,505		9,820,870
<u>.</u>		186,571		3,020,070
567,137		567,137		
392,410		28,311,179		39,713
2,825,694	-	184,386,507	-	136,794,638
				,
889,983		111,907,656		75,816,061
, <del>•</del>		52,323,450		-
•		4,733,543		-
• •		4,441,376		-
-		1,339,694		-
888,324		2,047,456		16,486,570
· •		0		14,822,834
32,283		166,228		20,416
•		824,488		-
*		186,858		3,866,469
3,345		54,020		1,219,693
448		448		249,760
440.544		3,517,336		-
419,514 185,540		419,514 2,293,940		7 264 005
185,549		1,221,038		7,364,985
17,925		44,961		1,492,510
262,513		262,513		61,269
5,413		5,413		01,200
30,000		47,577		(146)
102,196		4,560,990		9,720,303
2,837,493	-	190,398,499	-	131,120,724
(11,799)	-	(6,011,992)	_	5,673,914
•		295		(129,947)
•		0		(1,942,670)
•		0		(18,253)
14,338	_	19,964,380	_	413,465
14,338		19,964,675	-	(1,677,405)
2,539		13,952,683		3,996,509
-		0		121,385
353,615		677,216		2,001,597
(323,601)		(17,607,014)	-	(4,069,125)
32,553		(2,977,115)		2,050,366
4,007,138	_	321,683,160	_	17,610,992
\$4,039,691	\$.	318,706,045	\$.	19,661,358
Total change in net assets reported above Consolidation adjustment of internal service		(2,977,115)		
activities related to Enterprise Funds Change in Net Assets - Business-type Activities	\$ ]	116,699 (2,860,416)		

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	•	Type Activities	
	Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund	Liquor Control Fund	Vermont Lottery Commission
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 49,803,057	\$ 43,220,060	\$ 82,217,834
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	•	(28,631,719)	-
Loans received (made)	•	-	-
Cash paid to employees for services	-	(2,739,559)	•
Cash paid for prizes and commissions	-	-	(57,087,943)
Cash paid to claimants	(87,335,716)	-	•
Liquor taxes and licenses paid	•	(11,100,254)	·
Cash paid for fees, operations and other	•	-	(8,771,900)
Other operating revenues (expenses)	18,682,876	958,548	18,152
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(20,849,783)	1,707,076	16,376,143
Cash Flows from Noncapital			
Financing Activities:			
Operating/equity transfers in (out)	-	(250,644)	(16,893,814) -
interfund loans and advances			200,000
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	0	(250,644)	(16,693,814)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related			
Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	-	(116,333)	(40,677)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(116,038)	(40,677)
Cash Flows From investing Activities:			
Interest and dividends on investments	19,638,238	÷.	98,332
Proceeds from sales/maturities of investments	<del>_</del>		434,000
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	19,638,238	0	532,332
Net increase (decrease) in cash and			
cash equivalents	(1,211,545)	1,340,394	173,984
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1,	309,841,196	990,088	190,777
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30 ( see note below)	\$ 308,429,651	\$ 2,330,482	\$ 384,761
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net			
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (22,115,473)	\$ (252,070)	\$16,367,350
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	•	120,218	68,640
Expense from non-operating investment and other activity	(30,014)	•	=
(Increase) decrease in accounts/taxes receivable	898,073	(28,372)	184,409
(Increase) decrease in loans receivable	•	-	•
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	•	•	•
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	•	225,963	105,052
(Increase) decrease in inventory	•	223,803	100,002
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(588,491)	-	•
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(300,481)	1,928,216	(263,345)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	-	3,825	917
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	1,221,551	-,	(433,642)
increase (decrease) in due to agents	-	2,069	· · · · · · · ·
Increase (decrease) in future and unclaimed prizes payable	-	•	297,840
Increase (decrease) in deferred income	-	•	51,122
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	6,817	(365,103)	-
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(242,248)	72,330	
Increase (decrease) in subscription reserves			
Total adjustments	1,265,690 \$ (20,849,783)	\$ 1,859,146 \$ 1,707,078	8,793 \$ 16,376,143

NOTE: Total cash/cash equivalents at June 30 on the cash flow statement is equal to cash/cash equivalents, cash-subscription reserve fund, The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

- Enterp	orise Funds				Governmental
	Total Nonmajor		Total		Activities
	Enterprise		Enterprise		Total Internal
_	Funds		Funds		Service Funds
\$	3,580,453	\$	178,801,404	s	133,505,588
	(3,743,293)	•	(32,375,012)	•	(55,115,232)
	44,505		44,505		(55,115,252)
	(884,857)		(3,624,416)		(47 522 204)
	(004,001)				(17,523,294)
	•		(57,087,943)		
	•		(87,335,718)		(48,922,532)
	-		(11,100,254)		•
	·		(8,771,900)		•
-	300,722		17,980,298		(223,973)
-	(722,470)		(3,489,034)		13,720,557
	8,736		(17,135,722)		(1,970,250)
	•		0		(1,942,670)
-			200,000		9,127,529
	8,736		(16,935,722)		5,214,609
_		•		•	<u> </u>
			/4E7.040\		/A 300 400\
	•		(157,010)		(6,790,430)
_	<del></del>		295		10,256
_	0		(156,715)		(6,780,174)
	14,338		19,750,908		428,838
-	<u>.</u>		434,000	•	
	14,338	•	20,184,908		428,838
	(699,396)		(396,583)		12,583,830
-	2,096,247	•	312,921,308		23,886,579
\$ <u>_</u>	1,399,851	\$ ,	312,524,745	\$,	38,270,409
\$_	(11,799)	\$.	(6,011,992)	\$.	5,673,914
	•		186,858		3,886,469
	185,304		165,290		-
	(123,679)		930,431		(3,211,898)
	(737,131)		(737,131)		•
	5,739		5,739		
	-		0		356
	(136,425)		194,590		(53,532)
	96,817		96,817		(452,068)
			(588,491)		
	51,403		1,716,274		3,717,538
	2,886		7,628		845,931
			787,909		2,498,352
	_		2,069		_,,,
			297,640		-
	(46,450)		4,672		66,190
	(6,817)		(385,103)		769,305
	(0,011)				100,000
	10 0461		(189,916)		•
-	(2,318)		(2,318)	-	B 046 945
<u>.</u> –	(710,871)	٠ ۾	2,522,958	٠.	8,046,643
• -	(722,470)	٠,	(3,489,034)	٠,	13,720,557

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### FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

		Domain		Private Purpose Trust Funds		
		Pension Trust Funds		Abandoned Property Fund		Agency Funds
ASSETS	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,637,233 <b>2,2</b> 13,391,983	\$	1,843,884 -	\$	16,283,801
Taxes		-		-		737,248
Contributions		4,446,076		-		-
Investment principal and interest		14,055,117		-		-
Other		122,864,295		-		568,861
Due from other funds		771,649				192,459
Prepaid expenses	_	1,283,850				-
Total assets	_	2,410,450,203		1,843,884	_	17,782,369
LIABILITIES						•
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		2,845,878		17,626		-
Accrued liabilities		39,859		3,440		-
Claims payable		-		1,366,790		-
Due to other funds		-		5,990		4,675,182
Interfund loans payable				•		515,815
Due to depositories		-		•		230,398
Intergovernmental payable - other governments		-		•		1,290,579
Amounts held in custody for others Other liabilities		140,531,576		•		8,814,699 2,255,696
	-	<del> </del>	•		_	
Total liabilities	-	143,417,313		1,393,846	\$	17,782,369
NET ASSETS						
Reserved for endowments, claims						
and distributions				450,038		
Reserved for pension benefits	_	2,267,032,890				
Total net assets	\$_	2,267,032,890	\$	450,038		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Private

			Private Purpose Trust Funds
		Pension Trust Funds	Abandoned Property Fund
ADDITIONS	•		
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	50,961,099	\$ . •
Plan member		35,152,814	-
Other contributions	_	16,277	•
Total contributions		86,130,190	0
investment Income:			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in	•		
fair value of investments		(177,184,738)	-
Dividends		23,565,734	-
Interest income		49,999,616	88,802
Securities lending income		4,870,423	-
Other income		1,073,282	-
Less Investment Expenses:		•	
Investment managers and consultants		(9,564,618)	-
Securities lending expenses	_	(4,085,386)	•
Net investment income (loss)	-	(111,325,687)	88,802
Escheat property remittances	-	0	2,314,127
Total additions		(25,195,497)	2,402,929
DEDUCTIONS			
Retirement allowances		97,832,847	-
Refunds of contributions		1,990,512	-
Death claims		441,024	· •
Operating expenses		15,536,040	341,120
Transfers out		· · ·	2,414,331
Total deductions	-	115,800,423	2,755,451
Net increase (decrease)		(140,995,920)	(352,522)
Net assets held in trust for others  Beginning of fiscal year		2,408,028,810	802,560
Net assets held in trust for others end of fiscal year	\$	2,267,032,890	\$ 450,038

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### COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2002

	Vermont Student Assistance Corporation	I	University of Vermont and State Agricultural College		Vermont State Colleges		Total Nonmajor Component		Total Component
ASSETS	08/30/02		06/36/02	_	08/30/02	_	Units	_	Units
Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 143,541,0		• 00,800,900	\$	3,864,139	\$	29,044,046	\$	212,429,185
Investments	23,987,0	000	66,839,000		4,920,444		38,382,590		134,129,134
Accounts receivable		•	22,722,000		6,940,200		223,752		29,885,952
Accrued interest receivable - loans	24,895,0		•		•		6,669,030		31,584,030
Accrued interest receivable - investments	203,0				•		356,558		559,558
Loans and notes receivable - current portion	81,141,0		3,272,000		-		35,109,444		119,522,444
Other receivables	560,0 336,0		3,423,000		•		. 41,851 11,985,545		4,024,651
Due from primary government	330,0	NOU .	-		-		11,965,545		12,301,545
Inventories (at cost)			1,763,000		93,758		115,988		10,627 1,972,746
Prepaid expenses			4,799,000		50,700		306,171		5,105,171
Other current assets	1,226.0	000	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		558,173		94,589		1,878,742
Total current assets.	275,880,0		138,798,000	_	16,376,714	_	122,320,071	_	563,383,785
						-		-	
Restricted and Non-Current Assets:							·		
Cash		•	5,894,000		451,321		2,204,817		8,550,138
Investments			321,528,000		20,665,437		50,198,496		402,391,933
Deferred bond issue costs	5,206,0 906,967,0		31,933,000		5,278,243		5,128,574 437,106,790		10,334,574
Other passets	22,696,0		10,701,000		5,215,243		80,038		1,380,283,033
Total restricted and noncurrent assets	933,830,0		370,056,000		26,393,001	-	804,718,715	_	33,447,038 1,835,006,716
( Oto) resultant and instruction and assertant and an arrangement			370,000,000	_	20,000,001	-	000,110,110	-	1,000,000,710
Capital Assets:									
Land		-	10,243,000		2,764,367		169,846		13,177,213
Construction in process		-			1,382,401		12,157		1,394,558
Building and leasehold improvements	1,215,0		277,925,000		87,186,820		13,410,790		379,737,410
Equipment, furniture and flutures	9,064,0	00	78,230,000		4,064,631		3,574,440		94,933,071
Infrastructure		•	•		16,173,670		-		16,173,870
Accumulated depreciation	(7,489,0		(167,406,000)		(65,400,242)	_	(9,808,770)	_	(250,104,012)
Total capital assets, net of depractation	2,789,6 1,212,518,0		196,992,000 707,846,000	_	48,171,447 88,941,162	_	7,358,463	_	256,311,910
COLD STATES	1,212,010,0		787,846,000	_	80,891,192	-	434,381,248	-	2,843,702,411
LIABILITIES									
Current Llabilities:									
	2,799.0	•	44 700 000		E 44E 700		080 476		20 0 40 027
Accounts payable	2,789,0		11,739,000 19,221,000		5,145,762		658,475 921,378		20,342,237 20,142,378
Accrued interest payable.		-	18,221,000				1,043,657		1,043,657
Bond interest payable	1,104.0	00	_		_		1,755,413		2,859,413
Deferred revenue	1,104.0		28,374,000		3,074,950		267,400		31,716,350
Due to other governments	328.0	100	20,074,000		0,074,000		207,400		328,000
Accrued arbitrage rebate	1,074,0				-		657,686		1,631,686
Current portion - bonds, notes and leases payable,	54,300,0		2,306,000		1,060,000		71,783,926		129,449,926
Due to primary government		-			•		5,795,442		5,795,442
Escrowed cash deposits		-	-		-		137,150		137,150
Other current liabilities	2,295,0	00	315,000				9,672,557		12,282,557
Total current liabilities	61,900,0	00	81,955,000		9,280,712		92,593,084		225,728,796
Restricted and Non-Cument Liabilities:								_	
	1,043,052,0		182,198,000		19.697.427		414,457,808		4 850 405 005
Bonds, notes and leases payable	1,043,032,0		162,190,000		215,937		414,437,000		1,659,405,235 215,937
Accrued arbitrage rebate	13,425,0	- m	-		213,831		804.506		14,029,506
Other liabilities	22,656,0		13,469,000		4,429,603		110,630		40,675,433
Advances from primary government					-		1,914,486		1,914,486
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	1,079,143,0	00	195,667,000		24,342,967	-	417,087,630	_	1,718,240,597
Total liabilities	1,141,043,0		257,622,000	_	33,623,679	_	509,680,714	_	1,941,969,393
				_		_		_	
NET ASSETS									
invested in purities makes forth of related dates.	2,790.0		121.412.000		27,899,771		7,250,268		150 050 000
invested in capital assets, (net of related debt)			,, .				,		159,352,039
Restricted	41,707,0 26,978,0		238,624,000		10,707,291		75,755,871 30,000		364,794,162 27,008,000
Unrestricted - designated	£0,970,U		62,188,000		18,710,421		41,680,395		150,578,817
Total net assets.	\$ 71,475,5	00 1	450,224,000	•	55,317,483	s <sup></sup>	124,716,535	s-	701,733,018
				<b>-</b>		· -		· ·	,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

			Program Revenues								
Function/Program		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Vermont Student Assistance Corporation	\$	99,644,000	\$	60,200,000	\$	37,007,000	\$	<b>0</b>	\$	(2,437,000)	
University of Vermont		345,610,000		178,577,000		163,913,000		10,038,000		6,918,000	
Vermont State Colleges		100,250,838		57,995,029		44,798,723		0		2,542,914	
Total nonmajor component units	-	59,012,629		32,725,161		17,257,067		0	_	(9,030,401)	
Total component units	\$.	604,517,467	\$,	329,497,190	. \$	262,975,790	\$	10,038,000		(2,006,487)	
					Ger	eral Revenues:					
				Property transfer tax						11,088,000 5,910,584 16,998,584	
									-		
						Changes in net a assets - beginnin			_	14,992,097 686,740,921	
					Net	assets - ending			\$_	701,733,018	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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#### State of Vermont Notes To The Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	INDEX	Page No.
Note 1	Reporting Entity	62
Note 2	Cash, Cash Equivalents, Investments	73
Note 3	Not Utilized	-
Note 4	Capital Assets	76
Note 5	Retirement Plans	78
Note 6	Restricted Net Assets- Discretely Presented Component Units	83
Note 7	Lease Commitments	83
Note 8	General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable	84
Note 9	Prior Years' Bond Refundings	.85
Note 10	Accounting Method Changes and Fund Equity Restatements	87
Note 11	Segment Information for Enterprise Funds	88
Note 12	Contingent and Limited Liabilities	89
Note 13	Litigation	90
Note 14	Budget Stabilization Reserves	90
Note 15	Joint Venture	90
Note 16	Risk Management	91
Note 17	Deficit Fund Balances	94
Note 18	Interfund Balances	96
Note 19	Changes in Long-Term Liabilities	99
Note 20	Subsequent Events	100

### STATE OF VERMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Vermont have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Newly implemented in these statements are the requirements of GASB Statements Nos. 34, 35, 37, and 38 and GASB Interpretation No. 6. The Implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For Local and State Governments, and GASB Statement No. 35 – Basic Financial Statements – Management Discussion – For Public Colleges and Universities – establish new reporting requirements for state and local governments and public colleges and universities throughout the United States. They require new information and restructure much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Comparability with reports issued in prior years is affected. Statement No. 37 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments amend or clarify several areas as found in GASB Statements Nos. 14 and 34. Statement No. 38 – Certain Financial Note Disclosures modifies certain current disclosures and adds additional disclosure requirements. GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of existing standards for distinguishing the respective portions of certain types of liabilities that should be reported as (a) governmental fund liabilities and expenditures and (b) general long-term liabilities of the government.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the State and the various funds and fund types, the results of operations of the State and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the various proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of and for the period ending June 30, 2002.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements include the various agencies, boards, commissions, public trusts, and authorities of the State as well as legally separate entities over which the State's executive, legislative, and judicial branches exercise oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility as defined by GASB includes the following considerations:

Financial interdependency Selection of governing authority Designation of management Ability to significantly influence operations Accountability for fiscal matters

In addition, the following criteria were considered during the evaluation of the legally separate entities for inclusion in the CAFR as Component Units:

The scope of public services as to whether its activity benefits the State or its citizens, and whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of Vermont and is generally available to Vermont residents.

The existence of any special relationships regardless of whether the government exercises oversight responsibility that would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete if the entity's financial activity were to be omitted.

Entities that may meet only one of the above criteria for inclusion in this report have not been included.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government and component units of the State of Vermont.

#### COMPONENT UNITS

Component Units are entities which are legally separate from the State, but which are either financially accountable to the State, or whose relationships with the State are such that exclusion would cause the

State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Their activity may be "blended" into the activity of the primary government or may be reported separately. If they are reported separately, they are called "discretely presented component units." Vermont does not report any blended component units in this CAFR but does report discretely presented component units that may report blended component units in their financial statements (See the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank). Component Units designation as either "major" or "non-major" has been determined by applying the criteria of GASB Statement No. 34. See Section C – Fund Financial Statements – for definitions of major and non-major funds. Additional information as well as separately issued financial reports may be obtained by contacting the individual entity desired at the address given in the following text.

The Component Units columns of the government-wide financial statements report the financial results of the following entities:

#### Major Component Units

Vermont Student Assistance Corporation (VSAC) – VSAC was established by the general assembly to provide opportunities for persons who are residents of Vermont to attend colleges or other institutions of higher education by awarding grants and by making, financing, servicing, and guaranteeing loans to qualifying students. For further information, contact their administrative offices at the Champlain Mill, P.O. Box 2000, Winooski, Vermont 05404-2601

University Of Vermont (UVM) - The University of Vermont's financial report includes both the university and the State Agricultural College. The requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 34, 35, 37, and 38 have been implemented in its FY2002 financial statements, which have been issued under separate cover. Additional information may be obtained by contacting the university's administrative offices in Burlington, Vermont.

Vermont State College System (VSC) – The Vermont State College System's annual report includes the financial activity for the following organizations:

System Offices and Services
Community College of Vermont
Castleton State College
Johnson State College
Lyndon State College
Vermont Technical College
Vermont Interactive Television
Practical Nursing Program
Vermont Manufacturing Extension Center

The requirements of GASB Statements Nos. 34, 35, 37, and 38 have been implemented in its audited financial statements that have been issued under separate cover. Additional information may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Chancellor, Vermont State Colleges, Post Office Box 359, Waterbury, Vermont 05676.

#### Non-Major Component Units

Vermont Educational and Health Buildings Financing Agency (VEHBFA) – VEHBFA is a non-profit entity which finances or assists in the financing of projects for eligible educational or health related entities. It has a December 31 (annual) year-end and issues audited financial statements under separate cover. For additional information, they may be contacted at 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633.

Vermont Housing and Conservation Board (VHCB) – The Legislature created and charged this non-profit organization with two goals: Create affordable housing for Vermont residents; and conserve and protect Vermont's agricultural lands, historic properties, important natural areas, and recreational lands. VHCB issues audited financial statements under separate cover. Additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 136 Main Street, Drawer 20, Montpelier, Vermont 05620-3501.

Vermont Economic Development Authority (VEDA) – VEDA, a tax exempt entity, was created by the Vermont Legislature for the purpose of promoting economic prosperity in the State by directly financing eligible businesses and projects including manufacturing, agricultural, and travel and tourism enterprises; and by operating programs which provide eligible borrowers with access to capital.

VEDA also administers the State Infrastructure Bank (SIB) and the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund – Private Loans. These two funds are administered for the benefit of the State and are consolidated

and reported in VEDA's agency fund. Audited financial statements or additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 56 East State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

Vermont Municipal Bond Bank (VMBB) – The Vermont Legislature established the VMBB for the express purposes of fostering and promoting adequate capital markets and facilities for borrowing money by governmental units of the State of Vermont for the financing of public improvements or other public purposes. VMBB is authorized to carry out these charges by borrowing money or by issuing its own bonds and notes to obtain funds which are then utilized to purchase bonds and notes issued by local governmental entities. It has an annual fiscal year (December 31) and issues audited financial statements under separate cover

VMBB also administers the *Special Environmental Revolving Fund* in accordance with 24 V.S.A. 4753(b). This fund has a June 30 year-end and issues its own audited financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, its financial statements have been consolidated with the State's Federal Revenue Fund financial statements in this CAFR. Further information regarding VMBB or the Special Environmental Revolving Fund may be obtained by contacting VMBB at 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633.

Vermont Center For Geographic Information (VCGI) – The Vermont Legislature established VCGI and charged it with creating a comprehensive strategy for the development and use of a geographic information system. Audited financial statements or additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 58 South Main Street, Waterbury, Vermont 05671.

Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund, Inc. – The Vermont Legislature established a jobs program and directed VEDA to set up a non-profit 503(c)(3) corporation to implement the program and to establish policies and procedures in order to fulfill the goals of the jobs program as listed in 10 V.S.A. 326(a). Audited financial statements and additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 56 East State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

Vermont Transportation Authority (VTA) – The Vermont Legislature specifically authorized the creation of VTA pursuant to the acquisition, operation, and support of an authorized transportation facility as defined in 29 V.S.A. 701. Its only current activity is managing the commuter rail line running from Shelburne to Burlington, Vermont. Audited financial statements and additional information may be obtained from VTA at 1 Main Street, Burlington, Vermont 05401.

Vermont Veterans' Home – The Vermont Veterans' Home was originally chartered in 1884 by the Vermont Legislature and incorporated on November 24, 1884. A Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor oversees the operations of the home. The home issues its own audited financial statements under separate cover. Additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 325 North Street, Bennington, Vermont 05201.

#### JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is a legal entity or other contractual arrangement that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The following entities in which the State has been participating have been classified as joint ventures. The financial activities of these organizations have not been included in the State's financial statements; however, see Note 15 for a summary of the financial activity of the Tri-State Lotto Commission.

Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Committee (10 V.S.A. 4654)
Connecticut River Valley Flood Control Commission (10 V.S.A. 1153)
New England Board of Higher Education (16 V.S.A. 2692)
New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission (10 V.S.A. 1333)
Northeastern Forest Fire Protection Commission (10 V.S.A. 2503)
Tri-State Lotto Commission (31 V.S.A. 673)
Texas Low Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact (10 V.S.A. 7013)

#### **RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

Related organizations are separate legal entities for which the primary government is accountable only because it appoints a voting majority of the board but for which it is not financially accountable. The following entities have been classified as related organizations but their financial activity has not been included in the State's financial statements.

Vermont State Housing Authority (24 V.S.A. 4005) Vermont Housing Finance Agency (10 V.S.A. 611)

#### **EXCLUDED ORGANIZATIONS**

The following entities have been determined not to be part of the reporting entity after applying the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity."

Vermont Council On The Humanities Vermont Council On The Arts Vermont Historical Society Vermont Public Power Supply Authority

These organizations have not been included in the reporting entity because they are legally separate entities and the voting majority of their governing boards are not appointed by the State. They are not fiscally dependent on the State's primary government and exclusion from the reporting entity would not render Vermont's financial statements incomplete or misleading.

#### B. Government-wide Financial Statements

Vermont's Government-wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the financial activities of both the primary government and its component units except fiduciary activity. Fiduciary fund activity has not been included in these entity-wide statements in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has also been removed from these government-wide statements. Primary government activities are segregated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities sources of revenues are normally taxes and inter-governmental revenues. Business-type activities rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for

support. Further, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function, segment, or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, segment, or component unit. Items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Taxes and other resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. The State does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions.

Net assets are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources by management are not presented as restricted net assets. When both restricted and non-restricted resources are available for use, generally it is the State's policy to use restricted assets first with unrestricted resources utilized as needed.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and major component units. Major governmental funds, major proprietary funds, and major component units are reported in individual columns in their respective fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated and reported in a single column. The single test for classifying a fund as either major or non-major consists of applying the following two steps:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element total (assets, liabilities, etc) for all funds in that category or type (that is total governmental or total proprietary), <u>and</u>
  b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the
- corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

In addition to the above major fund criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government officials believe is particularly important to financial statement users (i.e. because of public interest or for consistency) may be reported as a major fund.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the State generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Principle revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include federal grants, interest on investments, and sales and income taxes. See special consideration for personal income tax revenue recognition under the "Receivables" section of this footnote. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is due and payable. See the "Tax Refunds" section of this footnote for the special consideration afforded the recognition of personal income tax refunds in this report. Modifications to the modified accrual basis of accounting include:

Employees vested annual, personal, and compensated leave time is recorded as expenditures when utilized. The amount of accumulated leave unpaid at the end of the fiscal year has been reported only in the government-wide financial statements and does not include any accruals for the State's share of any taxes due when the expenditures are actually paid.

Interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due to be paid.

Executed purchase orders and contracts are recorded as a reservation of fund balance, usually as an encumbrance.

Debt service expenditures and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due to be paid.

Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and Discretely Presented Proprietary Fund Type Component Units – The financial statements presented for these types of funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. The State's proprietary funds have elected not to apply standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) after November 30, 1989.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation(s). Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are categorized as non-operating revenues and expenses.

University of Vermont (UVM) and the Vermont State College System (VSC) – These entities account for their activity using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles set forth for public colleges and universities. As noted under the "Component Units" section, they have adopted the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 34, 35, 37 and 38 in preparing their separate financial reports.

#### E. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the State are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The State uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The financial activities of the State that are reported in the accompanying financial statements have been classified into the following governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

General Fund – The General Assembly has established the General Fund as the basic operating fund of the State. As such, the General Fund is used to finance and to account for all expenditures for which no special revenues have otherwise been provided by law. All revenues received by the State and not otherwise required by law to be deposited in any other designated fund or used for any designated purpose are deposited in the General Fund. Unexpended and/or unencumbered appropriation balances will, unless otherwise directed by law, revert to fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for revenues specifically earmarked to finance only particular or restricted programs and activities and include the following:

Transportation Fund – This fund is used primarily for preservation, maintenance, and improvements to the State's transportation infrastructure. This infrastructure includes highways, bridges, railroads, airports, public transportation, and other related activities. The fund is also used for maintenance and staffing of highway rest areas, construction of transportation capital facilities, and to provide funding for transportation related debt service requirements. The principle sources of revenue in this fund are motor fuel taxes, motor vehicle purchase and use tax, motor vehicle license and registration fees, traffic ticket revenue, other statutorily specified revenues, as well as reimbursements from the federal government for federal aid transportation projects.

Education Fund – This fund was established by the Vermont Legislature to equalize statewide funding requirements. Expenditures authorized for funding are codified in 16 V.S.A. 4025(b) and may include only legitimate items of current education expense. Sources of funding are described in 16 V.S.A. 4025(a). A stabilization reserve for the Education Fund has also been established in accordance with 16 V.S.A. 4026.

Fish and Wildlife Fund – This fund's revenue is restricted by statute and can only be utilized for fish and wildlife purposes. Principle sources of revenue include license fees and federal grants.

Federal Revenue Fund – All federal grant receipts are recorded in this fund except for those federal funds specifically designated for transportation or fish and wildlife purposes. Federal grants of these latter two types are recorded in the State's Transportation Fund or Fish and Wildlife Fund respectively.

Special Fund – This fund consolidates many individual special revenue funds that account for proceeds or specific revenues not categorized above that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These purposes cross the entire gamut of state government activities.

Capital Projects Funds – These funds, consisting of the General Bond Fund and the Transportation Bond Fund, account for capital improvement expenditures. These appropriations are primarily funded by the issuance of State capital bonds. These capital expenditures may be for the State directly or for outside organizations such as the Vermont State College System, municipalities, etc.

Permanent Funds – These funds report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be expended for purposes that benefit the government or citizenry, such as higher education, cemetery care, monument preservation, etc. In previous years, these funds were reported as non-expendable trust funds.

Proprietary Funds— These funds account for those activities for which the Intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public or other departments of government; or where prudent financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate. These funds include the following types:

Enterprise Funds – These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The State's intent in these funds is to recover the costs including depreciation associated with providing the goods and services to the public primarily through user charges. The Unemployment Trust Fund, previously reported as an expendable trust fund, is now reported as an enterprise fund as required by GASB Statement No.34.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one state department to other state agencies, departments, or intergovernmental units. The objective is

not to make a profit but rather to recover the total cost of providing these goods and services. In the government-wide financial statements, Internal Service Funds are reported within the governmental activities.

#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Fiduciary Funds -- These funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include the following:

Pension Trust Funds — These funds are used to report assets and associated financial activity that are held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Vermont State Retirement (defined benefit) System, the Vermont State Defined Contribution Retirement System, the State Teachers' Retirement System of Vermont, the Vermont Municipal Employees' (defined benefit) Retirement System, the Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Plan, and the State's Single Deposit Investment Account.

Private Purpose Trust Fund — The State reports only one fund under this category, the Abandoned Property Fund managed by the State Treasurer's Office. This fund accounts for all abandoned property in the State that is required to be reported and sent to the State for safekeeping. The State Treasurer is required to return this property to its rightful owner if they can be determined. If no one claims the property after a prescribed amount of time has passed, the Treasurer is required to transfer it to the General Fund where the Legislature will appropriate it. However, if a valid claim is submitted after the Legislature has appropriated this property, the State is still required to return this property or its equivalent value to the rightful owner.

Agency Funds – These funds report assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as agent for others. They have no fund balance and report items such as Federal income tax withholding, social security tax withholding, etc.

#### **BUDGETARY PROCESS**

Vermont statutes require the head of every State department, board, and commission and any officer or individual responsible for any activity for which funds are appropriated by the General Assembly to provide, on or before September 1 preceding any biennium, statements to the Commissioner of Finance and Management showing in detail the amounts appropriated and expended for both the current and preceding fiscal years and the amount estimated to be necessary for similar activity for the ensuing two fiscal years. The Commissioner of Finance and Management and the Secretary of Administration are then required to submit to the Governor by the November 1 preceding each biennium, the estimates as received along with any other estimates for the ensuing two fiscal years. The Governor then submits to the General Assembly, no later than the third Tuesday of every annual session, a budget that embodies estimates, requests, and recommendations for appropriations or other authorizations for expenditures from the State treasury for at least the succeeding fiscal year. The General Assembly then enacts into law an appropriations act that must be approved by the Governor before any expenditures can be made. In recent years in accordance with Act 250 of 1979 Section 125, it has been the practice of the Governor to submit an annual budget and the General Assembly to enact appropriations on an annual basis.

Budgets are prepared and appropriated on a cash basis usually at the program level. The Governor may amend appropriations within limits established by statute. The Agency of Administration maintains budgetary control by fund at the appropriation level. Governmental funds' unspent appropriation balances revert to the fund balance at the end of each fiscal year for re-appropriation unless authorized to be carried forward to the following year(s) by legislative act. Unexpended balances of capital projects are available for expenditure in the following fiscal year(s).

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash balances for most funds are deposited with the State Treasurer, except for the Pension Trust Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and the Single Deposit Investment Account Fund. Cash balances deposited with the State Treasurer are pooled together and amounts that are not immediately required are invested in short-term investments.

Income earned by these short-term investments is allocated to those funds authorized to receive it while any remaining earnings are deposited in the General Fund.

Cash and cash equivalents as reported in the financial statements include bank accounts, imprest cash, short-term investments with an original maturity of 3 months or less such as certificates of deposit, commercial paper, federal government agencies' discount notes, money market accounts, and repurchase agreements.

#### **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables in the government-wide financial statements represent amounts due to the State at June 30 that will be collected at some time in the future. They consist primarily of accrued taxes and federal grants receivable.

Receivables reported in the governmental funds financial statements consist primarily of accrued taxes (see exception for personal income taxes below), federal grants receivable, and notes receivable from component units. Revenues accrued in the governmental funds financial statements consist primarily of accrued taxes, federal grants receivable, and notes receivable from component units that will be collected by the State within 60 days. Personal income taxes receivable are primarily assessed taxes owed by the taxpayer as of June 30 that are received by the State during the following 10 months. These revenues are accrued in accordance with measurable and available criteria under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal receivables are amounts due from the federal government to reimburse the State for expenditures incurred pursuant to federally funded programs. Notes receivable in the General Fund consist primarily of advances in the form of Vermont Economic Development Authority notes purchased by the State. See Note 12 — Contingent Liabilities for further information. No allowances for uncollectible amounts have been recognized in these receivables.

The "Other Receivables" balance of \$122,864,295 on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets — Pension Trust Funds includes \$88,520,605 for the Vermont State Retirement Fund; \$22,372,908 for the State Teachers' Retirement Fund; and \$11,970,782 for the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund. These amounts represent monies due to the respective retirement funds for investments sold or matured prior to June 30, 2002, but for which the receipts were received subsequent to June 30, 2002.

#### **INVENTORIES**

Inventories of materials and supplies reported in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Inventories reported in the proprietary funds are generally valued at the lower of average cost or market.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are recorded in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets at historical cost if available or, if donated or the actual cost is not known, at the estimated fair market value at the date the State acquired them. Infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges are being capitalized and reported for the first time in FY 2002. Interest incurred on debt issued for construction of these fixed assets is not capitalized.

Vermont defines a Capital Asset as a physical resource that costs at least \$5,000 and provides a future economic benefit for a minimum of 2 years. This includes capital leases and buildings that are not considered to be part of an infrastructure asset. All land regardless of cost, is capitalized and is not depreciated.

Infrastructure assets are defined as long-lived economic resources that are normally stationary in nature; utilized primarily by the general public as compared to state employees; cost at least \$50,000 and provide future economic benefit for at least 3 years. Normally, they can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. They are generally much greater in value and have a longer economic life than capital assets.

Capital Assets are depreciated over their useful lives using the straight-line mid-month depreciation method. Useful lives for buildings are 20 to 50 years and useful lives for equipment are 3 to 24 years. Additional disclosures related to capital assets and assets acquired through capital leases are found in Notes 4 and 7 respectively.

Fixed assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized at cost when acquired. Depreciation is calculated and recorded using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives being the same as those for the governmental fixed assets.

When a fixed asset is disposed of, its cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period. Significant renewals and improvements that increase the life expectancy are capitalized and deductions are made for retirements resulting from the renewals or improvements.

#### **DEFERRED REVENUE**

Revenue in the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements and the General Fund is deferred if cash has been received prior to being earned.

#### **PAYABLES**

The accounts payable balances contained in the financial statements consist of operating liabilities that were incurred and payment was due prior to year-end (usually June 30) and where payment was actually made subsequent to year-end. When paying its liabilities, it is the policy of the State to apply restricted resources first to situations where either restricted or unrestricted net assets may be used.

The "other liabilities" balance totaling \$140,531,576 on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets — Pension Trust Funds includes \$81,879,452 for the Vermont State Retirement Fund, \$23,335,939 for the Vermont Teacher's Retirement Fund, \$28,086,522 for the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund, and \$7,229,663 for the Single Investment Deposit Account. These figures represent amounts due for securities purchased prior to June 30, 2002, but which were paid subsequent to June 30, 2002.

#### **ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities consist of employee wages and related fringe benefit accruals earned as of June 30, 2002. Retainage payable consists of portions of progress payment amounts due to contractors that have been withheld and which will be paid by the State to the contractors upon final completion and acceptance of the contracted item or service.

#### **TAX REFUNDS**

Tax refunds primarily represent amounts owed by the State to taxpayers because of overpayment of their 2001 calendar year tax liabilities. Tax refunds payable, which reduce respective tax revenues, are accrued to the extent they are measurable based on payments and estimates. The amount reported as personal income tax refunds payable at June 30, 2002 in the governmental funds statements is comprised of refunds for filed tax returns due and payable at June 30, 2002. The amount reported as personal income tax refunds payable at June 30, 2002 in the government—wide financial statements is comprised of estimated tax liability overpayments for the first and second calendar quarters of year 2002 tax liability as well as overpayments for calendar year 2001 and prior years' tax liabilities that have not been paid out as of June 30, 2002.

#### **ENCUMBRANCES**

Contracts and purchasing commitments are recorded as encumbrances when the contract or purchase order is executed. When the terms of the purchase order or contract have been fulfilled and payment to the contracting party is due, the encumbrance is liquidated and the liability and expenditure are recorded. Unliquidated encumbrances remaining at fiscal year-end are reported in the Reserved For Encumbrances account as a component of fund equity for the governmental fund types.

#### **FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances for governmental funds are either reserved or unreserved. Reserved fund balances reflect either (1) assets which, by their nature, are not available for appropriation; (2) funds legally separated for a specific use such as "reserved for encumbrances;" or (3) funds segregated by legal restrictions.

Certain other reservations of the Governmental Funds' fund balances are described below.

Budget Stabilization Reserve – These reserves are established in the General, Transportation, and Education funds. They were created to reduce the effects of annual variations in state revenues by reserving certain surpluses of revenue. See Note 14 for a more complete disclosure of these reserves as it pertains to the current fiscal year.

The following reservations apply to the General Fund:

Reserve For Debt Service – During fiscal year 1993, the State initiated a lawsuit to recover costs associated with asbestos removal. A settlement agreement between the contractor and the State was reached which resulted in net proceeds of \$1,734,543 being credited to and reserved in the General Fund to meet future debt obligations associated with issuance of bonds relating to asbestos removal. The reserved amount is reduced annually through fiscal year 2009 in proportion to the repayment schedule of the bonds issued to refinance the asbestos removal. Public Act 178 of 1996 authorized the use of \$860,874 of these funds in fiscal year 1996. The remaining reserved balance at June 30 2002 is \$68,763.

Reserve For Human Caseload Management — The reserve for human caseload management, established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. Section 308b(a) was created to be available for appropriation to meet caseload-related needs at the Agency of Human Services. The Secretary of Administration may transfer to this reserve any general fund unexpended appropriations directly attributable to Aid To Needy Families With Children (ANFC) caseload reductions and the effective management of related federal receipts. For fiscal year 2002, the balance remained at \$18,048,618.

Reserve For General Fund Surplus – The reserve for general fund surplus was established pursuant to Public Act 1 of 1999, Section 88. This reserve is to be credited with the budgetary based surplus for the year ended June 30, 2002 as determined by the Commissioner of Finance and Management. The reserve shall not be expended except by specific authorization of the General Assembly. The balance at June 30, 2002 remained at \$4,347,360.

#### COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences include accumulated unpaid vacation, compensatory time, and personal leave credits. Classified state employees may accrue vacation leave based on the number of years employed up to a maximum rate of 24 days annually and may not accumulate more than a maximum of 45 days (360 hours) at any one time. The State's total vacation liability at June 30, 2002 was \$21,905,735 of which \$20,786,104 was applicable to the governmental funds. This liability is expected to be liquidated in future periods as either salary payments or cash payments upon termination of employment. Compensatory time and personal leave time accumulates as earned by the employees but must be taken within an accrual year. The State's liability for compensatory time and personal leave time at June 30, 2002 was \$4,471,125 of which \$4,267,286 was applicable to the governmental funds.

Employees earn sick leave credits based on the number of years employed with a maximum accrual rate of 21 days per fiscal year. Sick leave may only be liquidated if and when sickness or injury is incurred. Additionally, if employment is terminated, any sick leave that the individual may have accrued is cancelled without any payout; therefore, it is not an accruable liability to the State. There is no limit on the amount of sick leave an employee may accumulate. The dollar value of unused sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2002 is approximately \$115,839,301.

Liabilities related to proprietary fund types are recorded in the fund where the employees are assigned. The above amounts are calculated based on an employee's pay rate in effect on June 30, 2002.

#### BOND DISCOUNTS, PREMIUMS, AND ISSUANCE COSTS

In the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts/premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight- line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issue costs are reported as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts, premiums and issuance costs in the period the bond proceeds are received. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issued are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as expenditures.

#### INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

INTERFUND LOANS – Short-term loans between funds outstanding at year-end for such things as cash overdrafts are recorded as Interfund Receivables/Payables. Advances To/From Other Funds represent long-term interfund loans receivable and payable.

REIMBURSEMENTS — Reimbursements result when one fund makes an expenditure for a second fund when that expenditure or expense is properly applicable to the second fund. Reimbursement transactions reduce expenditures in the reimbursed fund and increase expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund.

QUASI-EXTERNAL TRANSACTIONS - These transactions occur between two government funds that would be accounted for as revenue and expenditures if they occurred between a government entity and a private sector entity.

RESIDUAL EQUITY TRANSFERS - These transfers are defined as non-recurring and non-routine transfers of equity between two funds.

OPERATING TRANSFERS – These transfers encompass all types of transfers, except for the residual equity transfers, and are primarily routine transfers of appropriation resources between funds. Operating transfers are not revenue, expenditures, or expenses, and are classified as "Other Funding Sources (Uses)" in the operating statements of the governmental funds and in a separate subsection before net income in the proprietary funds.

#### PREPAID EXPENSES

In governmental funds, all purchases are recorded as expenditures when paid. In the proprietary and fiduciary funds, certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and as such, are recorded as prepaid expenses. These prepaid items will be expensed as they are liquidated.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **RECLASSIFICATIONS**

Certain amounts in prior year's presentations have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

#### Note 2: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS:

The State pools substantially all cash and investments of governmental, proprietary, and agency funds, except those which are maintained separately in accordance with legal restrictions. Separate cash and investment accounts are generally maintained for pension funds and capital projects funds. Each fund's equity share of the total pooled cash and investments and restricted assets are included on the accompanying balance sheets.

Schedule of Deposit and Investment Disclosures June 30, 2002 Primary Government and Component Units

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted Cash	\$	801,223,867 2,787,654,207 15,115,689
Total	\$_	3,603,993,763
Deposits, Investments, and Reconciling Items		
Carrying Value of Deposits	\$	291,849,378
Carrying Value of Investments		3,001,844,541
Cash on Hand		828,951
U.S. Treasury - Unemployment Account	-	309,470,893
Total	\$	3,603,993,763

#### **DEPOSITS:**

The following statutory requirement and Treasury Department policy have been implemented to minimize risk associated with deposits. 32 V.S.A. Sec. 431 establishes the requirements the State Treasurer must adhere to when depositing public monies. The statute sets parameters regarding the amount of funds that may be on deposit with any particular institution at any one time. Although not statutorily required, the State Treasurer requires State cash deposits to be collateralized with either United States Treasury securities or Vermont Municipal securities or a combination of same with a current market value equal to at least 102% of the amount of the deposit.

Deposits are classified as to credit risk by the three categories described below:

Category 1 Fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name.

Category 2 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or its agent in the State's name.

Category 3 Uncollateralized.

At June 30, 2002, the State's deposits, listed by credit risk category, are shown in the following schedule:

	 Categories					Bank		Reported	
	 1		2	_	3	_	Balance	_	Amount
Primary Government	\$ 4,732,754	\$	11,486,924	\$	90,294,361	\$	106,514,039	\$	77,614,205
Component Units	 2,298,143		150,016,827	_	66,561,049	_	218,876,019	_	214,235,173
Total	\$ 7,030,897	\$_	161,503,751	\$_	156,855,410	\$_	325,390,058	\$_	291,849,378

#### INVESTMENTS:

Effective July 1, 1997, the State adopted provisions of GASB No.31, "Accounting and Reporting for Certain investments and for External investment Pools." GASB No.31 requires investments to be reported at fair value in the balance sheet.

The U.S. Treasury - unemployment account balance of \$309,470,893 at June 30, 2002 is on deposit with the U.S. Treasury and is not categorized.

The disclosure of carrying (book) amounts by type of investment are classified in the following three categories of credit risk:

- 1. Insured, registered or securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by counterparty's Trust Department or agent in the State's name.
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the State's name.

32 V.S.A. 433 defines the parameters the Treasurer must adhere to when investing State monies. Types of investments the Treasurer may utilize include obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and any repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consists of such obligations; certificates of deposit issued by banks and savings and loan associations approved by the Treasurer; prime bankers' acceptances; prime commercial paper; tax exempt securities; and domestic money market funds. The boards overseeing the various pension funds have adopted their own sets of investment guidelines.

At June 30, 2002 the State's investments, categorized by the credit risk categories listed above, are shown in the following schedule:

#### INVESTMENTS

				Categories				Carrying
	_	1		2	_	3	-	Amount
Primary Government								
Stocks	• \$	1,147,785,825	\$	•	\$	•	\$	1,147,785,825
U.S. Government Securities		398,698,936		-		-		398,698,936
Corporate Bonds and Notes		571,915,516		•		-		571,915,516
Other Investments	_	<u> </u>			_		-	0
Subtotals		2,118,400,277		0		0	\$	2,118,400,277
Not Categorized:								
Real Estate/Venture Capital		-		-		-		227,730,145
Mutual Funds		-		-		-		111,550,513
Lottery Annuity		-		-		-		848,748
Mortgages	_			-	_	-	_	49,641
Totals - Primary Government	\$ <u>_</u>	2,118,400,277	\$_	0	\$_	0	\$_	2,458,579,324
Component Units								
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	48,982,863	\$	32,582,000	\$	30,597,074	\$	112,161,937
Corporate Bonds		3,563,063		4,345,000		-		7,908,063
Stocks		36,161,782		-		-		36,161,782
Other	-	15,832,272		207,862,698	-	163,338,465	-	387,033,435
Totals - Component Units	\$_	104,539,980	. \$ <u>_</u>	244,789,698	<b>\$</b> _	193,935,539	\$	543,265,217
Totals - Reporting Entity							\$	3,001,844,541

#### Securities Lending Transactions

State statutes and boards of trustees policies permit the State of Vermont Treasurer's office to use investments of the three pension plans to enter into securities lending transactions - loans of securities to broker dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The pension plans' securities dealer, State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street), is the agent in lending the plans' domestic securities for cash collateral of 102% and international securities for cash collateral of 105%. At year-end the pension plans have no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the plans owe the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the plans. The lending agent indemnified Vermont by agreeing to purchase replacement securities or to return cash collateral in the event borrowers fall to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay Vermont for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities were on loan. There were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrowers or State Street.

During the tiscal year, Vermont and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities loans on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in collective investment pools with an average duration of 69 days at June 30, 2002. Because loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with the cash collateral. On June 30, 2002, the collateral held and the market value of the securities on loan for Vermont was \$141,183,316 and \$125,861,080, respectively.

Below are the statutory references that allow the pension plans to participate in the securities lending program.

<u>Sta</u>	<u>tute</u>	Re	fej	en	Çe

#### Retirement Plan

3 V.S.A. 471(m)	Vermont State Employees' Retirement Fund
16 V.S.A. 1942(q)	Vermont Teachers' Retirement Fund
24 V.S.A. 5062(o)	Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

Note 3: NOT UTILIZED

Note 4: Capital Assets:

Capital Assets activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 were as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	an	ljustments d Reclass- fications		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land and land improvements	\$ 4,183,634	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	4,183,634
Construction in process	248,679,980		107,942,195		(32,655,539)		-		323,966,636
Works of Art	103,321		8,200		-				111,521
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	252,966,935		107,950,395	-	(32,655,539)	_	0		328,261,791
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	198,682,703		2,381,131		-		-		199,063,834
Machinery and equipment	85,080,003		10,780,308		(4,849,299)		488,223		91,499,235
Infrastructure	1,238,789,930		32,655,539		(912,192)				1,270,533,277
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,520,552,636	- —	45,816,978	_	(5,761,491)		488,223		1,561,096,346
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements	(97,585,790	)	(5,200,056)		-		-		(102,765,846)
Machinery and equipment	(54,103,313	)	(8,118,355)		4,627,518		(723,841)		(58,317,991)
Infrastructure	(726,261,717	)	(38,842,259)		812,920				(764,291,056)
Total accumulated depreciation	(877,930,820	<u> </u>	(52,160,670)		5,440,438		(723,841)		(925,374,893)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	642,621,816	- —	(6,343,692)		(321,053)		(235,618)		635,721,453
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 895,588,751	<u> </u>	101,606,703	<u>\$</u>	(32,976,592)	<u>\$</u>	(235,618)	\$	963,983,244
Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	and	justments d Reclass- fications	<b></b>	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	\$ 41,850	s		\$	-	S		S	41.850
Machinery and equipment	873,167		151,869	•	(20,289)	•	_	•	1,004,747
Total capital assets, being depreciated	915,017		151,869		(20,289)		0		1,046,597
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements	(11,385	)	(5,231)		-		_		(16,616)
Machinery and equipment	(363,881	)	(181,627)		20,289		-		(525,219)
Total accumulated depreciation	(375,286		(186,858)		20,289		0		(541,835)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	539,751		(34,989)	_	0		0		504,762
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 539,751	<u> </u>	(34,989)	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	0	\$	504,762

#### Current period depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Primary Government as follows:

Governmental Activities:			Business-type Activities:				
General Government	\$	5,103,723	Liquor Control	\$	120,218		
Protection to Persons and Property		1,794,111	Lottery		66,640		
Human Services		870,698	Total	\$ -	186,858		
Employment & Training		123,103		-			
General Education		7,314					
Natural Resources		1,297,372					
Commerce and Community Development		59,823					
Transportation		39,038,057					
Depreciation on Capital Assets held							
by the Internal Service Funds		3,866,469					
Total	s <sup>-</sup>	52 160 670					

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

·		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Adjustments and Reclass- ifications		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_		_		_		_		_	
Land and land improvements	\$	12,092,540	\$	921,673	\$	(38,000)	\$	201,000	5	13,177,213
Construction in process		12,157		1,382,401				<u> </u>		1,394,558
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		12,104,697		2,304,074		(38,000)		201,000		14,571,771
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements		366,689,572		13,223,838		(1,754,000)		1,578,000		379,737,410
Machinery and equipment		82,228,845		14,518,233		(31,335)		(1,782,672)		94,933,071
Infrastructure		16,173,670				•		-		16,173,670
Total capital assets, being depreciated	********	465,092,087		27,742,071		(1,785,335)		(204,672)		490,844,151
Less accumulated depreciation		(229,673,760)		(17,813,586)	_	31,334		(2,648,000)	_	(250,104,012)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		235,418,327		9,928,485		(1,754,001)	_	(2,852,672)		240,740,139
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	247,523,024	<u>\$</u>	12,232,559	5	(1,792,001)	<u>.\$</u>	(2,651,672)	\$	255,311,910

#### Note 5: RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

#### A. Retirement Plan Descriptions

#### **Defined Benefit Retirement Plans**

In accordance with State Statutes, the State Treasurer and the individual retirement systems' Board of Trustees administer the State's three defined benefit pension plans and two defined contribution plans. These systems are considered part of the State's reporting entity and are included in the accompanying financial statements as pension trust funds in the fiduciary fund type. There are no separate stand-alone financial statements issued for these plans.

The Vermont State Retirement System (VSRS) (3 V.S.A. Chapter 16) is a single-employer public employee defined benefit retirement system which covers substantially all general state employees and State Police, except employees hired in a temporary capacity. Membership in the system is a condition of employment. The membership consists of:

- employees who belonged to the original contributory system (Groups A and D with a contribution rate of 5.1% of payroll and Group C with a contribution rate of 6.28% of payroll)
- (2) vested members of the non-contributory system (Group E)
- (3) members of the new contributory system (Group F) who contribute at a rate of 3.35% of payroll.

The State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) (16 V.S.A. Chapter 55) is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. It covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the state board of education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. The membership is made up of:

- (1) contributory members from the old system (Group A) who contribute at a rate of 5.5%
- (2) vested members of the non-contributory system (Group B)
- (3) members of a new contributory system who contribute at a rate of 3.4% of covered payroll (Group C).

The State appropriates funding for pension costs associated with the above two plans. In fiscal years prior to 1982, both systems were solely contributory. Under legislation effective July 1, 1981, Vermont State employees and State teachers could elect to transfer their current memberships from a contributory to a non-contributory membership class (see Note 5 E. Single Deposit Investment Account). However, in 1990, the Legislature again made both systems contributory effective July 1, 1990 for the STRS and January 1, 1991 for the VSRS. The State's contribution to each system is based on percentage rates of each member's annual earnable compensation. These rates include a "normal contribution" rate and an "accrued liability contribution" rate and are calculated based upon the liabilities of each system as determined by actuarial valuations. Present law provides that each system's unfunded accrued liability will be amortized over 30 years. This amortization began July 1, 1988 and has 16 years remaining (the liability will be fully amortized in fiscal year 2018).

The Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) (24 V.S.A., Chapter 125) is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employees' retirement system that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for school districts and other municipal employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employers is required to join the system upon the completion of three years of continuous service.

Prior to July 1, 1987, the State was statutorily responsible for contributions to the MERS's pension accumulation fund. Effective July 1, 1987 and thereafter, all payments to the system's pension accumulation fund are supported entirely by employer (municipal) and employee contributions. Employers

make quarterly payments into the pension accumulation fund. These payments are percentages of annual earnable compensation for each membership group and consist of a "normal" and an "accrued liability" portion. The percentage rates of such contributions are fixed on the basis of the liabilities of the system pursuant to accurate evaluations.

#### **Defined Contribution Retirement Plans**

In accordance with Title 3 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, Chapter 16A, the State established an optional defined contribution plan for exempt state employees effective January 1, 1999. The Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan is reported in the Pension Trust Funds.

The actuarial calculations were performed on a cost-neutral basis so that the accrued balances and liabilities were equivalent. 374 exempt employees representing approximately 45% of the eligible employees elected to transfer to the defined contribution plan. Assets totaling \$21 million were transferred from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan on January 4, 1999 as a result of the election. As the attendant decrease in liabilities in the defined benefit plan was equal to \$21 million, there was no material effect on the financial health of the defined benefit system resulting from the transfer. Exempt employees hired after January 1, 1999 have a one-time opportunity to elect either the defined benefit or defined contribution plan.

Employees are required to contribute at the rate equivalent to the contribution rate for Group F members of the VSRS. The State is required to contribute, to each employee's account, at the rate of 7% of the employee's compensation for each payroll period. An employee becomes vested in the plan after completion of 23 months of creditable service as a State employee. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, plan member contributions were \$567,086 and State employer contributions were \$1,411,414. As of June 30, 2002, the Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan's net assets totaled \$26,002,011 and there were 530 participants.

The Legislature granted authority (24 V.S.A. Section 5070) to the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System's Board of Trustees to establish a defined contribution plan that could be offered in lieu of the defined benefit plans currently available under the Municipal Retirement System. The board implemented a defined contribution plan that became available to new members effective July 1, 2000. The defined contribution plan was offered by municipal employers to one or more groups of their eligible employees. Once offered by the employer, each eligible employee was required to make an election to participate. Employees participating in one of the municipal defined benefit plans who elected to participate in the defined contribution plan had the July 1, 2001 actuarial value of their accrued defined benefit plan transferred to the defined contribution plan. Employers that did not offer the defined contribution plan to their employees as of December 31, 1999 will have an opportunity to do so no later than December 31 of any subsequent year with the transfer effective the following year's July 1.

Participating municipal employees and their employers are required to contribute at the rate of 5%. Employees become vested in the plan after 12 months of service. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, plan participants and the municipalities each contributed \$373,657 while members transferred \$618,356 into the defined contribution plan from other pension plans. As of June 30, 2002, the Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Plan's net assets at fair value totaled \$4,733,355 and there were 389 participants.

Copies of each individual defined benefit retirement plan's annual actuarial valuation report, information describing each defined benefit plan's provisions including vesting requirements, benefits provided, post retirement adjustments, etc., and information relating to the two defined contribution plans is available for inspection at the Retirement Division, State Treasurer's Office, 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633-6901.

#### B. Plan Membership

At June 30, 2002, VSRS, STRS, and MERS membership consisted of:

<u>vsrs</u>	STRS	MERS
3,633	3,991	903
744	2,932	168
1,019	513	870
5,122	7,408	2,202
2,603	2,849	2,722
7,725	10,257	4,924
13,121	17,693	8,865
	3,633  744  1,010  5,122  2,803  7,725	744 2,932 1,019 513 5,122 7,408 2,603 2,849 7,725 10,257

#### C. Schedules of Employer Contributions and Funding Progress

Below are listed the various actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the annual required contributions.

	VSRS	STRS	MERS
Valuation date	06/30/02	06/30/02	07/01/02
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Projected
	cost with frozen	cost with frozen	benefit cost
	Initial Bability	initial liability	method
Amortization method	Lavel	Level	level
	percentage	percentage	percentage
	of payroll	of payroll	of payroli
Remaining amortization period	16 years	16 years	16 years
Asset valuation method	Actuarial value	Actuarial value	Actuarial value
	of assets using	of assets using	of assets using
	a five year	a five year	a five year
	smoothing	smoothing	smoothing
	technique	technique	technique
Actuarial assumptions			
Investment rate of return	8.0%	8.5%	8.0%
Projected salary increases	4.5%-7.79%	4.9%-8.9%	5.6%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.5%-3.0%	2%-4%	2%-2.3%
Post Retirament Adjustments			
allowances in payment for at least one year	Groups A,	Group A - 5%	N/A
adjusted for cost of living based on CPI but	C.D - 5%		
not in excess of percentage indicated			
allowances in payment for at least one year	Group F - 5%	Group C - 5%	Group A - 2%
adjusted for cost of living based on one-half			Group B,C,
of CPI but not in excess of percentage indicated			D - 3%

#### Schedule Of Employer Contributions

	VS	RS	STRS		M	ERS
Year Ended 6/30	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
4000	27 000 000	81.64%	29 620 000		2,692,159	400.004
1993	27,990,000		28,820,000	89.02%		100.00%
1994	27,224,000	80.04%	25,805,000	79.75%	3,003,674	100.00%
1995	29,245,000	69.70%	27,452,000	65.88%	3,045,585	100.00%
1996	24,222,000	88.52%	28,712,000	39.98%	3,365,821	100.00%
1997	24,098,000	99.48%	30,722,000	58.85%	3,541,692	100.00%
1998	22,598,000	104.26%	26,927,000	67.14%	3,665,833	100.00%
1999	23,268,000	98.88%	20,724,000	87.24%	4,233,559	100.00%
2000	19,548,817	97.26%	19,936,345	93.23%	4,788,671	100.00%
2001	19,679,396	99.34%	20,970,278	91.29%	4,571,993	100.00%
2002	24,189,000	98.34%	22,146,880	92.33%	4,984,484	100.00%
			Rebadula of C	inding Progress		
				ints in 1000's)		
		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuariel	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage o
/aluation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroli	Payroli
6/30	(m)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(¢)	((b-a)/c)
/SRS	<u> </u>					
1993	400,084	631,637	231,553	63.3%	210,032	110,2%
1994	428,678	665,427	236,749	B4.4%	217,043	109.1%
1995	480,049	679,427	199,376	70.7%	225,089	88.6%
1995	560,659	664,173	103,514	B4.4%	226,792	45.6%
1997	639,126	753,863	114,755	84.8%	227,000	50.6%
1998	733,716	804,501	70,785	91.2%	235,956	30.0%
1999	804,970	876,412	71,441	91.9%	238,281	30.0%
2000	895,151	967,064	71,913	92.8%	268,519	27.0%
2001	954,821	1,025,993	72,172	93.0%	278,507	25.9%
2002	990,450	1,017,129	26,579	97.4%	300,994	8.9%
STRS						
1993	433,327	555,220	121,893	78.1%	324,537	37.6%
1994	473,229	597,851	124,622	79.2%	335,155	37.2%
1995	520,850	648,052	127,202	80.4%	346,975	36.7%
1996	570,776	700,377	129,601	81.5%	355,895	36.4%
1997	717,396	849,179	131,783	84.5%	364,695	38.1%
1998	821,977	955,694	133,717	86.0%	. 357,899	37.4%
1999	931,056	1,058,400	135,344	87.3%	372,299	35.4%
2000	1,037,466	1,174,087	136,621	88.4%	387,999	35.2%
2001	1,116,846	1,254,341	137,496	89.0%	403,258	34.1%
2002	1,169,294	1,307,202	137,908	89.5%	418,904	32.9%
WERS						
1993	52,536	51,292	(1,244)	102.4%	55,900	-2.2%
1994	60,648	59,251	(1,394)	102.4%	82,300	-2.2%
1995	70,082	67,039	(3,043)	104.5%	62,200	-4.9%
1996	81,396	73,401	(7,994)	110.9%	68,700	-11.6%
1997	96,197	85,686	(10,510)	112.3%	70,600	-14.8%
1996	113,578	102,005	(11,673)	111.4%	79,056	-14.8%
1999	137,454	114,481	(22,973)	124.6%	70,808	-32.4%
	161 207	128 807	(23 203)	118.7%	87 147	
2000	161,900 177,928	138,697 158,786	(23,203) (19,142)	118,7% 112,1%	87,147 101,873	-26.6% -18.8%

<sup>\*</sup> Decrease from prior year due to change in actuarial cost method and asset valuation method

#### D. State of Vermont's Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The State's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (NPO) to the Vermont State Retirement System and the State Teachers' Retirement System at June 30, 2002 were as follows:

	VSRS	STRS
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$24,189,000	\$22,145,880
Interest on NPO	3,243,168	7,392,403
Adjustment to ARC	(3,346,923)	(8,484,824)
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$24,085,245	\$21,054,459
Employer Contribution Made	23,788,282	20,448,248
Increase (Decrease) in NPO	\$296,963	\$806,211
NPO - Beginning of Year	38,154,923	86,969,443
NPO - End of Year	\$38,451,886	\$87,575,654
Percentage of APC contributed	98.77%	97.12%

#### E. Single Deposit Investment Account

Public Act 41 of the 1961 Session authorized a new Group B non-contributory plan within the State Treachers Retirement System (STRS) and a new Group E non-contributory plan within the Vermont State Retirement System (VSRS). The Single Deposit Investment Account (SDIA), a non-contributory defined contribution plan reported in the Pension Trust Funds, was also established according to the provisions of this Act.

The STRS's members in the Group A contributory pian could elect to either remain in the Group A pian or transfer to the new Group B non-contributory pian. Group A members electing to transfer to the Group B pian had their choice between the following three options:

- (1) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest returned to them; or
- (2) have their accumulated contributions returned to them and only their accumulated interest invested by the retirement board in the SDIA; or
- (3) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest invested by the retirement board in the SDIA.

The VSRS's members in the Group A contributory plan could elect to either remain in the Group A plan or transfer to the new Group E non-contributory plan. Group A members electing to transfer to the Group E plan had their choice between the following three options:

- (1) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest returned to them;
- (2) have their accumulated contributions returned to them and only their accumulated interest invested by the the retrement board in the SDIA; or
- (3) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest invested by the retirement board in the SDIA.

No additional contributions could be made to the SDIA beyond those described above. The SDIA funds are not available to the members until they retire or terminate employment. At June 30, 2002, there were 1,622 STRS members and 1,252 VSRS members, with net assets of \$103,479,883. In the Single Deposit Investment Account.

#### F. Other Post Employment Benefits

The State offers both post employment medical insurance and life insurance benefits in addition to providing pension benefits.

Employees retiring for any reason (disability, early, or normal) including the State Police, are entitled to receive medical coverage for themselves and their dependents over the lifetime of the ratiree, with 20% of the cost to be paid by the retiree. If the retiree chooses the joint and survivor pension option, and predeceases his or her spouse, the medical benefits also continue for the spouse, along with the pension. However, generally, the surviving spouse must pay 100% of the cost.

In the case of life insurance, if a state employee retires or terminates due to disability prior to age 80, and proper documentation is approved by the life insurance company, full life insurance coverage will continue at the State's expense up to age 65. At that time, if the retiree has a total of 20 years or more of active and retired (while receiving disability) service, life insurance automatically changes to \$5,000 fully paid and 100% of the premium is paid by the State.

#### Note 6: RESTRICTED NET ASSETS - Discretely Presented Component Units

Restricted net assets are those portions of total net assets that are not appropriable for expenditure or that are legally segregated for a specific future use. Net assets restricted at June 30, 2002 are as follows.

Discretely Presented Component Units	Vermont Student Assistance Corp	University Of Vermont	Vermont State Colleges	Non-major Component Units
Restricted for:				<del></del>
Bond Resolution	\$ 41,267,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Grants and Scholarships	440,000	0	0	0
Project Commitments	. 0	0	0	11,914,140
Restricted- Nonexpendable	0	50,915,000	7,987,231	0
Restricted- Expendable	0	185,709,000	2,720,060	6,686,363
Loans Receivable (1)	0	0	0	57,155,368
Total Component Units				
Restricted Net Assets	\$ 44,497,000	\$ 236,624,000	\$ 10,707,291	<b>7</b> 5,755,871

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans receivable for the Vermont Housing & Conservation Board include federally restricted funds.

#### Note 7: LEASE COMMITMENTS:

#### **Operating Leases**

The State is committed under various operating leases covering real property (land and buildings) and equipment. Although lease terms vary, certain leases continue subject to appropriation by the General Assembly. If continuation is reasonably assured, leases requiring appropriation by the General Assembly are considered non-cancelable leases for financial reporting purposes.

The following is a summary of the estimated future minimum rental commitments under operating leases for real property and equipment:

Fiscal Year	Non Cancelable Leases	Cancelable Leases	Primary Government Totals	Vermont State Colleges	Vermont Student Assistance Corporation	Total Reporting Entity
2003	\$ 4,366,130	\$ 204,208	\$4,570,338	\$1,609,947	\$ 654,000	\$6,834,285
2004	3,430,723		3,430,723	991,793	663,000	5,085,516
2005	2,691,909		2,691,909	809,731	·	3,501,640
2006	1,763,438		1,763,438	623,605		2,387,043
2007	1,467,793		1,467,793	499,678		1,967,471
2008-2012	2,764,543	,	2,764,543	543,473		3,308,016
Totals	\$16,484,536	\$ 204,208	<b>\$</b> 16.688.744	\$5,078, 227	\$1.317.000	\$23.083.971

#### Capital Leases

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2002 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Vermont State Colleges	Total Reporting Entity
2003	\$43,105	\$43,105
2004	34,338	34,338
2005	34,338	34,338
2006	20,029	20,029
2007	0	0
Thereafter	0	0
Total Minimum Lease	\$131,180	\$131,180
Payments	•	
Less: interest	(13,128)	(13,128)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$118.682	<b>\$</b> 118.682

The State of Vermont, acting through its Agency of Transportation (AOT) entered into a capital lease with Main Street Landings Company, for premises in and adjacent to Union Station at 1 Main Street, Burlington, Vermont on January 20, 1998. The term of the lease was for a 20 year period and the entire 20 year rent of \$1,500,000 was prepaid in four equal installments beginning November 26,1996 and ending in 1998. The terms of the lease gives the State the right to purchase a condominium interest in their leased property at the end of the lease term for \$500,000 subject to certain terms and conditions. The State is also required to pay its share of certain annual operating costs throughout the term of the lease. The State has allowed the Vermont Transportation Authority (VTA) to utilize these premises under the terms of a Memorandum of Agreement between AOT and VTA.

#### Note 8: GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE:

General obligation bonds and notes payable have been authorized and issued primarily to provide funds for acquisition and construction of capital facilities for higher education, public and mental health, correctional facilities, environmental conservation purposes, maintenance and construction of highways and assistance to municipalities for construction of water and sewage systems and local schools. Also, bonds have been authorized and issued to refund outstanding general obligation bonds.

Once authorized by the Legislature, the State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor, may issue general obligation bonds. Except for zero coupon capital appreciation bonds, the bonds are to be payable in substantially equal or diminishing amounts, the first such payment to be payable not later than five years after the date of the bonds, and the last such payment to be made no later than twenty years after the date of the bonds.

Changes in bond and note principal payable during fiscal year 2002 are summarized as follows:

		_	General Obligation Bonds
Balance July 1, 2001		\$	480,443,358
Additions: Issuances Accretions	\$ 51,000,000 3,556,732		
Total Deductions:			54,556,732
Principal repayments Total	\$ 48,535,000		(48,535,000)
Balance June 30, 2002		\$.	486,465,090

During fiscal years 1991, 1992, and 1994, the State issued zero coupon capital appreciation bonds. Zero coupon capital appreciation bonds are bonds issued at a discount to their face value. Instead of interest being paid on a periodic (i.e. semi-annual) basis, an increase in the principal due (accreted amount) is recognized on a regular basis. The total accreted amount at maturity will be the face value of the bonds.

On December 1,1993, the State issued capital appreciation bonds with a maturity value of \$32,625,000 maturing on August 1 in the years 1999 through 2013. Proceeds from these bonds totaled \$17,987,640. At June 30, 2002, the accreted value of these bonds was \$18,781,159.

On October 30,1991, capital appreciation bonds with a maturity value of \$20,575,000 were issued. These bonds mature on October 15 in the years 1996 through 2011. Proceeds from these bonds totaled \$9,999,837 and have an accreted value of \$9,491,205 at June 30, 2002.

During fiscal year 1991, capital appreciation bonds were issued with a maturity value of \$48,935,000 and are scheduled to mature on December 1 in the years 1995 through 2010. Proceeds from these bonds totaled \$19,310,002 and have an accreted value of \$27,457,728 at June 30, 2002.

Future general obligation debt service requirements at June 30, 2002 are as follows:

	Current	Interest	Capital	
Fiscal Year	Bonds Principal	Bonds Interest	Appreclation Bonds	Total
2003	\$43,335,000	\$21,149,312	\$8,020,000	\$72,504,312
2004	39,915,000	18,570,671	8,230,000	66,715,671
2005	36,750,000	16,728,959	7,400,000	60,878,959
2006	34,970,000	14,950,244	7,410,000	57,330,244
2007	34,415,000	13,233,448	7,495,000	55,143,448
2008-2012	148,155,000	42,791,722	32,315,000	223,261,722
2013-2017	77,710,000	13,052,423	3,750,000	94,512,423
2018-2021	15,485,000	1,564,331	· •	17,049,331
Totals	\$430.735.000	\$142,041,109	\$74.620,000	\$647,396,109

At June 30, 2002, there remained \$39,000,868 of authorized but unissued General Obligation Bonds.

#### Note 9: PRIOR YEARS' BOND REFUNDINGS:

During the fiscal year 1998, the State of Vermont defeased "in-substance" certain general obligation bonds by issuing new bonds and by placing the proceeds of these new bonds in an irrevocable trust. These trust assets will be utilized to make all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, these trust assets and the liability for the old (now defeased) bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. As of June 30, 2002, \$44,040,000 worth of defeased bonds remain outstanding.

<sup>\*</sup> See following page for schedule of General Obligation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2002.

#### General Obligation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2002 are comprised of the following issues:

				Maturity Value	•		Maturity Value of	f Bonds Outstan	ding	
				of Capital	-		Sources of Payme	ents		
Date	<b>Date Series</b>	interest	Amount of	Appreciation	. —	General	Transportation	Special		
Issued	Matures	Rates %	Original Issue	Bonds		Fund	Fund	Fund		Total
		nt Interest Bond					·	<del></del>		
10/01/91	08/01/04	4.7 to 8.0 \$		•	<b>\$</b> _	1,170,000	\$ 40,000	\$	\$	1,210,000
02/01/92	02/01/12	5.0 to 7.5	49,285,000			1,710,000	740,000			2,450,000
08/01/92	08/01/08	3.0 to 5.75	71,280,000			24,460,000	1,485,000	ı		25,925,000
08/01/93	02/01/12	3.0 to 5.0	66,415,000			48,010,000	5,330,000			53,340,000
10/15/93	04/15/08	3.7 to 6.6	85,000,000			45,606,000	2,394,000			48,000,000
11/15/94	01/15/14	5.6 to 7.0	70,000,000			13,762,400	277,600	ı		14,040,000
12/01/95	01/15/15	4.875 to 5.125	60,000,000			41,040,000				41,040,000
11/20/96	01/15/16	5.0 to 5.125	38,000,000			28,000,000				28,000,000
12/12/96	01/15/16	3.7 to 5.6	15,000,000			11,050,000				11,050,000
10/29/97	01/15/17	4.5 to 5.0	28,500,000			21,018,553	1,481,447		·	22,500,000
12/03/97	01/15/17	3.9 to 5.2	14,990,000			11,830,000				11,830,000
03/15/98	01/15/14	4.25 to 5.0	64,575,000			40,921,197	2,938,803	11,925,0	00	55,785,000
05/01/98	01/15/17	4.5 to 5.0	7,755,000					6,480,0	00	6,460,000
11/23/98	01/15/18	4.5 to 4.75	26,630,000			21,867,882	547,118			22,415,000
12/22/98	01/15/04	3.6 to 4.0	7,655,000			3,060,000	•		,	3,060,000
11/01/99	02/01/19	4.5 to 6.5	32,000,000	•		28,630,000				28,630,000
12/16/99	02/01/10	4.55 to 5.05	5,000,000	•		4,000,000				4,000,000
11/14/01	08/01/20	3.25 to 4.75	46,000,000			48,000,000				46,000,000
12/27/01 Total Gene	08/01/11 eral Obligation	4.0 to 4.375 Current Interest	5,000,000 Bonds		<u>.                                    </u>	5,000,000 397,136,032	\$ 15,213,968	\$ 18,385,0	00 \$	5,000,000 430,735,000
,			_							
		Appreciation								
12/13/90	12/01/10	N/A	19,310,002	48,935,000	\$	38,875,000		•	\$	36,875,000
10/30/91	10/15/11	N/A	9,999,837	20,575,000		12,850,000				12,850,000
12/01/93	08/01/13	N/A	17,987,640	32,625,000		24,895,000				24,895,000
Total Matu		1		,,	s —	74,620,000	•		s –	74,620,000
	Inaccreted Intere	est			-	18,889,910			•	18,889,910
		Capital Apprecia	tion Bonds			55,730,090	•		s	55,730,090
	Obligation Bon		coma		<u>-</u>	452,866,122	\$ 15,213,968	\$ 18,385,0		486,465,090
. Oren Oblishigi	Congetton DON				* <del></del>	TAC,000, 142	- 10,000	10,000,0	<u> </u>	700,700,000

#### Note 10: ACCOUNTING METHOD CHANGES AND FUND EQUITY RESTATEMENTS:

The July I, 2001 fund balance in the General Fund was restated to record additional VEDA receivables that were omitted at June 30, 2001.

The July 1, 2001 Transportation Fund's fund balance was restated to reclassify to an agency fund the international plate registration receipts passed on to other governments.

The fund balance in the Special Fund was restated to reflect the reclassification of previously reported expendable trust funds to the Special Fund except for the Unemployment Compensation Trust & Contingency Funds and the Abandoned Property Fund and to reflect the reclassification of the Child Support Fund balance to an agency fund.

The July 1, 2001 net asset balance for the University of Vermont was restated to take Into account the application of the provisions of GASB Statements Nos. 34 and 35. The restatement included a reduction in Federal loan capital contributions bad debt provision of \$1.08 million, as well as a decrease in grants and deferred revenue recognition (\$9.506 million).

The July 1, 2001 net assets balance for the Vermont State Colleges was restated to take into account the requirements of GASB Statements Nos. 34 and 35. These adjustments resulted in reductions in the following areas: change in capitalization policies (\$46,892,674), depreciation adjustment (\$61,989,354), Federal loan program capital contributions (\$4,361,706), and grants and contracts deferred revenue (\$674,237).

The Governmental Funds now include a new category of funds called Permanent Funds which reflect the reclassification of the previously reported non-expendable trust funds.

The Federal Surplus Property Fund's net asset balance at July 1, 2001 was restated to record additional inventory not included at June 30, 2001.

The Adaptive Equipment Loan Fund's July 1, 2001 net asset balance was restated to reflect a decrease of \$14,300. This decrease reflects the amount owed to the Vermont Developmental Credit Union at June 30, 2001.

The Unemployment Compensation Funds are now classified as Enterprise Funds as per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. GOVNET's net asset balance as of July 1, 2001 was restated to record additional capital assets not originally recorded.

The Vermont Veterans' Home's July 1, 2001 balance was restated to include the Home's trust fund balances previously not reported.

	Retained Earnings/Fund Balance/Net Assets, July 1	R	declassification of	Change in accounting method	Correction of prior period	Retained Earnings/Fund Balance/Net Assets, July 1, as restated
GOVERNMENTAL - MAJOR				_		
General Fund	\$ 172,757,734	\$	- \$	- \$	300,000 \$	173,057,734
Transportation Fund	15,381,666		(280,738)	-	-	15,100,930
Special Fund	44,876,901		24,233,232		-	69,110,133
GOVERNMENTAL - NONMAJOR	_					
Permanent Funds	0		8,169,056	-	-	8,169,056
PROPRIETARY- MAJOR						
Unemployment Compensation						
Trust Fund	0		316,719,440	-	•	316,719,440
PROPRIETARY - NONMAJOR						
Enterprise Funds						
Federal Surplus Property	199,498		•	•	155,289	354,787
Adaptive Equipment Loan Fund	731,644		-	-	(14,300)	717,344
Unemployment Compensation	•					
Contingency Fund	0		228,264	-	-	228,264
Internal Service Funds						
GOVNET	(119,095	)	•	-	(89,439)	(208,534)
FIDUCIARY FUNDS	_					
Private Purpose Trust Funds	0		802,560	-	-	802,560
Expendable Trust Funds	342,318,137		(342,318,137)	-	-	0
Non-expendable Trust Funds	8,169,056		(8,169,056)	. •	-	0
COMPONENT UNITS - MAJOR						
University of Vermont	467,789,000			(19,328,000)		448,461,000
Vermont State Colleges	187,432,193		•	(113,917,971)	•	53,514,222
COMPONENT UNITS - NONMAJOR						
Vt Veterans' Home	6,314,608		-	•	45,252	6,359,860

#### Note 11: SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

The State reports three major and six non-major enterprise funds relating to sales of lottery tickets, liquor, Vermont Life Magazine and related products, industrial homework products, federal surplus property, adaptive equipment loans, municipal equipment loans, and Unemployment Compensation Trust Funds. Segment Information for the year ended June 30, 2002 is as follows:

is as follows:					
	Vermont	Liquor	Unemployment	Non-major	Total
	Lottery	Control	Compensation	Enterprise	Enterprise
	Commission	Fund	Trust Fund	Funds	Funds
Condensed Statement of Net Assets					
Due From Other Funds	\$ 214,660	\$ -	<b>5</b> -	\$ 39,857	\$ 254,517
Total Other Current Assets	5,827,399	5,999,152	317,684,916	3,408,038	332,919,505
Total Capital Assets (Net)	126,124	378,638		•	504,762
Other Assets	· .	5,700	-	1,867,686	1,873,386
Total Assets	6,168,183	6,383,490	317,684,916	5,315,581	335,552,170
Due To Other Funds	42,243	245,661	39,857	-	327,761
Total Other Current Liabilities	5,228,409	6,075,497	3,432,868	583,016	15,319,790
Total Restricted Liabilities	500,000	5,700	•	692,874	1,198,574
Total Liabilities	5,770,652	6,326,858	3,472,725	1,275,890	16,846,125
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	126,124	378,638	· · · · · ·	•	504,762
Restricted	20,042	-	314,212,191	479,005	314,711,238
Unrestricted	<u>251,365</u>	(322,006)	<u> </u>	3,560,686	3,490,045
Total Net Assets	\$ 397,531	\$ 56,632	\$ 314,212,191	\$ 4,039,691	\$ 318,706,045
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Exp	enses and Changes	i In Net Assets			
Charges For Sales/Service	\$ 81,982,303	\$31,979,758	\$ 39,493,412	\$ 1,866,147	\$ 155,321,620
Other Operating Revenues	18,152	1,138,806	26,948,382	959,547	29,064,887
Total Operating Revenues	82,000,455	33,118,564	66,441,794	2,825,694	184,386,507
Denomination Function	66 640	100.010			400.050
Depreciation Expense	66,640	120,218	00 557 067	0.007.400	186,858
Other Operating Expenses	65,566,465	33,250,416	88,557,267	2,837,493	190,211,641
Total Operating Expenses	65,633,105	33,370,634	88,557,267	2,837,493	190,398,499
Operating Income (Loss)	16,367,350	(252,070)	(22,115,473)	(11,799)	(6,011,992)
Non-operating Revenues/Expenses	311,804	295	19,638,238	14,338	19,964,675
Transfers In (Out)-Net	(16,679,154)	(250,644)	(30,014)	30,014	(16,929,798)
Changes in Net Assets		(502,419)	(2,507,249)	32,553	(2,977,115)
Beginning Net Assets	397,531	559,051	316,719,440	4,007,138	321,683,160
Ending Net Assets	\$ 397,531	\$ 56,632	\$ 314,212,191	\$ 4,039,691	\$ 318,706,045
Condensed Statement Of Cash Flows					
Net Cash Provided By:					
Operating Activities	C 16 276 142	£ 1707.076	\$ (20.849.783)	\$ (722,470)	\$ (3,489,034)
Operating Activities	\$ 16,376,143	\$ 1,707,076	\$ (20,849,783)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(-) , ,
Noncapital Financing Activities	(16,693,814)	(250,644)	-	8,736	(16,935,722)
Capital and Related Financing	(40.677)	(440,000)			(4F6 74F)
Activities	(40,677)	(116,038)	40 000 00-	44.000	(156,715)
Investing Activities	532,332	-	19,638,238	14,338	20,184,908
Cash and Cash Equivalent-July 1	190,777	990,088	309,641,196	2,099,247	312,921,308
Cash and Cash Equivalent-June 30	\$ 364,761	\$ 2,330,482	\$ 308,429,651	\$ 1,399,851	\$ 312,524,745
- 1: mana aan					

#### Note 12: CONTINGENT AND LIMITED LIABILITIES:

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Vermont Economic Development Authority:

In 1974, the General Assembly created the Vermont Industrial Development Authority, renamed it the Vermont Economic Development Authority ("VEDA" or the "Authority") in 1993; and transferred the functions and the responsibilities of the Vermont Industrial Building Authority, Industrial Park Authority, and the Vermont Industrial Aid Board to it. Each of these original entities was relegated to a particular segment of industrial development. The Authority was established as a body corporate and politic and a public instrumentality of the State. It is governed by a twelve member board which consists of the Secretary of Commerce & Community Development, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Markets, and nine public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The Authority has the power to insure up to \$15 million of mortgages made by lenders for the purchase of land and construction of industrial building facilities in the State; to finance the purchase of machinery and equipment; and to provide working capital. The refinancing of existing mortgages is also possible under the act that created the Authority. As of June 30, 2002, the Authority had mortgage insurance contracts totaling \$4,097,366. The full faith and credit of the State is pledged to support these activities of the Authority.

The Authority is authorized to reimburse lenders participating in the Vermont Financial Access Program for losses incurred on loans that the lender registers with the Authority. The full faith and credit of the State is pledged in an amount equal to the reserve premium payment deposited by the participating lenders for each registered loan, with the aggregate amount of credit that may be pledged not to exceed \$2 million at any one time. The State's contingent liability at June 30, 2002 was \$847,611. The State's net cash contribution since inception is \$258,437.

The 1999 General Assembly created the Vermont Agricultural Credit Corporation ("VACC") to be operated by the Authority. The VACC assumed all of the assets and liabilities of the Family Farm Debt Stabilization Program ("DSP") and the Agriculture Finance Program ("AFP"). These programs were previously administered by the Authority. In 1988, the DSP borrowed \$20,000,000 from a group of Vermont banks. A pledge of the full faith and credit of the State secured the repayment of the debt. In 1996, the authority borrowed an additional \$2,000,000 from a single Vermont bank, also secured by the pledge of the full faith and credit of the State. As of June 30, 2002, the Authority had \$720,266 outstanding on these obligations

#### Federal Grants:

The State receives federal grants that are subject to audit and review by federal grantor agencies. This could result in expenditure being disallowed under the terms of the grants. However, it is believed that required reimbursements resulting therefrom would not be material.

#### LIMITED LIABILITIES

#### Vermont Economic Development Authority

The State has a limited liability for the Vermont Economic Development Authority. The Authority may create one or more debt service reserve funds in accordance with 10 VSA Section 219. Annually, the Authority must report to the State the amount necessary to bring the reserve balances up to the minimum required by statute. This sum so certified may be appropriated by the State. It has not been necessary for the State to appropriate money to maintain the reserve and it is not anticipated that any appropriation will have to be made.

#### Vermont Municipal Bond Bank:

The State has a limited liability for the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank. The Bank is required to maintain debt service reserve funds. Title 24, VSA, Section 4675 requires the State to provide annual appropriations to restore the reserve funds to the required minimum balance, if necessary. It has never been necessary for the State to appropriate

money to the reserve fund and it is not anticipated that it will need to make an appropriation in the future.

#### Vermont Housing Finance Agency:

The State has a limited liability for the Vermont Housing Finance Agency. The Agency may create one or more debt service reserve funds in accordance with 10 VSA Section 632. Annually, the Agency must report to the State the amount necessary to bring reserve fund balances up to the minimum required by statute. This sum so certified may be appropriated by the State. It has not been necessary for the State to appropriate money to maintain the reserve fund and it is not anticipated that any appropriation will have to be made.

#### **Note 13: LITIGATION**

The State, its agencies, officials and employees are defendants in numerous lawsuits involving funding for social welfare programs, civil rights actions, public education funding, breach of contract and negligence. The Attorney General is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of the majority of these suits, some of which seek recovery of monetary damages of unspecified amounts. However, based on information provided by the Attorney General, it is believed that any ultimate liability to the State resulting from these suits, not covered by various insurance policies, would not materially affect the State's overall financial condition.

#### **Note 14: BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVES**

The 1993 Legislature amended action taken by the 1987 Legislature by repealing legislation creating the Budget Stabilization Trust Fund and created separate Budget Stabilization Reserves within both the General Fund and Transportation Fund. The Education Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve was created by the 1999 Legislature. These reserves were created to reduce the effects of annual variations in state revenues upon these funds by reserving certain surpluses of revenues.

The reserves balances will consist of any unreserved undesignated surplus at the close of the fiscal year, provided the balance in each fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve shall not exceed an amount equal to five percent of its appropriations for the prior fiscal year plus any additional amounts as may be authorized by the General Assembly. Use of the reserve is limited to offsetting the respective fund's deficit at the close of a fiscal year. Pursuant to action taken by the Legislature, the Transportation Fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve at June 30, 2002 was \$9,890,396, the General Fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve was \$9,441,773 at June 30, 2002, and the Education Fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve at June 30, 2002 was \$14,243,809.

#### **Note 15: JOINT VENTURE**

The State of Vermont has entered into a Tri-State Lotto Compact with the States of New Hampshire and Maine for the purpose of operating a tri-state lottery. This lottery does not replace Vermont's individual lottery games but is run in addition to the existing games. The Compact provided for the creation of a Tri-State Lottery Commission which is an interstate body, both corporate and politic, serving as a common agency of the party states and representing them both collectively and individually in the exercise of its powers and duties. The commission is composed of one member from each of the party states. Each state's lottery commission appoints one of its members to this position. The three-member commission annually elects a chairperson from among its members. The commission is empowered to operate and administer Tri-State Lotto and to promulgate rules and regulations governing the establishment and operation of the lotto. Tri-State Lotto tickets are sold in each of the party states and processed in a central location as determined by the commission. Fifty percent of the gross sales from each state are aggregated in a common prize pool, and operating costs are charged proportionally to each of the party states. The remaining revenues generated within each state remain in that particular state.

At June 29, 2002, the commission had total assets of \$234,871,488 and total liabilities of \$212,033,428. For the fiscal year ended June 29, 2002, the commission has operating revenues of \$80,329,957, interest income of \$377,761, commissions, fees, and bonus expenses of \$11,402,738, prize awards of \$40,296,726, and other operating expenses of \$4,420,535. During the fiscal year, the commission made operating transfers to member states of \$24,587,719, which includes \$1,627,538 transferred to Vermont.

#### Note 16: RISK MANAGEMENT and INSURANCE

#### A. Workers' Compensation and Liability Risk Management

The Risk Management Division of the Department of Buildings and General Services administers all risk management for State government with the exception of the health and life Insurance plans listed below. State policy is to minimize the purchase of commercial insurance by either self-funding or otherwise retaining the risk when it makes sense to do so. The Risk Management Division sets aside assets and pays claims utilizing the following three Internal Service Funds:

Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund State Liability Self Insurance Fund Risk Management- All Other Fund (used for the purchase of commercial insurance)

The Workers' Compensation Fund covers all state employees pursuant to state statutes. Certain quasigovernmental entities may also request coverage through this program. The State has unlimited exposure to liability
and has not purchased any stop-loss insurance to limit this exposure. This liability is reviewed annually by an
outside actuary and includes a review of incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). All claims are processed by Risk
Management Division personnel and are audited annually by an outside claims adjuster to ensure that claims' based
statistical information used to calculate the state's worker's compensation exposure is reliable. The contribution
required to fully fund losses is calculated annually by an outside actuary. Allocation of this calculated contribution to
participating entities is performed by the Risk Management Division utilizing exposure and departmental experience
factors.

The State Liability Insurance Fund covers general and employment practices liability, discrimination, and auto liability risk. The coverage is comparable to standard private commercial policies. It offers coverage to the same group of participants as those covered by the Worker's Compensation plan described above. Its exposure to risk in Vermont is subject to the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity and is governed by Vermont Tort Claims Act, 12 VSA 5601. Exposure outside of Vermont is potentially unlimited. It is self-insured for the first \$250,000 of exposure and has purchased excess commercial insurance to cover the additional per occurrence exposure in amounts of up to \$1,000,000 in Vermont and \$10,000,000 for claims that are not subject to the Vermont Torts Claim Act. The State's liability is reviewed annually by an outside actuary. This review includes a review of incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). The contribution required to fully fund these estimated losses is calculated annually by an outside actuary. Allocation of each participating entity's portion of this contribution is performed by the Risk Management Division utilizing exposure and departmental experience factors. A Third Party Administrator (TPA) administers all claims other than minor property damage claims which are administered by division staff. The liability loss projections and the claims processing data are audited annually by outside claims' adjusters.

The Risk Management-All Other Fund provides insurance coverage through purchased commercial policies for risks not covered in the above funds or which are self assumed. This coverage provides insurance for state-owned real property, bonds for various categories of employees, robbery and burglary coverage for the Federal food stamp program, errors and omissions coverage for judges, and various other miscellaneous coverage. The State's liability exposure is limited to the amount of the various deductibles associated with the respective coverage. Premium charges from the various insurers plus a 5% surcharge to cover state administration costs are either assessed directly against the entity specifically requiring the coverage or apportioned among those entities receiving the benefits of the coverage. Entities eligible for coverage are the same as those listed above for the other funds.

### B. Health Care, Dental Insurance, Life Insurance, Employee Assistance, and Long Term Disability Funds For State Employee Plans

The Employee Benefits and Wellness Division of the Department of Personnel maintains medical, dental, life insurance, employee assistance, and long term disability program funds for the benefit of current state employees, retirees, certain former employees allowed participation by statute or labor agreement, legislators, and employees of outside groups which have been declared eligible to participate by statute. All or some of these named groups may participate, depending upon the plan. Temporary and contractual employees are not eligible to participate in these plans.

The medical plan offerings changed beginning January 2002. There was one set of plan offerings in the first half of fiscal year 2002 and another set of plan offerings in the second half of FY2002. The change in medical plan offerings was negotiated with the Vermont State Employees Association, the bargaining agent for state employees. The new plans are designed to be more cost effective than the prior plans. Participating employees share in the premium cost of all of the medical plans. Premium rate setting is provided by an outside actuary in conjunction with the benefits division. The State's liability for incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) claims is calculated by an actuary and is usually based on the State's prior claims experience.

The health plans which were in place for the first half of FY2002 included two fully insured health maintenance organizations (HMOs): MVP Health Plan, and TVHP Blue Care. A self-funded/self insured indemnity plan (Choice Plus) was also offered and was administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Vermont. The HMO plans' premiums were calculated by the HMO based on community rates. The coverage available to the participants was administered under a managed care arrangement. The State bore no insurance risk for catastrophic occurrences or claims dollars in excess of the premium paid to the HMO's. The self-funded Choice Plus plan provided medical benefits coverage with high dollar limitations. To limit the State's large claims exposure from this plan, the State purchased stop-loss reinsurance.

The new plan offerings implemented in the second half of FY2002 include four plan options. Total Choice, HealthGuard PPO, and SafetyNet are "preferred provider organization" indemnity type plans. There is a lifetime limit on coverage for a participant in these three plans. The SelectCare POS is a "point of service" plan option, similar to an open-ended HMO. Members may opt out of the network but must meet a high deductible and coinsurance to do so. The coverage is basically unlimited but is administered under a managed care arrangement. All four of the new plan options are primarily self insured by the state. To limit the state's large claims loss, the state has purchased stop loss insurance.

The self-funded State of Vermont Employee Dental Assistance Plan, which is administered by Northeast Delta Dental, provides up to \$1,000 regular dental care annually and up to \$1,750 lifetime for orthodontic care for each participant. These plan caps effectively limit the State's exposure to catastrophic loss so no stop-loss insurance has been purchased. The Benefits Division analyst, in consultation with the dental actuary of the plan's administrator, sets the premium rates. Participants include all mentioned above except for retirees. The state pays 100% of the premium for state employee participants.

The State of Vermont Employee Life Insurance Program consists of a Regular Life benefit and an Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D) benefit, each of which provides coverage equal to twice a participant's base salary rounded down to the nearest \$100. Retirees who work for the State for at least twenty years and who have insurance at the time of retirement receive a retiree life benefit of \$5,000 with no AD&D coverage. Both the regular life and AD&D are fully insured products where the carrier retains liability for all claims. The benefits division analyst calculates the premium rates charged for both of these programs. The state pays 75% of active employees premiums and 100% of retirees' premium costs. Only current employees, retired employees and current members of outside groups are eligible to participate.

A flexible spending account is available to active state employees only. This account allows pre-tax salary deduction to be used to pay for eligible medical and dependent care expenses.

An Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is provided for the benefit of state employees and their immediate families. This program assists employees and family members in addressing problems that impact on lives including family, psychological, stress, financial, drugs, alcoholism, and other issues. Only current state employees and their families are eligible for this program. The manager of this program, ETP, Inc., is paid a monthly fee based on the number of employees who work for the State and provides up to 5 counseling sessions per case through a network of providers. No claim's costs, or claim's liabilities are incurred under this plan by the State. The state pays 100% of the premium for this plan.

A Long- term Disability Program (special fund through FY2001, an internal service fund beginning in FY2002) is provided as an income replacement benefit for employees who become permanently disabled. The plan provides financial protection for state employees and their families by paying a portion of their income while disabled. Only state employees who are not eligible to be represented by the employees' union, the Vermont State Employees Association, are eligible for this benefit. There is a one-year eligibility waiting period once disabled. This plan is fully insured through the carrier, the Standard, so there is no liability to the state for claims. Premium is based on a percentage of salaries of eligible participants. The combined benefit integrated with retirement and social security

income, replaces 66 2/3% of the disabled person's base salary at the time of disability. The state pays 100% of the premium for the plan. Eligible employees, depending upon whether they are covered by a leave plan, forfeit either 1 day of leave per year or have a one-time .2% salary reduction in their next cost-of-living increase to offset the state cost of the plan.

Following is a table displaying three years' changes in the respective funds' claims liability amounts.

		<b>Current FY</b>		
	Liability at	Claims and	Current	Balance of
	Beginning of	Changes	FY Claims	Liability at End
Fund and Fiscal Year	the Fiscal Year	in Estimates	<u>Payments</u>	of Fiscal Year
Workers' Compensation				
Fund				
FY 2000	9,327,495	5,728,010	4,848,810	10,206,695
FY 2001	10,206,695	7,470,814	5,686,611	11,990,898
FY 2002	11,990,898	6,258,621	5,296,358	12,953,161
State Liability				
Insurance Fund				
FY 2000	5,232,096	1,008,171	1,132,410	5,107,857
FY 2001	5,107,857	3,020,229	1,395,800	6,732,286
FY 2002	6,732,286	607,876	960,545	6,379,617
Choice Plus - Medical			·	
Insurance Fund				
FY 2000	4,826,276	27,388,115	26,697,579	5,516,812
FY 2001	5,516,812	31,122,193	30,178,494	6,460,511
FY 2002	6,460,511	38,189,077	36,322,720	8,326,868
Dental insurance Fund				
FY 2000	229,570	3,483,951	3,457,767	255,754
FY 2001	255,754	3,717,131	3,646,996	325,889
FY 2002	325,889	4,363,223	4,340,822	348,290
Life Insurance Fund				
FY 2000	0	0	0	0
FY 2001	0	, 0	0	0
FY 2002	0.	0	0	0
Employee Assistance Program				
FY 2000	0	0	0	0
FY 2001	0	0	0	0
FY 2002	0	0	0	0
Long-term Disability Plan				
FY 2002	0	0	0	. 0

#### **NOTE 17: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES**

The following individual funds have deficit total net assets or deficit unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2002:

#### **Business-type Proprietary Funds**

Liquor Control Fund: has a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$322,006. Its total net assets balance remains positive but has been reduced from \$559,051 at June 30, 2001 to \$56,632 at June 30, 2002. It had an operating loss of \$252,070 for fiscal year 2002.

Federal Surplus Property Fund: has a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$149,370 although its total net asset balance remained positive at June 30, 2002. It had an operating loss of \$25,152 for fiscal year 2002.

#### Internal Service Funds

Copy Center Fund: has a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$1,807,424 but has a positive total net asset fund balance of \$431,235 at June 30, 2002. It had operating income of \$254,518 for FY2002 but transferred \$1,085,000 to the general fund thereby reducing its total net asset balance from \$1,261,717 at June 30, 2001 to \$431,235 at June 30, 2002. This deficit will be extinguished by a rate adjustment to the customers of this fund.

Postage Center Fund: has a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$164,071 and a deficit total net asset balance of \$107,928 at June 30, 2002. These deficits will be addressed via a change in the current rate structure.

Workers' Compensation Fund: has a deficit unrestricted and total net asset balance of \$5,463,351 after incurring an operating loss of \$2,139,484 for FY2002. The State expects to eliminate this deficit through rate adjustments over the next 5 years.

Property Management Fund: has a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$2,757,068 and a deficit total net assets balance of \$2,745,000 at June 30, 2002. It had operating income of \$1,709,464 but transferred \$2,389,385 to the special fund for funding of bond principal and interest payments during fiscal year 2002. This deficit net asset balance is a structural one resulting from a mismatch between twenty-year bonds being used as the funding source for a fifty-year life building. The bonds are being paid off over a twenty-year period depending on the building. The tenants' rents cover 100% of the interest costs plus 2% of the bond principal amount per year so it will take fifty years to collect the total bond principal even though the bond principal will be paid off in twenty years. The fund equity will continue to go negative until the bonds are paid off and then the equity balance will become less negative as the 2% annual principal payments are received until it finally goes to zero after fifty years.

Facilities Operations Fund: has a both a deficit unrestricted net assets balance and a deficit total net assets balance of \$5,952,287 and \$5,584,944 respectively at June 30, 2002 for its first year of operation. It had an operating loss of \$3,642,274 for FY2002 and also recorded additional non-current startup costs of \$1,942,670 in FY2002. The State intends to eliminate this deficit via a rent surcharge over a ten-year period.

GOVNET Fund: has a deficit unrestricted net assets balance of \$326,963 and a deficit total net assets balance of \$217,283 at June 30,2002. It incurred an operating loss of \$8,749 for FY2002. Its deficits will be recovered via rate adjustments to its customers.

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#### Note 18: INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund assets and liabilities for each Individual fund within the Primary Government and within the Component Units at June 30, 2002 were:

		Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds	i	interfund Loans Receivable	Ļ	nterfund .oans
Fund Type/Fund	_	runus		runos		Kecelvanie	. <u>-</u>	ayable
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS								
General Fund	\$	520,121	\$	1,538,083	\$	22,349,097	\$	
Special Revenue Funds								
Transportation Fund		89,224		1,180,639				
Education Fund		1,625,433		242,326				
Special Fund		6,300,568		147,169				
Federal Revenue Fund		257,192		1,087,819				3,676,265
Non-major Governmental Funds								
Fish & Wildlife Fund		5,697		10,951				
Transportation Bond Fund		6,158						6,155
PROPRIETARY FUNDS								
Enterprise Funds								
Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund				39,857				
Liquor Control Fund				245,661				
Vermont Lottery Fund		214,660		42,243				
Non-major Enterprise Funds								
Industrial Homework Find								
Federal Surplus Fund								176,414
Vermont Life Magazine								197,234
Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund		39,857						
Internal Service Funds								·
Highway Garage Fund								173,193
Offender Work Programs								572,980
Communication & Information Technology Fund								3,970,867
Supply Center Fund			,					667,509
Copy Center Fund								2,507,642
Single Audit Revolving Fund								
Medical Insurance Fund				774,344				
Life Insurance Fund		2,694						
Postage Fund								834,372
Workers' Compensation Fund		7,004		103,426				
State Liability Insurance Fund		69,799		4,018				
Risk Management Fund				2,985				510,776
Property Management Fund								2,822,474
Equipment Revolving Fund				1,822		•		1,239,505
Facilities Operations Fund GOVnet Fund								4,216,180 261,716
GOVIEL FUILD								201,710
FIDUCIARY FUNDS								
Pension Trust Funds								
Vermont State Retirement System		762,157						
Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan		4,910						
State Teacher's Retirement Plan		4,582						
Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement Fund		183		400				
Vermont Municipal Employees Defined Contribution Plan				183				
Private Purpose Trust Funds								
Abandoned Property Fund				5,990				
Agency Funds								
Retirement Contributions & Withholdings Fund				793				5,490
Federal income Tax Witholdings Fund				1,994				33,906
State Income Tax Withholdings Fund				506				
Social Security Contributions & Withholdings Fund				1,819				88,295
Employees Insurance Contributions & Withholdings Fund		192,352		2,673				
Employee Deferred Compensation Withholdings Fund								2,181
Child Support Collections Fund				4,658,902				
Unidentified Receipts Fund		107						335,612
Vendor and Other Deposits Fund				8,495				
Other Contributions & Withholdings Fund								50,331
Total Primary Government Funds	\$	10,102,698	\$	10,102,698	\$	22,349,097	\$	22,349,097
COMPONENT UNITS  Vermont Student Assistance Corporation								
Non-major Component Units								
Vermont Economic Development Authority								
Vermont Housing and Conservation Board								
Vermont Transportation Authority								
·		40 400 500		40.405.555	٠.	00 040 000		00 040 00-
Total Reporting Entity	\$	10,102,598	_\$	10,102,698	. \$	22,349,097	- <sup>\$</sup> =	22,349,097

Due From Component Units/Primary Due To Component Advances To Advances From Advances To Other Funds Component Component From Other Funds Units/Primary Units/Primary Units/Primery Government Government Government Government 1,914,486 \$ \$ 523,700 \$ 1,239,332 \$ 1,493,304 10,627

3,062,806

5,700 500,000 1,700 1,200

15,100

 B. Operating Transfers between the individual funds of the primary government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002 were:

Fund Type/Fund	<u>Tr</u>	ansfers In	_	Transfers Out
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS General Fund	\$	20,380,670	\$	291,521,686
Special Revenue Funds				
Transportation Fund		15,592,657		3,864,212
Education Fund		280,438,797		
Special Fund		8,191,177		16,362,037
Federal Revenue Fund		7,753,440		11,394,166
Non-major Governmental Funds				
Fish & Wildlife Fund		44,075		
General Bond Fund		15,213,758		3,060,816
PROPRIETARY FUNDS				
Enterprise Funds				
Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund		323,601		353,615
Vermont Lottery Fund				16,679,154
Liquor Control Fund				250,644
Non-major Enterprise Funds				•
Unemployment Contingent Trust Fund		353,615		323,601
Internal Service Funds				
Postage Fund				165,000
Property Management Fund				2,389,385
Highway Garage Fund		1,978,078		336,447
Copy Center Fund				1,085,000
State Liability Insurance Fund				
State Surplus Property Fund				93,293
Long-term Disability Plan		23,519		
PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS				
Abandoned Property Fund			-	2,414,331
Total	\$	350,293,387	\$	350,293,387

#### Note 19: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended June 30, 2002, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	,	July 1, 2001	Additions	_	Reductions		June 30, 2002		Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:  Bonds payable (1)	\$	480,443,358	\$ 54,556,732	\$	48.535,000	5	486,465,090	\$	51,355,000
Compensated absences		25,097,113	31,052,186		30,085,216		26,064,083		16,313,547
Claims and judgements		25,509,584	49,850,345		47.351.993		28,007,936		8,675,158
Contingent liabilities		7,000,000					7,000,000		-
Net pension obligation		125,124,366	56,971,451		56,068,277		126,027,540		
Other liabilities		0	429,211		7,925		421,286		
Total governmental activities			 ****			_			
long-term liabilities	\$	663,174,421	\$ 192,859,925	\$	182,048,411	\$	673,985,935	\$_	76,343,705
Business-type activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	326,546	\$ 206,333	\$	220,102	\$	312,777	\$	188,154
Claims and judgements		4,104,549	3,670,907		4,104,549		3,670,907	_	3,670,907
Total business-type activities			 						
long-term liabilities	\$	4,431,095	\$ 3,877,240	\$	4,324,651	\$	3,983,684	\$	3,859,061
COMPONENT UNITS									
Bonds and notes payable	\$	1,650,180,886	\$ 215,845,902	\$	77,290,309	\$	1,788,736,479	\$	129,409,926
Capital leases payable		195,522	-		76,840		118,682		40,000
. Accrued arbitrage rebate		12,579,347	3,956,387		874,542		15,661,192		1,631,686
Other liabilities Total component units		27,509,587	 14,100,540		403,757	_	41,206,370	_	315,000
long-term liabilities	\$	1,690,465,342	\$ 233,902,829	\$	78,645,448	\$	1,845,722,723	\$	131,396,612

<sup>(1)</sup> Governmental activities bonds payable additions includes \$3,556,732 of accretions on capital appreciation bonds.

#### **Note 20: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:**

#### **Debt Issuance**

The State issued \$30,800,000 of 2002 Series A General Obligation Bonds, dated December 1, 2002. The State expects to use approximately \$1.7 million of the proceeds to fund capital improvements authorized by the legislature in years prior to 2002 with the remaining amount to be used for capital projects authorized by Act 149 of 2002. Interest rates on these bonds vary from 3% to 5%. Payments to the bondholders are scheduled to commence August 1, 2003 and terminate August 1, 2019.

The State issued \$31,555,000 of 2002 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated December 1, 2002. The proceeds from this offering will be used to refund the State's General Obligation Bonds, 1993 Series B maturing in 2006-2013. Interest rates on these bonds vary from 2% to 5%. Payments to the bondholders are scheduled to commence August 1, 2003 and terminate August 1, 2013.

The State issued \$5,000,000 of 2002 Series C General Obligation Bonds (Vermont Citizen Bonds) dated February 4, 2003. The proceeds from this sale will be used to fund various capital projects in the natural resources area as described in Act 149 of 2002, Section 8. Interest rates on these bonds vary from 2% to 2.2%. Payments to the bondholders will commence on August 1, 2003 and terminate August 1, 2007.

The State also issued \$75,000,000 2003 Series A General Obligation Revenue Anticipation Notes dated August 28, 2002. The proceeds will be used to pay the expenses of government for which appropriations have been made but for which anticipated revenues have not been received, and for the purpose of paying expenses in connection with the issuance of the notes. The interest rate on these notes is 2.5% with a price to yield of 1.36%. The notes matured and were paid off in full on June 17, 2003.

#### Department of Information and Innovation

In Act 31 of 2003, the Legislature created a new department in the Agency of Administration called the Department of Information and Innovation. This new department will be headed by a commissioner appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commissioner will also be designated as the Chief Information Officer of the State.

The Department of Information and Innovation shall have all its responsibilities assigned to it by law and shall include but not be limited to the following:

- provide direction and oversight for all activities directly related to information technology including telecommunications services, information technology equipment, software, accessibility to systems, and networks in state government;
- 2. manage an agency coordinated budget;
- 3. manage GOVNet and K-12 net Information systems;
- 4. administer communication, information and technology services which have been transferred from the Department of Buildings and General Services;
- 5. review all information technology requests for proposal with a value greater than \$10,000;
- review and approve all computer systems with a value greater than \$150,000, annually submit a strategic plan for information technology as well as perform other independent review responsibilities as required by the Secretary of Administration;
- 7. inventory technology assets within state government; and
- 8. coordinate information technology within state government.

#### Federal Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003

Federal tax reconciliation legislation (H.R.2) has made funds available to the State of Vermont. The State received \$25 million in June 2003 with another \$25 million anticipated in October 2003. An additional \$33 million of federal funds that will be earned during the period April 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004 due to increased federal participation in the cost of Medicaid and Foster Care programs are also expected to be received.

#### Act 68 of 2003

Act 68 as passed by the 2003 Vermont Legislature, modifies as well as streamlines the revenue sources that provide the current funding for education in the State of Vermont. It changes the nature of property taxes as they apply to education funding by splitting the grand list between residential and non-residential properties and taxing each at a different rate. It eliminates the controversial "sharing pool" and replaces the varied Act 60 taxes (called "splinter taxes") with an increased sales tax.

#### General Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve

In September 2002, the Emergency Board moved the \$4,347,360 reserved in the General Fund's fund balance at June 30, 2002 under the category entitled "General Fund Surplus" to the category entitled "Budget Stabilization" reserve. This resulted in the "General Fund Surplus" balance being reduced to \$0 while the "Budget Stabilization" reserve balance increased to \$13,789,133.



### Supplementary Information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual (Budgetary Based)	, ,	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	884,800,000 \$	•	845,262,000	\$	818,954,760	\$	(26,307,240)
Licenses		2,500,000		2,300,000		2,659,344		359,344
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties		2,000,000		2,200,000		2,607,674		407,674
Earnings of Departments		10,500,000		10,200,000		9,889,070		(310,930)
Interest and Premiums		6,300,000		5,696,000		3,057,695		(2,638,305)
Other		1,000,000		950,000		838,816		(111,184)
Total Revenues	_	907,100,000	_	866,608,000	_	838,007,359		(28,600,641)
Expenditures:								
General Government		55,722,848		53,250,697		47,390,299		5,860,398
Protection to Persons and Property		53,564,081		62,160,584		54,506,306		7,654,278
Human Services		347,934,601		344,648,755		328,818,778		15,829,977
Employment and Training		952,617		2,423,793		1,334,218		1,089,575
General Education		116,949,679		122,664,378		117,841,593		4,822,785
Natural Resources		19,784,599		22,858,689		18,495,622		4,363,067
Commerce and Community Development		12,856,148		20,039,677		18,478,810		1,560,867
Transportation		,		2,049				2,049
Debt Service		60,453,876		63,973,911		63,899,370		74,541
Total Expenditures	-	668,218,449	_	692,022,533	-	650,764,996		41,257,537
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	_	238,881,551	_	174,585,467	_	187,242,363		12,656,896
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In		-		20,361,992		20,361,992		-
Operating Transfers Out		(287,627,080)		(290,451,548)		(290,451,548)		-
Other Sources				74,427		74,427		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(287,627,080)	_	(270,015,129)	_	(270,015,129)		-
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(48,745,529)		(95,429,662)		(82,772,766)		12,656,896
Fund Balance, July 1, as restated		150,993,004		150,993,004		150,993,004		-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ _	102,247,475 \$	=	55,563,342	\$ _	68,220,238	\$	12,656,896

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement. See Independent Auditor's Report

### STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Based)	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes\$	135,300,000 \$	135,569,000	\$ 137,087,007	\$ 1,518,007
Licenses	43,000,000	43,500,000	49,389,068	5,889,068
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties	•	•	8,860,522	8,860,522
Earnings of Departments	•	-	3,130,494	3,130,494
Federal	173,535,808	177,720,808	155,260,639	(22,460,169)
Interest and Premiums	•	• •	1,144	1,144
Other	14,898,174	16,024,773	3,137,810	(12,886,963)
Total Revenues	366,733,982	372,814,581	356,866,684	(15,947,897)
Expenditures:				
General Government	13.810,765	11,693,301	11,515,638	177,663
Protection to Persons and Property	30.933.689	31,904,973	31,745,654	159,319
Human Services	1.999.578	2,020,479	2,020,479	100,010
General Education	4,239,932	4,977,666	4,711,715	265.951
Natural Resources	1,688,140	1,560,850	1,409,416	151,434
Transportation	344,542,596	358,380,955	316,901,103	41,479,852
Debt Service	3,100,055	2,921,675	2,910,054	11,621
Total Expenditures	400,314,755	413,459,899	371,214,059	42,245,840
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	(33,580,773)	(40,645,318)	(14,347,375)	26,297,943
		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	16,918,741	16,761,398	16,761,398	-
Operating Transfers Out	(4,326,820)	(4,226,820)	(4,226,820)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,591,921	12,534,578	12,534,578	-
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(20,988,852)	(28,110,740)	(1,812,797)	26,297,943
Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	15,674,246	15,674,246	15,674,246	-
Fund Balance, June 30\$	(5,314,606) \$	(12,436,494)	\$ 13,861,449	\$ 26,297,943

The Notes To Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement. See Independent Auditor's Report

# STATE, OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Based)	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	516,350,000 \$	515,532,000	\$ 517,085,956	\$ 1,553,956
Licenses	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,542,500	(57,500)
Interest and Premiums	100,000	90,000	171,844	81. <b>84</b> 4
Total Revenues	519,050,000	518,222,000	519,800,300	1,578,300
•			3.0,000,000	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Expenditures:				
General Education	832,836,412	821,132,647	816,340,626	4,792,021
Total Expenditures	832,836,412	821,132,647	816,340,626	4,792,021
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	(313,786,412)	(302,910,647)	(296,540,325)	6,370,322
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	252,863,322	279.847.324	279.847.324	_
Operating Transfers Out			-	-
Other Sources	-	-		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	252,863,322	279,847,324	279,847,324	•
, ,				
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(60,923,090)	(23,063,323)	(16,693,001)	6,370,322
	,::,:,:,	(==///	(::,500,001)	-,51 0,0ma
Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	36,573,337	36,573,337	36,573,337	-
Fund Balance, June 30	(24,349,753) \$	13,510,014		

The Notes To Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement. See Independent Auditor's Report

# STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASED) SPECIAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Based)	Variance with Final Budget Favorable _(Unfavorable)
Revenues:		•		
Taxes	\$ - \$	- \$	89,257,197 \$	N/A
Licenses	-	-	7,620,464	N/A
Fines, Forfelts and Penalties	-	-	2,529,361	N/A
Earnings of Departments	-	_	43,768,951	N/A
Interest and Premiums	· -	•	3,414,503	N/A
Other	-	-	81,621,806	N/A
Special Fund Revenues	220,185,179	258,206,449	<u> </u>	N/A
Total Revenues	220,185,179	258,206,449	228,212,282	(29,994,167)
Expenditures:				
General Government	11,460,638	16,284,404	11,668,325	4,616,079
Protection to Persons and Property	49,382,409	55,029,977	43,194,333	11,835,644
Human Services	125,556,269	156,226,144	139,544,326	16,681,818
Employment and Training	3,741,000	3,741,000	1,382,242	2,358,758
General Education	3,391,792	9,136,984	3,586,207	5,550,777
Natural Resources	27,648,455	32,040,914	24,466,300	7,574,614
Commerce and Community Development	1,181,871	7,740,042	5,044,254	2,695,788
Transportation	129,785	236,024	57,118	178,906
Public Service Enterprises	83,575	2,516,130	2,001,936	514,194
Debt Service	2,389,385	2,405,223	2,405,223	-
Total Expenditures	224,965,179	285,356,842	233,350,264	52,006,578
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	(4,780,000)	(27,150,393)	(5,137,982)	22,012,411
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	•			
Premium on Sale of Bonds	-	123,348	123,348	-
Operating Transfers In	4,780,000	27,027,045	27,027,045	_
Operating Transfers Out	(40,000)	(35,969,518)	(35,969,518)	-
Other Sources (Uses)		(5,355)	(5,355)	•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses).	4,740,000	(8,824,480)	(8,824,480)	+
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(40,000)	(35,974,873)	(13, <del>9</del> 62,462)	22,012,411
Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	73,799,844	73,799,844	73,799,844	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 73,759,844 \$	37,824,971 \$	59,837,382 \$	22,012,411

The NotesTo Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement. See Independent Auditor's Report

# STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FEDERAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Original Budget	Final Bu <b>dge</b> t	Actual (Budgetary Based)	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	•			
Federal\$	761,878,342 \$	859,724,282	\$ 798,041,353 \$	(61,682,929)
Interest and Premiums	•	•	56,429	56,429
Other		-	<u>2,281,330</u>	2,281,330
Total Revenues	761,878,342	859,724,282	800,379,112	(59,345,170)
Expenditures:				
General Government	2,835,602	3,719,999	3,020,095	699,904
Protection to Persons and Property	28,445,185	40,529,985	32,456,041	8,073,944
Human Services	584,179,309	636,709,271	616,833,087	19,876,184
Employment and Training	24,201,686	24,201,686	23,803,034	398,652
General Education	96,494,320	96,994,320	75,157,416	21,836,904
Natural Resources	12,285,872	29,831,872	27,989,584	1,842,288
Commerce and Community Development	13,436,368	29,486,632	14,160,195	15,326,437
Total Expenditures	761,878,342	861,473,765	793,419,452	68,054,313
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures		(1,749,483)	6,959,660	8,709,143
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	-	1,749,483	1,749,483	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	(11,394,166)	(11,394,166)	_
Other Sources	-	3.677	3,677	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,641,006)	(9,641,006)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over	•			
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	•	(11,390,489)	(2,681,346)	8,709,143
Fund Balance, July 1	(2,039,595)	(2,039,595)	(2,039,595)	-
Fund Balance, June 30\$	(2,039,595) \$	(13,430,084)	\$ (4,720,941)	8,709,143

The Notes To Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement. See Independent Auditor's Report

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002

#### RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO GAAP

The State's annual budget is prepared on a basis (cash) other than GAAP. The actual results column of the "Budget and Actual" non-GAAP budgetary schedules are presented on a modified cash basis to provide a meaningful comparison to budget. The General and major Special Revenue Funds' statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis (GAAP). The major differences between the modified cash basis and the modified accrual basis are:

- 1 Expenditures are recognized when cash is paid or committed (budgetary) rather than when the obligation is incurred.
- 2 On a GAAP basis, major inter-agency and intra-agency transactions are eliminated in order not to double count revenues and expenditures.

The following schedule reconciles the general and special revenue funds of the primary government for differences between budgetary accounting methods and the GAAP basis accounting principles for the year ended June 30, 2002.

	General Fund	Transportation Fund	Education Fund	Special Fund	Federal Revenue Fund	
Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 68,220,238	\$ 13,861,449	\$ 19,880,336	\$ 59,837,382	\$ (4,720,941)	
Basis of Accounting Differences:						
To record restricted cash, market value of investments	-	2,548,877	-	828,106	, <b>-</b>	
To record taxes receivable	172,121,640	6,465,898	9,563,550	3,985,485	-	
To record loans/notes receivable, due from other funds, and other receivables	2,635,616	8,698,751	1,625,433	23,813,810	9,485,923	
To record due from federal government	-	12,343,618	-	· -	95,370,812	
To record accounts and retainage payable, accrued liabilities, deferred revenue.	(91,227,494)	(28,773,340)	(13,570,948)	(46,600,468)	(72,184,899)	
To record tax refunds payable	(792,633)	-	-	-	-	
To record due to other funds	(1,538,083)	(1,180,639)	(242,326)	(147,169)	(1,087,819)	
To record due to component units	-	(10,627)		-	-	
To record effects of blended component units	-	2,410,470	-	4,328,996	14,768,964	
To record removal of discretely presented component unit	174,633			239,291	28,592	
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$ 149,593,917	\$ 16,364,457	\$ 17,256,045	\$ 46,285,433	\$ 41,660,632	



### **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### State of Vermont Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2002

		Special Revenue	-	Capita	l Pro	Projects	
		Fish & Wildlife Fund		General Bond Fund	_	Transportation Bond Fund	
ASSETS:			_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,009,307	\$	<b>57,584,32</b> 0	\$	•	
Investments		-		•		•	
Receivables:		00.404					
Taxes receivable		82,104		-		•	
Other receivables		496,531		292,088		, •	
Intergovernmental receivable - federal		077 606					
government		277,596		-		C 450	
Due from other funds		5,697			_	6,158	
Total assets	\$	5,871,235	\$	57,876,408	\$	6,158	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES:	_		_		_		
Accounts payable	\$	420,056	\$	1,809,788	\$	•	
Accrued liabilities		368,278		1,774			
Due to other funds		10,951		-		0.45	
Interfund payable		•		4 404 000		6,15	
Retainage payable	_	-	_	1,494,969			
Total Liabilities		799,285		3,306,531		6,155	
FUND BALANCE:			-				
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		238,858		2,771,111			
Endowments		-		-			
Unreserved:							
Designated for specific purposes				51,798,766		;	
Undesignated		4,833,092			_		
Total fund balance		5,071,950		54,569,877			

			·		Permanent Funds				
	Higher Education Endowment Fund		Vermont Sanitorium Fund	-	Albert C. Lord Trust Fund	Lu	mberjack Fund		Couching Llon Farm Cemetery Fund
\$	635,055 7,779,947	\$	(4,771) 242,616	\$	4,237 215,259	\$	13,281 10,726	\$	16,92; 2,26
	-		-		- -		-		
		_	-		<u>-</u>		-	_	
	8,415,002	\$	237,845	\$	219,496	<u>\$</u>	24,007	\$	19,19
					•				
	- -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
	- - -		- - -		- -		- -		·
	0		0		0		0		•
	7,000,000		206,502		- 183,217		9,129		1,93
	1,415,002	_	31,343		36,279		14,878		17,26
_	8,415,002		237,845		219,496		24,007		19,19
							•		

#### State of Vermont Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2002

			Pe	rmanent Funds
	<u>U</u>	Carrie P.	La 	ura H. Morgan Fund
ASSETS:	_			(400)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,270	\$	(139)
investments		13,053		2,937
Receivables:				
Taxes receivable		-		-
Other receivables		-		, <b>-</b>
Intergovernmental receivable - federal				_
government		•		_
Due nom other fullus				
Total assets	\$	14,323	\$	2,798
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		•
Due to other funds		-		-
Interfund payable		-		-
Retainage payable		-		_
Total Liabilities		0		0
FUND BALANCE:				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances		-		-
Endowments		11,110		2,500
Unreserved:				
Designated for specific purposes		-		-
Undesignated		3,213		298
Total fund balance		14,323		2,798
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	14,323	\$	2,798

	Bennington Battle Monument Fund	_	Zenus H. Ellis Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	78 1,251	\$	68 1,175	\$	63,259,628 8,269,232
	-		-		82,104 788,619
	<u>-</u>		-	_	277,596 11,855
<u>\$</u>	1,329	<u>\$</u>	1,243	\$	72,689,034
\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	2,229,844 370,052 10,951 6,155 1,494,969
_	0		0		4,111,971
	1,065		1,000		3,009,969 7,416,453
	- 264		243		51,798,769 6,351,872
	1,329		1,243		68,577,063
\$	1,329	\$	1,243	\$	72,689,034

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	<u>s</u>	pecial Revenue		Capital Projects			
	!	Fish & Wildlife Fund		General Bond Fund		Transportation Bond Fund	
REVENUES:	_		•		•		
Taxes:							
Motor fuel tax	\$	986,434	\$	-	\$	-	
Other taxes		-		-		-	
Earnings of departments:							
Fees		213,133		-		-	
Rents and leases		85,249		-		-	
Federal grants		3,820,479		-		_	
Fines, forfeits and penalties		12,748		-		-	
Investment income		90,245		-		-	
Licenses:							
Business		1,750		-		<i>-</i>	
Non-business		6,903,762		-		-	
Special assessments		16,897		-		•	
Other revenues		281,447		-		-	
Total revenues		12,412,144		0	_	0	
EXPENDITURES:							
General government		-		10,528,350			
Protection to persons and property		_		1,538,105		-	
Human services		-		1,573,767		-	
General education				14,511,729			
Natural resources		12,426,262		3,746,729		-	
Commerce and community development		-		2,804,818		-	
Transportation		-				24,311	
Total expenditures		12,426,262		34,703,498		24,311	
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(14,118)		(34,703,498)		(24,311)	
	***************************************						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):  Proceeds from the sale of bonds				E4 000 000			
,		44.075		51,000,000 15,213,758		-	
Transfers in		44,075		, ,		-	
Transfers (out)				(3,060,816)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		44,075		63,152,942		0	
Excess of revenues and other sources							
over (under) expenditures and other (uses)		29,957		28,449,444		(24,311)	
Fund balance, July 1 (as restated)		5,041,993		26,120,433		24,314	
Fund balance, June 30	\$	5,071,950	\$	54,569,877	_\$	3	

	Higher Education Endowment Fund		Vermont Sanitorium Fund	bert C. Lord Trust Fund	l —	umberjack Fund	_	Couching Lion Farm Cemetery Fund
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	
	635,881		-	-		-		•
	•		-			-		•
			-	-		-		•
	-		_			_		
	480,047		19,622	17,514		1,150		548
	-		-	-		-		
	-		•			•		
	-		-	-		-		
	1,115,928		19,622	 17,514		1,150	_	54:
					_		_	
	-		-	-		•		
	-		8,000	-		-		
	379,549		-	-		-		
	-		-	-		•		
	-		-	-		-		
_	379,549		8,000	 0		0	-	
	736,379		11,622	47 544		1,150		E41
	130,319		11,022	 17,514	_	1,150	-	549
	-		-	-		-		
	•		•	-		<del>-</del> .		
	0	_	0	 	_	0	-	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 			-	
	736,379		11,622	17,514		1,150		54
	7,678,623		226,223	 201,982		22,857		18,64
\$	8,415,002	\$	237,845	\$ 219,496	\$	24,007	\$	19,19

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

			Pe	rmanent Funds	
		Carrie P. Underwood Fund	Laura H. Morgan Fund		
REVENUES:	_		-		
Taxes:					
Motor fuel tax	\$	-	\$	-	
Other taxes		-		-	
Earnings of departments:					
Fees		-		-	
Rents and leases		-		-	
Federal grants		-		-	
Fines, forfeits and penalties		-		-	
Investment income		1,083		288	
Licenses:					
Business		-		-	
Non-business		-		-	
Special assessments		-		-	
Other revenues		-		(102)	
<b>*-4-1</b>	_	4.000	-	400	
Total revenues	_	1,083	-	186	
EXPENDITURES:					
General government		-		-	
Protection to persons and property		-		-	
Human services				2,502	
General education		_		-	
Natural resources		_		-	
Commerce and community development		-		-	
Transportation		-		-	
Total expenditures	•	0		2,502	
	_		-	2,002	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		1,083		(2,316)	
	_		•		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from the sale of bonds		_		-	
Transfers in		-		-	
Transfers (out)		-		•	
	_	0	_	<del></del>	
Total other financing sources (uses)		······································	-	<u></u>	
Excess of revenues and other sources					
over (under) expenditures and other (uses)		1,083		(2,316)	
Fund balance, July 1 (as restated)		13,240		5,114	
Fund balance, June 30	\$	14,323	<u>\$</u>	2,798	

<b>'</b>	Bennington Battle Monument Fund	Ze	nus H. Ellis Fund	,	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	986,434		
	-		-		635,881		
	_		_		213,133		
	_		_		85,249		
	- -		_		3,820,479		
			-		12,748		
	103		97		610,694		
	-		-		1,750		
	-		-		6,903,762		
	-		-		16,897		
_	-				281,345		
	103		.97		13,568,372		
	-		-		10,528,350		
	•		-		1,538,105		
	•		-		1,584,269		
	•		•		14,891,278		
	<u>.</u>		-		16,172,991 2,804,818		
	-		-		24,311		
-	0	_			47,544,122		
•							
-	103	_	97		(33,975,750)		
	•				51,000,000		
	-		-		15,257,833		
	-		-		(3,060,816)		
•	0		0		63,197,017		
	103		97		29,221,267		
	1,226		1,146		39,355,796		
\$	1,329	\$	1,243	\$	68,577,063		

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### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2002

		Industrial Homework Office Fund	Federal Surplus Property Fund
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,867	-
Accrued interest receivable		-	-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		25,545	36,424
Loans receivable		-	-
Due from other funds		•	-
Inventories, at cost		-	479,005
Prepaid expenses	_	-	
Total current assets	_	68,412	515,429
Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:			
Cash - subscription reserve fund		-	-
Loans receivable			-
Accounts receivable - subscriptions		-	
Imprest cash and change fund - advances		1,700	•
Total restricted & noncurrent assets	-	1,700	0
Capital Assets:			
Machinery, equipment and buildings		•	-
Less accumulated depreciation	_		-
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	-	0_	0
Total assets	_	70,112	515,429
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		-	4,262
Accrued salaries and benefits		6,363	5,118
Interfund payable		-	176,414
Deferred revenue	_	-	-
Total current liabilities		6,363	185,794
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:			
Unexpired subscriptions		-	· -
Cash advances by state treasurer	_	1,700	
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	_	1,700	0
Total liabilities	_	8,063	185,794
NET ASSETS			470.000
Restriced for surplus property		-	479,005
Unrestricted	<u>.</u> -	62,049	(149,370)
Total Net Assets	¥_	62,049	329,635

•	Vermont Life Magazine Fund	-	Municipal Equipment Loan Fund		Vermont Adaptive Equipment Revolving Fund		Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$	_	\$	386,451	\$	125,911	\$	151,748	\$	706,977
-	•	•	8,521		3,935		•		12,456
	193,898		-		36,934		-		292,801
	-		1,081,709		601,258		-		1,682,967
	-		-		-		39,857		39,857
	87,796		-		-		-		566,801
	146,036	-							146,036
	427,730	-	1,476,681	•	768,038		191,605	_	3,447,895
	689,974		· <u> </u>		•		-		689,974
	-		1,128,805		-		-		1,128,805
	46,007		-		-		-		46,007
	1,200				-				2,900
	737,181	-	1,128,805	•	0		0	-	1,867,686
	65,873		_		-		_		65,873
	(65,873)		-		-				(65,873)
	0	-	0		0		0	-	0
	1,164,911	-	2,605,486		768,038		191,605	_	5,315,581
	106,301				400				110,963
	56,085		-		400		-		67,566
	197,234		-		•		<u>.</u>		373,648
	30,839		-		_		-		30,839
	390,459		0		400		0	=	583,016
	689,974		-		-		-		. 689,974
	1,200		-		-		•		2,900
	691,174		0		0		0	_	692,874
•	1,081,633	-	0		400	,	0	_	1,275,890
	_				_		-		479,005
	83,278		2,605,486		767,638		191,605		3,560,686
\$	83,278	\$	2,605,486	\$	767,638	\$	191,605	\$_	4,039,691

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	F	industrial iomework iffice Fund	_	Federal Surplus Property Fund
Operating Revenues	_			400.045
Charges for sales and services	\$	188,084	\$	<b>100,31</b> 5
Advertising revenue		-		-
Other operating revenues		-	_	-
Total operating revenues	_	188,084	_	100,315
Operating Expenses				
Cost of sales and services		-		54,294
Salaries and wages		183,731		54,216
Transportation		•		-
Rentals		-		3,345
Utilities		-		448
Promotions and advertising		-		103
Administration		-		4,442
Supplies		-		2,736
Distribution and postage		-		259
Travel		-		410
Loss on bad debts		1,543		-
Other operating expenses		-		5,214
Total operating expenses	_	185,274	_	125,467
Operating income (loss)	_	2,810		(25,152)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income		_		•
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		0		0
Income (loss) before transfers	_	2,810	_	(25,152)
Transfers				
Transfer in		_		
Transfer (out).		_		_
Total transfers in (out)	-	0	-	0
Total transiers in (out)	-	<u>~</u>		
Changes in net assets		2,810		(25,152)
Total net assets July 1, restated	_	59,239	_	354,787
Total net assets June 30	\$_	62,049	\$_	329,635

	Vermont Life Magazine Fund		Municipal Equipment Loan Fund		Vermont Adaptive Equipment Revolving Fund	-	Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
s	1,577,748	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,866,147
•	567,137	•		•	-	•	-	•	567,137
	306,119		32,559		53,732		-		392,410
	2,451,004	_	32,559		53,732		0	_	2,825,694
	835,689		-		-		-		889,983
	650,377		-		-		-		888,324
	32,283		•		-		•		32,283
	-		-		•		-		3,345
	•		-		-		•		448
	419,411		-		-		-		419,514
	181,107		-		-		•		185,549
	15,189		-		-		•		17,925
	262,254		-				•		262,513
	5,003		-				-		5,413
	25,019		-		3,438		-		30,000
	26,123						70,859	_	102,196
	2,452,455	-	0		3,438		70,859	-	2,837,493
	(1,451)		32,559		50,294		(70,859)	_	(11,799)
	2.047		7.405				4.486		. 44 200
	3,047		7,105				4,186	-	14,338
	3,047	-	7,105			•	4,186	_	14,338
	1,596		39,564		50,294		(66,673)	-	2,539
			<del>-</del> .		-		353,615		353,615
	-		_		-		(323,601)		(323,601)
	0	_	0		0		30,014	_	30,014
	1,596		39,864		50,294		(36,659)		32,553
	81,682	_	2,565,822		717,344		228,264	_	4,007,138
\$	83,278	\$_	2,605,486	\$	767,638	\$	191,605	\$_	4,039,691

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

FOR THE FISCAL TEAR ENDED JUNE 3U,	, ZUL	14	
		Industrial Homework Office Fund	Federal Surplus Property Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$	194,780	\$ 65,951
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		-	(67,659)
Loans received (made)		-	-
Cash paid to employees for services		(184,052)	(48,494)
Other operating revenues (expenses)		24	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		10,752	(50,202)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Operating/equity transfers		-	50,202
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities		0	50,202
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest earned on investments		-	-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		0	0
Net increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		10,752	0
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1		33,815	-
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30 (see note below)	\$	44,567	\$ 0
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net			
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,810	\$ (25,152)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
Net cash provided by operating activities:			
Expense from non-operating investment and other activity		-	155,290
(Increase) decrease in accounts/taxes receivable		8,240	(34,364)
(Increase) decrease in loans receivable		-	-
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable		-	-
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-	(155,289)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-	4,195
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		(298)	5,118
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		-	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-	-
Increase (decrease) in subscription reserves			 <u> </u>
Total adjustments		7,942	(25,050)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	10,752	\$ (50,202)

NOTE: Cash/cash equivalents per cash flow statement at June 30 is equal to the cash/cash equivalents, cash subscription reserve fund, and Imprest cash, all on the Statement of Net Assets

	Vermont Life Magazine Fund	,	Municipal Equipment Loan Fund		Adaptive Equipment Revolving Fund		Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$	1,982,452	\$	1,073,653	\$	243,617	\$		\$	3,560,453
	(1,600,159)		(1,670,262)		(405,213)		-		(3,743,293)
			-		44,505		-		44,505
	(652,311)		-		-		-		(884,857)
	306,119		39,931		2,310		(47,662)		300,722
•	36,101		(556,678)		(114,781)		(47,662)		(722,470)
	(41,466)		<u>-</u>				-		8,736
	(41,466)	,	0		0		0		8,736
	3,047		7,105		_		4,186		14,338
•	3,047	•	7,105	•	0		4,186		14,338
•				•					
	(2,318)		(549,573)		(114,781)		(43,476)		(699,396)
	693,492		936,024		240,692	_	195,224	_	2,099,247
•	691,174	\$	386,451	•	125,911	\$	151,748	•	1,399,851
\$_	(1,451)	\$	32,559	\$	50,294	\$	(70,859)	\$	(11,799)
	_		-		<u>-</u>		30,014		185,304
	(88,535)				(9,020)		-		(123,679)
	-		(596,609)		(140,522)		-		(737,131)
			7,372		(1,633)		-		5,739
	18,864		-		-		-		(136,425)
	96,817 61,109		•		(13,900)		-		96,817
	61,108 (1,934)		•		(13,900)		-		51,403 2,886
	(46,450)		-		-		-		2,660 (46,450)
	(+0,+30)		-		<del>-</del>		(6,817)		(6,817)
	(2,318)		•		-		(0,017)		(2,318)
-	37,552	•	(589,237)		(165,075)		23,197		(710,671)
\$	36,101	\$	(556,678)	\$	(114,781)	\$	(47,662)	\$	(722,470)

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### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	Ga	nway rage ind		Offender Work Programs		Communi- cations & Information Technology		Supply Center Fund
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	263,894	\$	479,816	\$	4,200,758	\$	1,051,442
Due from other funds Inventories, at cost	9	929,200		607,333		235,460		249,710
Prepaid expenses		6,711	_	1,709		249,112	_	-
Total current assets	1,	199,805	_	1,088,858		4,685,330	_	1,301,152
Restricted and Other Assets:								
Imprest cash - advances from state treasurer  Total restricted and other assets		- 0	_	15,100 15,100		- 0	_	- 0
Total lestricied and other assets			_	13,100	•		-	
Capital Assets:	26.	200 500		4.095.007		1 500 544		45 205
Machinery, Equipment and Buildings		363,506 974,540)		1,935,227 (1,314,600)		1,598,514 (1,296,741)		45,385 (27,661)
Net Machinery, Equipment and Buildings		588,966	_	620,627	-	301,773	_	17,724
Land		26,156	_	-	-			
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		715,122	-	620,627		301,773	_	17,724
Total assets	19,1	914,927	_	1,724,585		4,987,103	_	1,318,876
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		95,060		139,742		216,035		204,540
Claims payable  Deferred income		-		-		171,060		-
Due to other funds.		-		-		171,000		-
Interfund payable		173.193		572,980		3.970.867		667.509
Accrued salaries and benefits		187,671		111,324		227,352		18,868
Total current liabilities		455,924		824,046	•	4,585,314		890,917
Liabilities Pavable From Restricted Assets:								
Due to state treasurer - imprest cash advances		-		15,100		-		-
Total liabilities		455,924	_	839,146		4,585,314	_	890,917
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets	18,3	715,122		620,627		301,773		17,724
Restricted	•	- 743,881		264,812		100,016		410,235
Total net assets		459,003	• -	885,439	s	401,789	•	427,959
i Vizi i i a (	10,	198,003	۳	000,708	•	401,108	₹	7£1,0J8

	Copy Center Fund	Single Audit Revolving Fund	-	Medical Insurance Fund	,	Dental Insurance Fund	Life Insurance Fund	_	Postage Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund
\$	1,072,168	\$ 37,891 669	\$	19,456,667 2,002,726	\$	257,276 197,768	\$ 578,527 51,572	\$	- 230,165	\$ 7,663,613 74,965
	21,006	•		-		-	2,694		436,268	7,004
	24,637	-		-		-	-		436,268	-
	1,117,811	38,560	-	21,459,393		455,044	632,793	-	716,267	7,745,582
	<u>.</u>	_		-		_	_		_	
	0	0	-	0		0	0	-	0	0
	4,036,960	_		_		-	-		433,854	_
	(1,798,301)	-		-			-		(377,711)	
•	2,238,659	0	_	0	•	0	0	-	56,143	0
•	2,238,659	0	-	0		0	0	-	56,143	
	3,356,470	38,560	-	21,459,393		455,044	632,793	-	772,410	7,745,582
	363,805	-		2,784,253		454	156		24,641	98,425
	-	•		8,326,868		348,290	4 200		-	12,953,161
	•	-		774,344		-	1,390		-	103,426
	2,507,642			7 1 7,577		_	-		834,372	103,420
	53,788			60,973		6,213	2,019		21,325	53,921
	2,925,235	0	-	11,946,438		354,957	3,565	-	880,338	13,208,933
•	-	-		-		-	-		-	•
	2,925,235	0	-	11,946,438		354,957	3,565	-	880,338	13,208,933
	2,238,659	-		•		-	-		56,143	-
	(1,807,424)	38,560	_	9,512,955		100,087	629,228	_	(164,071)	(5,463,351)
\$	431,235	\$ 38,560	\$	9,512,955	\$	100,087	\$ 629,228	\$	(107,928)	\$ (5,463,351)

Continued on next page--->

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

		State Liability Insurance Fund		Risk Management All-Other Fund		Property Management Fund
ASSETS	-					
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,708,891	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable		138,719		592,337		152,087
Due from other funds		69,799		-		-
Inventories, at cost		-		-		-
Prepaid expenses	_					463,222
Total current assets	_	7,917,409		592,337		615,309
Restricted and Other Assets:						
Imprest cash - advances from state treasurer		<b>_</b>				
Total restricted and other assets	_	0		0		0
Capital Assets:						
Machinery, Equipment and Buildings		-		-		25,599
Accumulated Depreciation						(13,531)
Net Machinery, Equipment and Buildings	_	0		0		12,068
Land	_					
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	-	0		0		12,068
Total assets	-	7,917,409		592,337		627,377
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		5,520		9,958		504,807
Claims payable		6,379,617		-		-
Deferred income		-		-		-
Due to other funds		4,018		2,985		-
Interfund payable		-		510,776		2,822,474
Accrued salaries and benefits	_	-				45,096
Total current liabilities		6,389,155		523,719		3,372,377
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:						
Due to state treasurer - imprest cash advances		-		-		-
Total liabilities	_	6,389,155		523,719		3,372,377
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets		-		-		12,068
Restricted		4 500 054				(0.757.000)
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,528,254	_	68,618	_	(2,757,068)
Total net assets	\$ _	1,528,254	\$	68,618	5	(2,745,000)

_	Equipment Revolving Fund		State Surplus Property Fund		Employee Assistance Plan	_	Long-Term Disability Plan		Facilities Operations	GOVNET Fund		Totals Internal Service Funds
\$	-	\$	406,623	\$	121,260	\$	39,661	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$	36,270,409
	1,250,782		3,187		12,278		7,436		28,401	4,594		11,815,764
	-		17,316		-		-		-	-		79,497 2,496,293
	-		17,310		_				-	-		795,225
-	1,250,782		427,126		133,538	-	47,097		28,401	4,594	_	51,457,188
_							74					
_							0			- 0		15,100
-	O		0		. 0	-	0		0	0	-	15,100
	_		8,800		_		_		1,228,207	1,028,470		47,004,522
	_		-		-		-		(860,864)	(918,790)		(24,582,739)
-	0		8,800		0	-	0		367,343	109,680	_	22,421,783
_	<u>.</u>				<del></del>	_					_	26,156
-	0		8,800		0	-	0		367,343	109,680		22,447,939
-	1,250,782		435,926		133,538	-	47,097	•	395,744	114,274	<del></del>	73,920,227
	0.455		220 054		00.504		0.040		000 005	22.470		£ 747.077
	9,455 -		288,951		23,581		2,210		923,805	22,479		5,717,877 28,007,936
	· -		-		<u>-</u>		-			<u>-</u>		172,450
	1,822		-		_		_		-	- '		886,595
	1,239,505		-		-		-		4,216,180	261,716		17,777,214
_	_		5,082			_	-		840,703	47,362	_	1,681,697
	1,250,782		294,033		23,581		2,210		5,980,688	331,557		54,243,769
	• -		-		-		-		-	-		15,100
-	1,250,782		294,033		23,581	-	2,210		5,980,688	331,557	_	54,258,869
									•			
	-		8,800		-		-		367,343	109,680		22,447,939
	-		17,316 115,777		- 109.957		44,887		(5,952,287)	(326,963)		17,316
•	- 0	s	141,893	s	109,957	e -	44,887	\$			\$	(2,803,897)
₹.	<u> </u>	7	141,053	¥	100,03/	₹.	44,007	7	(5,584,944) \$	(217,283)	* <b>-</b>	19,661,358

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Operating Revenues:   Charges for sales and services		_	Highway Garage Fund	_	Offender Work Programs		Communi- cations & Information Technology	-	Supply Center Fund
Rental income   189,027   3,246                   -	Operating Revenues:								
Charactering revenues   20,517   3,246   3,266   5 3,268,812	Charges for sales and services	\$		\$	3,008,082	\$	9,722,665	\$	3,268,812
Total operating revenues   8,350,829   3,011,328   9,722,665   3,268,812	* *************************************		· ·		-		-		-
Cost of sales and services				_			<del></del>	_	
Cost of sales and services.         4,183,345         1,272,707         4,706,809         2,926,522           Claims expense.         485,246         1,079,445         2,678,464         256,774           Supplies and perfits.         -         92,262         98,263         14,731           Data processing charges.         -         100,000         143,399         3,352           Telephone/telegraph.         -         -         143,399         3,352           Postage.         -         -         1,711         1,549           Printing and duplicating.         -         -         38,546         1,844           Rental of data processing equipment.         -         -         605,705         -           Other equipment rentals.         -         -         13,364         1,844           Repairs and maintenance.         1,054,983         571,717         7,716           Administrative services costs.         574,118         123,564         61,832           Operating verentead.         -         114,788         58,953           Operating expenses.         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts.         -         -         -         - <td< th=""><th>Total operating revenues</th><th></th><th>8,350,629</th><th>-</th><th>3,011,328</th><th></th><th>9,722,665</th><th>-</th><th>3,268,812</th></td<>	Total operating revenues		8,350,629	-	3,011,328		9,722,665	-	3,268,812
Cost of sales and services.         4,183,345         1,272,707         4,706,809         2,926,522           Claims expense.         485,246         1,079,445         2,678,464         256,774           Supplies and perfits.         -         92,262         98,263         14,731           Data processing charges.         -         100,000         143,399         3,352           Telephone/telegraph.         -         -         143,399         3,352           Postage.         -         -         1,711         1,549           Printing and duplicating.         -         -         38,546         1,844           Rental of data processing equipment.         -         -         605,705         -           Other equipment rentals.         -         -         13,364         1,844           Repairs and maintenance.         1,054,983         571,717         7,716           Administrative services costs.         574,118         123,564         61,832           Operating verentead.         -         114,788         58,953           Operating expenses.         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts.         -         -         -         - <td< td=""><td>Operating Expenses:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Operating Expenses:								
Claims expense   Salaries and benefits.   465,246   1,079,445   2,576,464   258,774	Cost of sales and services		4,183,345		1,272,707		4,706,809		2,926,522
Supplies and parts.   -   92,262   88,263   14,731	Claims expense		-		-		-		-
Data processing charges.         100,000         -           Transportation.         627         2,469           Tralephone/telegraph.         -         143,399         3,352           Postage.         -         1,711         1,549           Printing and duplicating.         -         605,705         -           Other equipment rentals.         -         605,705         -           Equipment purchased for agencies.         1,054,983         571,177         7,716           Repairs and maintenance.         1,054,983         571,177         7,716           Administrative services costs.         574,118         123,564         61,832           Operating overhead.         -         -         114,788         58,958           Depreciation.         2,731,058         51,398         87,696         9,493           Contractual fees.         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts.         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts.         2,247         307,125         35,823         1,088           Total operating expenses.         2,6247         307,125         35,823         1,088           Total operating expenses.	Salaries and benefits		465,246		1,079,445		2,576,464		258,774
Data processing charges	Supplies and parts				92,262		98,263		14,731
Transportation	• • • •		_		-		100,000		-
Telephone/telegraph.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-				627		2,469
Postage			-		-		143,399		3,352
Printing and duplicating         -         38,546         1,644           Rental of data processing equipment         -         605,705         -           Other equipment rentals         -         1,338         -           Equipment purchased for agencies         1,054,983         -         571,177         7,716           Administrative services costs         574,118         123,564         61,832           Operating overhead         -         -         114,788         58,958           Operating coverhead         -         -         114,788         58,958           Depreciation         2,731,058         51,398         87,696         9,493           Contractual fees         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts         -         -         (146)         -         -           Other operating expenses         26,247         307,125         35,823         1,088           Total operating expenses         9,034,997         2,802,791         9,396,469         3,381,155           Operating Income (loss)         (884,388)         208,537         326,196         (92,343)           Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)         -         -			-		-		1,711		1,549
Rental of data processing equipment.			-		-		38,546		1,644
Charge purpose treatable			_		-		605,705		_
Equipment purchased for agencies.  Repairs and maintenance.  1,054,983 3 571,177 7,716 Administrative services costs.  574,118 123,564 61,832 Operating overhead.  Office rent. Office rent. Office rent.  Contractual fees.  Insurance premium expense.  Other operating expenses.  Total operating expenses.  Operating Revenues (Expenses):  Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets. Interest income. Other.  Other.  Total non-operating revenues (expenses)  Income (loss) before contributions and transfers.  Capital contributions from other funds.  114,385 124,337 125,537 1326,196 192,343)  Total net assets - beginning, as restated.  18,517,302 669,902 75,593 520,302  1061 18,517,302 669,902 75,593 520,302			-		-		1,336		_
Repairs and maintenance.       1,054,983       - 571,177       7,716         Administrative services costs.       574,118       - 123,564       61,832         Operating overhead.			-		-		146,394		8,666
Administrative services costs. 574,118 - 123,564 61,832 Operating overhead 114,788 58,958 Depreciation. 2,731,058 51,398 87,696 9,493 Contractual fees 44,167 4,361 Loss on bad debts (146) - 4,361 Loss on bad debts (146) - 3,8623 1,088 Total operating expenses. 9,034,997 2,802,791 9,396,469 3,381,155 Operating expenses. 9,034,997 2,802,791 9,396,469 3,381,155 Operating Revenues (Expenses):			1.054.983		-		571,177		7,716
Operating overhead         -         -         114,788         58,958           Depreciation         2,731,058         51,398         87,896         9,493           Contractual fees         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts         -         (146)         -         -           Other operating expenses         26,247         307,125         35,823         1,088           Total operating expenses         9,034,997         2,802,791         9,396,469         3,361,155           Operating Income (loss)         (684,368)         208,537         326,196         (92,343)           Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):         (129,947)         -         -         -           Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets         (129,947)         -         -         -           Interest expense         -         -         -         -         -         -           Other         -					-				61,832
Office rent.         114,788         58,958           Depreciation.         2,731,058         51,398         87,696         9,493           Contractual fees.         -         -         -         -           Insurance premium expense.         -         -         44,167         4,361           Loss on bad debts.         -         (146)         -         -           Other operating expenses.         26,247         307,125         35,823         1,088           Total operating expenses.         9,034,997         2,802,791         9,396,469         3,361,155           Operating income (loss).         (684,368)         208,537         326,196         (92,343)           Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):         (129,947)         -         -         -           Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets         (129,947)         -         -         -           Interest income.         -         -         -         -         -           Other         -         -         -         -         -           Total non-operating revenues (expenses).         (129,947)         0         0         0         0           Income (loss) before contributions         (814,315)         208,537			,		_		-		-
Depreciation	, ,		-		-		114 788		58.958
Contractual fees			2.731.058		51.398		•		
Insurance premium expense	•		2,.0.,000		•		-		-,
Loss on bad debts			_		-		44 167		4 361
Other operating expenses.         26,247         307,125         35,823         1,088           Total operating expenses.         9,034,997         2,802,791         9,396,469         3,361,155           Operating income (loss).         (684,368)         208,537         326,196         (92,343)           Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):         (129,947)         -         -         -         -           Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets.         (129,947)         - <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>(146)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-,</td></td<>	•		_		(146)				-,
Total operating expenses   9,034,997   2,802,791   9,396,469   3,361,155     Operating Income (loss)   (684,368)   208,537   326,196   (92,343)     Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):   Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets   (129,947)			26 247				35.823		1.088
Operating Income (loss)         (684,368)         208,537         326,196         (92,343)           Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):         (129,947)         -	· = '	_		-				-	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):   Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets	Total operating expenses	_	0,004,001	-	2,002,101		0,000,100	-	3,551,155
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets.       (129,947)       -	Operating income (loss)	-	(684,368)	-	208,537		326,196	-	(92,343)
Interest expense	Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest income	Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets		(129,947)		-		-		-
Other	Interest expense		-		-		-		-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)         (129,947)         0         0         0           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers.         (814,315)         208,537         326,196         (92,343)           Capital contributions from other funds.         114,385         7,000         -         -         -           Transfers in.         1,978,078         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers (out).         (336,447)         -	Interest income		-		-		-		
Income (loss) before contributions	Other		-		-				
and transfers       (814,315)       208,537       326,196       (92,343)         Capital contributions from other funds       114,385       7,000       -	Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	(129,947)		. 0		0		0
and transfers       (814,315)       208,537       326,196       (92,343)         Capital contributions from other funds       114,385       7,000       -	Income (loss) before contributions								
Capital contributions from other funds.       114,385       7,000       -       -         Transfers in			(814,315)		208.537		326,196		(92.343)
Transfers in			, , ,		•				
Transfers (out)       (336,447)       -       -         Change in net assets       941,701       215,537       326,196       (92,343)         Total net assets - beginning, as restated       18,517,302       669,902       75,593       520,302			•		.,				_
Change in net assets.       941,701       215,537       326,196       (92,343)         Total net assets - beginning, as restated.       18,517,302       669,902       75,593       520,302					-		-		-
Total net assets - beginning, as restated		_		•	215,537	•	326,196		(92,343)
	_		18,517,302		669,902		75,593		520,302
	•	\$	19,459,003	\$	885,439	\$	401,789	\$	427,959

	Copy Center Fund	Single Audit Revolving Fund		Medical Insurance Fund	Dental Insurance Fund	-	Life Insurance Fund		Postage Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund
\$	2,530,921	\$ 978,800	\$	64,988,780	\$ 4,479,144	\$	1,321,665	\$	2,946,016	\$ 5,861,475
	-			15,950	_		-	_	-	
_	2,530,921	978,800	-	65,004,730	4,479,144		1,321,665	_	2,946,016	5,861,475
	314,610	940,240		-	-		_		2,488,778	145,641
				38,189,077	4,363,223		-		· · · · -	6,258,621
	616,914	-		738,616	71,501		23,769		321,860	785,001
	22,232	-		52,524	467		96		17,708	7,490
		-		9,517	985		328		-	
	339	-		14,578			-		8	233
	3,984	-		17,396	2,784		947		3,603	6,755
	1,066	-		46,903	934		311		5,078	1,695
	6,740	-		36,721	392		131		1,584	7,030
		-		-	-		-		-	-
	-	-		-	-		-		_	-
	14,155	-		-	-		-		4,236	6,104
	442,719	-		1,054	90		39		77,701	10,607
	61,832	•		4,121,809	216,390		-		61,832	57,440
	-	-		3,218	-		-		-	-
	26,784	-		33,217	6,228		2,076		13,507	9,844
	757,168	-		-	-		-		45,916	-
	-	-		726,247	37,398		-		•	690,620
	4,361	-		12,269,067	135		1,775,621		5,094	568
	-	-		-	-		-	•	-	-
_	3,499		_	4,633	(129)		3	-	6,824	13,310
-	2,276,403	940,240	_	58,264,577	4,700,398		1,803,321	_	3,053,729	8,000,959
-	254,518	38,560	-	8,740,153	(221,254)		(481,656)	-	(107,713)	(2,139,484)
	-	_		-	-		-		_	_
		-		•	_		-		-	(18,253)
	-	-		233,240	4,464		37,130		-	•
-	- 0		-	233,240	4,464		37,130	-		(18,253)
_	<u>~</u>		-	200,240	4,404	•	0,,,00	_	<u></u>	(10,233)
	254,518	38,560		8,973,393	(216,790)		(444,526)		(107,713)	(2,157,737)
	-	-		-	-		-		-	-
	- (1,085,000)	•		<del>-</del>	_		-		(165,000)	-
-	(1,000,000)		-				<u>-</u>	-	(100,000)	<u>-</u>
	(830,482)	38,560		8,973,393	(216,790)		(444,526)		(272,713)	(2,157,737)
	1,261,717	-	-	539,562	316,877		1,073,754	_	164,785	(3,305,614)
\$_	431,235	\$ 38,580	\$_	9,512,955	\$ 100,087	\$	629,228	\$_	(107,928)	\$ (5,463,351)

Continued on next page--->

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	_	State Liability Insurance Fund		Risk Management All-Other Fund		Property Management Fund
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for sales and services	\$	3,088,035	S	1,257,510	\$	, _
Rental income	•	-,,		-	•	9,631,843
Other operating revenues		_		-		-,,
Total operating revenues	_	3,088,035		1,257,510	:	9,631,843
Operating Expenses:						
Cost of sales and services		250,000		1,201,473		6,608,763
Claims expense		607,876		-,20.,		0,000,100
Salaries and benefits		182,296		19,022		756,197
Supplies and parts		2,101		625		92,354
Data processing charges.		2,101		023		32,004
Transportation		57		210		174
Telephone/telegraph.		1,796		1.595		3.319
Postage		452		1,393		.,
				404		401 732
Printing and duplicating.		2,083		404		732
Rental of data processing equipment		-		-		-
Other equipment rentals		4 504		400		4.550
Equipment purchased for agencies		1,591		466		1,556
Repairs and maintenance		8,765		18		81,184
Administrative services costs		57,440		8,833		57,440
Operating overhead						
Office rent		2,626		656		300,167
Depreciation		•		•		877
Contractual fees		-		-		-
Insurance premium expense		768		153		4,587
Loss on bad debts		-		-		-
Other operating expenses	_	388,669		341	_	14,628
Total operating expenses	-	1,506,520		1,233,909	_	7,922,379
Operating income (loss)		1,581,515		23,601	-	1,709,464
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets		-		-		-
Interest expense		-		-		-
Interest income		138,631		-		-
Other		-		-		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	138,631		0		0
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers		1,720,148		23,601		1,709,464
Capital contributions from other funds		•				, , , -
Transfers in		_		_		_
Transfers (out)		-		_		(2,389,385)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	<del></del>			-	(-13-3)1
Change in net assets		1,720,146		23,601		(679,921)
Total net assets - beginning, as restated		(191,892)		45,017		(2,065,079)
Total net assets - ending	\$_	1,528,254	\$	68,618	\$	(2,745,000)

Equipment Revolving Fund	-	State Surplus Property Fund	Employee Assistance Program	,	Long-Term Disability Plan		Facilities Operations	GOVNET Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
\$ 609,072	\$	472,206 -	\$ 317,636	\$	194,940	\$	12,104,430 \$	1,642,781	\$	126,934,055 9,820,870 39,713
609,072	-	472,206	317,636		194,940		12,104,430	1,642,781	_	136,794,638
-		287,573	-		1,381		-	1,069,422		26,397,264
-			-		-			-		49,418,797
-		59,086	-		-		8,068,333	464,046		16,486,570
145		5,723	-		-		1,084,171	1,618		1,492,510
-		-	-		-					110,830
-			-		-		1,539	182		20, <del>4</del> 16
-		1,712	-		-		59,118	-		. 249,760
-		24	-		-	•	992	40		61,269
-		321	-		-		4,254	141		100,723
•		-			-		-	-		605,705
-		• •	-		=		•	-		1,336
607,250		-	-		-		187,591	8,077		986,086
-		936	-		-		984,542	39,413		3,280,944
1,677		4,442	278,590		-		-	-		5,687,239
-		-			=		-	-		3,218
-		218	-		-		32,709	10,874		612,652
-		-	-		-		136,794	46,069		3,866,469
-		-	-		8,710		-	-		1,462,975
-		-	-		163,044		550,908	•		14,822,834
-			-		-		<u>.</u>	-		(146)
	-	3,374			437		4,635,753	11,648		5,453,273
609,072	-	363,409	278,590		173,572		15,746,704	1,651,530	_	131,120,724
0	-	108,797	39,046		21,368		(3,642,274)	(8,749)	_	5,673,914
-		-	_		_		_	_		(129,947)
-		-	_		-		-	_		(18,253)
-		-	-				-			413,465
_		-	· _		-		(1,942,670)			(1,942,670)
0	•	0	0		0	٠	(1,942,670)	0		(1,677,405)
	•					•			_	(1)3.171.37
0		108,797	39,046		21,368		(5,584,944)	(8,749)		3,996,509
-		-	-				-	_		121,385
-		-	-		23,519		_	-		2,001,597
		(93,293)					*		_	(4,069,125)
0		15,504	39,046		44,887		(5,584,944)	(8,749)		2,050,366
		126,389	70,911				<u> </u>	(208,534)	_	17,610,992
\$ 0	\$	141,893	\$ 109,957	\$	44,887	\$	(5,584,944) \$	(217,283)	\$	19,661,358

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	_	Highway Garage Fund	_	Offender Work Programs		Communication and Information Technology	· -	Supply Center Fund
Cash received from customers		0.005.000	_	0.054.054	_		_	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services.		8,295,280	\$	3,251,654	\$	6,594,597	\$	2,784,219
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services.		(3,950,708)		(934,168)		(6,890,792)		(3,073,887)
		(2,535,280)		(1,426,493)		(2,211,978)		(242,286)
Cash paid to claimants						-		-
Other operating revenues		65,659		3,246		-		-
Other operating expenses			_	(277,942)			_	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-	1,874,951	-	616,297	-	(2,508,173)	-	(531,954)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Interfund loans		173,193		(523.997)		2,687,750		531,954
Other						_,,		-
Operating transfers		1,645,616		_				_
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	-		_		-		-	
financing activities		1,818,809		(523,997)		2,687,750		531,954
	_	.,00,000	-	(020,001)	-	4,007,700	-	331,334
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		10,256						
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets		(4,746,352)		(92,300)		(470 577)		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	-	(4,740,332)	-	(32,300)	-	(179,577)	_	
financing activities		(4,736,096)		(92,300)		(179,577)		0
	_	(4)100,000)	-	(02,000)	-	1175,0117	-	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest earned on investments		-		_				_
Net cash provided by investing activities		0	-	0		0	-	0
	_		_		-		-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,042,336)		0		0		0
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1		1,042,336				-		-
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30		0	\$_	0	\$	0	\$_	C
Reconciliation of Operating income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(684,368)	\$_	208,537	\$_	326,196	\$_	(92,343)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash								
provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		2,731,058		51.398		87.696		9.493
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(223,684)		243,572		(2,180,477)		(484,592)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(===,001)		2.0,0.2		(2,100,477)		(404,582)
(increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		28.475		_		(31,219)		3.560
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(64,552)		57.728		(127,906)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		86.828		66.729				(47,321)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		00,020		00,129		(665,782)		76,562
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		1,194		(14 667)		10 540		
increase (decrease) in accided salaries and benefits		i, 194		(11,667)		18,519		2,687
	_	2 550 040		407 700	-	64,800	_	
Total adjustments  Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		2,559,319 1.874,951		407,760		(2,834,369)		(439,611)
the case broates (resen) ny chaignin achainas	•	1,074,337	*=	616,297	*-	(2,508,173)	•-	(531,954)

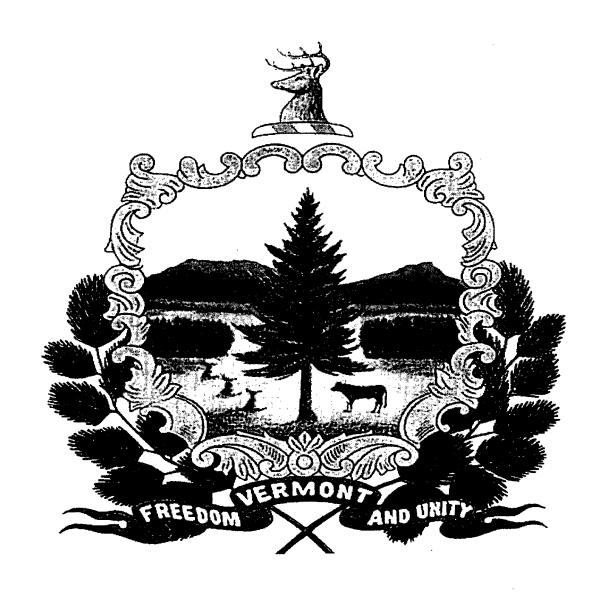
_	Copy Center Fund	_	Single Audit Revolving Fund	_	Medical Insurance Fund	_	Dental Insurance Fund		Life Insurance Fund	_	Postage Fund	-	Workers' Compensation Fund
\$	2,051,347 (627,175) (598,469)	\$	1,004,994 (940,240) - -	\$	65,637,693 (14,667,766) (726,732) (36,322,720)	\$	4,451,431 (285,506) (89,636) (4,340,822)	\$	1,331,604 (1,779,507) (23,199)	\$	2,936,927 (2,628,016) (326,435)	\$	5,811,169 (431,559) (1,358,924) (5,298,445)
	-		-		(42.022)		(500)		(407)		-		-
-	825,703	_	64,754	-	(13,933) 13,906,542	-	(596) (245,129)	-	(407) (471,509)	_	(17,524)	-	(1,277,759)
-		_		-		-	, , , , , , , , ,	•		-		_	(.,=,.=.
	1,400,390		(26,863)		•		-		- -		182,524		-
_	(1,085,000)			_		_	-		_		(165,000)	_	
	045 000	-	(00.000)	. –	0	_	0		0		47 504		0
-	315,390	-	(26,863)	-	<u>U_</u>	-	<u> </u>		<u>U</u> _	-	17,524	-	<u> </u>
	(1,141,093)		-		-		-		-		-		-
-	(1,141,000)		<del></del>	-	-	-		-		-			
_	(1,141,093)	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0_	_	0
											,		
	-		-		233,240		4,464		37,130		-		85,172
_	0	_	0	_	233,240	_	4,464	-	37,130	_	0	_	85,172
	0		37,891		14,139,782		(240,665)		(434,379)		0		(1,192,587)
_	-	_		_	5,316,885		497,941	_	1,012,906	_	-		8,856,200
٤.	0	\$_	37,891	\$.	19,456,667	\$_	257,278	\$.	578,527	<b>\$</b> _	0	\$_	7,663,613
s	254,518	e	38.560	s	8,740,153	s	(221,254)	\$	(481,656)	s	(107,713)		(2,139,484)
۳-	254,510	۳_	30,300	Ψ-	0,740,103	Ψ_	(221,204)	Ψ.	(401,030)	Ψ_	(107,713)	۳_	(2,133,404)
	•												
	757,168		_		_		_		_		45,916		_
	(479,575)		26,194		(141,381)		(27,713)		11,243		(9,090)		(50,706)
			-		•		-		(2,694)		<u>-</u>		3,050
	7,072 17,234		•		-		-		-		3,266 48,768		-
	263,191		-		2,655,185		(20,428)		(362)		23,111		(68,403)
	,,		-		1,866,357		22,401		(/				962,263
	-		-		774,344		-		-		-		•
	6,095		-		11,884		1,865		570		(21,782)		15,521
	571.185	-	26,194	-	5,166,389	-	(23,875)		1,390 10,147	-	90.189	_	861,725
	825,703		64,754		13,906,542		(245,129)		(471,509)		(17,524)		(1,277,759)

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISÇAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		State Liability Insurance Fund		Risk Management Ali-Other Fund		Property Management Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Cash received from customers		2,964,284	\$	1,067,314	\$	9,645,335
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		( <b>995</b> ,959)		(1,120,589)		(7,307,906)
Cash paid to employees for services		(136,764)		(38,763)		(670,854)
Cash paid to claimants		(960,545)		-		•
Other operating revenues		-		-		-
Other operating expenses		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-	871,016		(92,038)		1,666,575
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Interfund loans		-		92,038		734,509
Other				-		-
Operating transfers						(2,389,385)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	_					
financing activities	_	0		92,038		(1,654,876)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		-		-		
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	_			<del>_</del> _		(11,699)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related		_		_		144 555
financing activities	-	0				(11,699)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:						
Interest earned on investments		68,832		-		•
Net cash provided by investing activities		68,832		0		0
Not be seen a followers by some and made another to		939.848		0		0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		6.769,043		U		U
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1		7,708,891	\$	<u>-</u>	Ś	<u>-</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	•		•			
by Operating Activities:	_	4 504 545		00.004		4 700 404
Operating income (loss)	• -	1,581,515	\$	23,601	Þ	1,709,464
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation				-		877
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(123,751)		(191,842)		13,479
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds				_		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		-		(463,222)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-		63,400		•
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(222,870)		9,818		433,048
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(352,669)				-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(6,035)		2.985		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		(5,174)		_,		(27,071)
Increase (decrease) in deferred income		1=7 · · /		-		( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total adjustments	_	(710,499)	•	(115,639)		(42,889)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		871,016	\$	(92,038)	\$	1,666,575

_	Equipment Revolving Fund	-	State Surplus Property Fund		Employees Assistance Fund	_	Long-Term Disability Plan	_	Facilities Operations Fund	_	GOVNET Fund	-	Totals Internal Service Funds
\$	1,080,424 (625,657)	\$	471,998 (48,567) (47,115)	\$	317,400 (255,009)	\$	187,504 (171,362)	\$	12,076,031 (7,096,579) (6,748,824)	\$	1,544,383 (1,284,280) (361,542)	\$	133,505,588 (55,115,232) (17,523,294)
	_		(47,110)		_				(0,1 40,024)		(001,012)		(46,922,532)
	-		-		-			•	-		-		68,905
	-		-		-		-				-		(292,878)
-	454,767	-	376,316		62,391	_	16,142	-	(1,769,372)	-	(101,439)	-	13,720,557
	(454,767)		(93,293)		-		-		4,216,180		207,911		9,127,529
	-		-		-		-		(1,942,670)		-		(1, <del>94</del> 2,670)
_		_				_	23,519	_	<del></del>	-	<del>-</del>	-	(1,970,250)
-	(454,767)	-	(93,293)		0	-	23,519	_	2,273,510	-	207,911	-	5,214,609
	· -		-		-				-		-		10,256
_	-		(8,799)			_		_	(504,138)	_	(106,472)	_	(6,790,430)
_	. 0	_	(8,799)		0	_	0	_	(504,138)	_	(106,472)	_	(6,780,174)
										_		_	
													400.000
-		-	<del>-</del>			_		-	<del></del>	-	<u>-</u>	-	428,838 428,838
-		•			<u>V</u>	-		-	<del>_</del>	-	<u>~</u>	-	420,000
	0		274,224		62,391		39,661		0		0		12,583,830
	-		132,399	_	58,869				<u> </u>		-		23,686,579
\$.	0	۶.	406,623	\$	121,260	\$_	39,661	<b>\$</b> _	0	\$]	0	₹.	36,270,409
\$_	0	\$.	108,797	\$	39,046	\$_	21,368	\$_	(3,642,274)	\$_	(8,749)	\$_	5,673,914
					-				136,794		46,069		3,866,469
	447,301		(209)		(236)		(7,436)		(28,401)		(4,594)		(3,211,898)
	-		-		•		-		•		-		356
	•		(883)		-		-		•		-		(452,068) (53,532)
	9.455		268,869		23.581		2,210		923,806		(147,010)		(53,532) 3,717,538
	9,700		200,005		20,001		2,210		525,500 -		(147,010)		2,498,352
	(1,989)		-		_				-		-		769,305
	(.,.50)		(258)		-		-		840,703		12,845		845,931
	-		` -		-		-		•				66,190
	454,767		267,519		23,345	_	(5,226)		1,872,902		(92,690)	-	8,046,643
\$_	454,767	\$	376,316	\$	62,391	\$_	16,142	\$_	(1,769,372)	\$	(101,439)	\$ ]	13,720,557

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### **PENSION TRUST FUNDS**

## STATE OF VERMONT PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS June 30, 2002

Assets:	_	Vermont State Retirement System	_	Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan		State Teachers' Retirement Fund
Cash and short term receivables	\$	22 606 177	<b>c</b>	182,166	•	12 770 641
Cash and short term receivables	→	23,696,177	. ⊅	102,100	-₽.	13,772,641
Receivables:						
Contributions		1,409,018		75,993		1,931,993
Investment		5,868,857		-		6,297,631
Other		88,520,605		•		22,372,908
Due from other funds		762,157	-	4,910		4,582
Total receivables	_	96,560,637	-	80,903		30,607,114
Investments at Fair value:						
Fixed income		247,470,052		-		313,368,456
Common and preferred stock		503,676,880				612,299,654
Mortgages		34,115		-		15,526
Real estate and venture capital		93,329,181		-		120,807,446
Mutual funds		11,190,635		25,733,766		•
Total investments		855,700,863	-	25,733,766		1,046,491,082
Prepaid expenses	_	753,070	-	5,220		525,560
Total assets		976,710,747		26,002,055		1,091,396,397
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable - investment		81,879,452		_		23,335,939
Accounts payable - other		1,066,872		44		1,524,170
Accrued liabilities		16,741		-		19,132
Due to other funds	_	<u></u>		-		
Total liabilities	_	82,963,065	-	44		24,879,241
Net assets (at fair value) held in trust for pension benefits	\$_	893,747,682	\$	26,002,011	<b>\$</b>	1,066,517,156

_	Single Deposit Investment Account	Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund	Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds
\$_	7,199,159	\$ <u>8,742,483</u> \$	44,607 \$	53,637,233
_	1,367,986 - -	1,029,072 520,643 11,970,782 183	- - -	4,446,076 14,055,117 122,864,295 771,832
_	1,367,986	13,520,680	0	142,137,320
_	102,160,381 - - - - - - - - 102,160,381	68,261,886 26,916,525 - 13,593,518 69,844,964 178,616,893	- - - 4,688,998 <b>4,688,998</b>	731,260,775 1,142,893,059 49,641 227,730,145 111,458,363 <b>2,213,391,983</b>
-	<u> </u>			1,283,850
-	110,727,526	200,880,056	4,733,605	2,410,450,386
_	7,229,663 - - -	28,086,522 254,725 3,986	67 - 183	140,531,576 2,845,878 39,859 183
	7,229,663	28,345,233	250	143,417,496
<b>\$</b> _	103,497,863		4,733,355_\$	·

## STATE OF VERMONT PENSION TRUST FUNDS

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

·		Vermont State Retirement System	Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan	State Teachers' Retirement System
Additions:	_			
Contributions				
Employer	\$	23,788,281 \$	1,411,414	\$ 20,446,282
Plan member		11,723,858	567,086	18,075,514
Transfers from other pension trust funds		511,630	93,321	121,238
Other contributions		<u>-</u> .	10,152	
Total contributions	-	36,023,769	2,081,973	38,643,034
Investment Income:				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in		•		
fair value of investments		(77,338,270)	(4,077,766)	(87,549,969)
Dividends		8,548,956	917,521	10,434,734
Interest income		16,866,151	7,304	23,600,460
Securities lending income		2,454,991	_	2,270,229
Other income		437,213	_	475,159
Total investment income	_	(49,030,959)	(3,152,941)	(50,769,387)
Less Investment Expenses				
Investment managers and consultants		4,270,368		4,265,580
<b>J</b> ,		• •		, ,
Securities lending expenses  Total investment expenses	-	2,061,270	0	1,902,570
Total investment expenses	-	6,331,638		6,168,150
Net investment income	_	(55,362,597)	(3,152,941)	(56,937,537)
Total additions	_	(19,338,828)	(1,070,968)	(18,294,503)
Deductions:				
Retirement allowances		39,392,620	858,953	46,624,879
Refunds of contributions		697,452	=	704,425
Death claims		191,543	-	163,290
Transfers to other pension trust funds		214,781	-	280,609
Operating expenses		9,361,543	5,111	5,963,145
Total deductions	_	49,857,939	864,064	53,736,348
Net increase (decrease)		(69,196,767)	(1,935,032)	(72,030,851)
Net assets held in trust for				
Pension benefits:				
Beginning of year	_	962,944,449	27,937,043	1,138,548,007
End of year	\$_	893,747,682 \$	26,002,011	\$ <u>1,066,517,156</u>

_	Single investment Deposit Account	Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System	Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Fund	Total Pension Funds
\$	- \$ - -	4,941,465 \$ 4,412,699 120,034	373,657 \$ 373,657 618,356	50,961,099 35,152,814 1,464,579
-	0	9,474,198	6,125 1,371,795	16,277 <b>87,594,769</b>
_	1,111,229 - 6,591,859 - 24,000	(8,790,825) 3,523,572 2,931,239 145,203 136,910	(539,137) 140,951 2,603	(177,184,738) 23,565,734 49,999,616 4,870,423 1,073,282
-	7,727,088	(2,053,901)	(395,583)	(97,675,683)
_	319,495 	709,175 121,546 <b>830,721</b>	- - 0	9,564,618 4,085,386 13,650,004
_	7,407,593	(2,884,622)	(395,583)	(111,325,687)
-	7,407,593	6,589,576	976,212	(23,730,918)
	6,624,183 - - -	4,116,994 588,372 86,191 881,106 204,802	215,218 263 - 88,083 1,439	97,832,847 1,990,512 441,024 1,464,579 15,536,040
-	6,624,183	5,877,465	305,003	117,265,002
	783,410	712,111	671,209	(140,995,920)
	102,714,453	171,822,712	4,062,146	2,408,028,810
\$_	103,497,863 \$	172,534,823 \$	4,733,355 \$	2,267,032,890

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### AGENCY FUNDS

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Balance				Balance
RETIREMENT SYSTEM CONTRIBUTIONS AND	July 1, 2001	-	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2002
WITHOLDINGS FUND					
ASSETS			00.001.771		
Cash\$	•	\$	36,694,774 \$	36,694,774	
Accounts receivable	9,690	. <u>.</u> -		4,200	5,490
Total assets\$	9,690	. <sup>\$</sup> =	36,694,774 \$	36,698,974	5,490
LIABILITIES					
Due to depositories\$	0	\$	36,693,981 \$	36,694,774	(793)
Due to other funds	0		793	-	793
Interfund payable	9,690		-	4,200	5,490
Total liabilities\$	9,690	\$_	36,694,774 \$	36,698,974	5,490
•					
FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDINGS FUND					
ASSETS					
Cash\$	_	\$	40,849,290 \$	40,849,290	
Accounts receivable	51,806			17,900	33,906
Total assets\$	51,806	. \$ _	40,849,290 \$	40,867,190	33,906
LIABILITIES					•
Due to depositories\$	0	s	40,847,296 \$	40,849,290	(1,994)
Due to other funds	0	4	1,994	70,078,280 4	1,994
Interfund payable	51,806		1,554	17,900	33,906
Total liabilities \$	51,806	- ۾	40,849,290 \$	40,867,190	
Total Rapilides	31,000	. ° =	40,049,290 \$	40,007,190 3	33,900
STATE INCOME TAX WITHHOLDINGS FUND					•
ASSETS					
Cash\$	6,986	\$	10,613,296 \$	10,615,996	4,286
Total assets\$	6,986		10,613,296 \$	10,615,996	
10101 000015	0,900	. » =	10,013,250 \$	10,010,000	4,200
LIABILITIES					
Due to depositories\$	6.986	\$	10,612,790 \$	10,615,996	3,780
Due to other funds	0	•	506		506
Total liabilities\$	6,986	· s -	10,613,296 \$	10,615,996	
		. ~ =			1,200
SOCIAL SECURITY TAX CONTRIBUTIONS AND WITHHOLDINGS FUND ASSETS					
Cash\$	0	s	50.163.419 \$	50.163.419 \$	0
Accounts receivable	80,263	Ф	8,032	30,103,415	88,295
Total assets\$	80,263	\$_	50,171,451 \$	50,163,419	
•		_			
LIABILITIES					
Due to depositories\$	n	\$	50,161,600 \$	50,163,419	(1,819)
Due to other funds	Ö	•	1,819	-	1,819
Interfund payable	80,263		8,032	_	88,295
Total liabilities\$	80,263	· \$ -	50,171,451 \$	50,163,419	
•		. =			
<b>EMPLOYEES CREDIT UNION WITHHOLDING FU</b>	ND				
ASSETS					
Cash\$	554	\$	39,051,608 \$	39,051,113	1,049
LIABILITIES	***************************************		·	***************************************	
Due to depositories\$	554	\$	39,051,608 \$	39,051,113	\$ 1,04 <del>9</del>
		=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Cash			Balance July 1, 2001		Additions	_	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2002
ASSETS	EMPLOYEES INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS	AND	)						
Cash	WITHHOLDINGS FUND								
Accounts receivable	ASSETS								
Accounts receivable	Cash	\$	0	\$	59.009.568	S	58.990.930	\$	18.638
Due from other funds			13,725	•	21,858	•	13.725		21,858
Total assets	Due from other funds		•		192,352		-		
Due to depositories	Total assets	\$_	13,725	\$		\$_	59,004,655	\$	
Due to depositories	LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds		S	0	\$	59.221.105	\$	58.990.930	\$	230,175
Interfund payable		•	-	•		•	-	•	
Total liabilities			13,725				13,725		0
ASSETS Cash		\$_		\$	59,223,778	\$		\$	232,848
Cash	EMPLOYEES DEFERRED INCOME WITHHOL	LDIN	GS FUND				,		
Total assets	ASSETS								
Accounts receivable	Cash	s	0	\$	11,398,998	\$	11,398,998	\$	0
Total assets	Accounts receivable	•	1,264			•	-	•	2,181
Due to depositories	Total assets	\$_		<b>\$</b>	11,399,915	\$	11,398,998	\$	
Due to depositories	LIABILITIES								
Interfund payable		\$	0	s	11.398.998	s	11,398,998	\$	O
Total liabilities	•	•	_	•		*	•	•	-
WITHHOLDINGS FUND		\$_		\$		\$	11,398,998	\$	
ASSETS  Cash	OTHER EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS AND								
Cash         \$         0         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 0           Accounts receivable         81,340         -         31,009         50,331           Total assets         \$ 81,340         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 10,720,459         \$ 50,331           LIABILITIES         Due to depositories         \$ 0         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 0           Interfund payable         81,340         -         31,009         50,331           Total liabilities         \$ 81,340         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 10,720,459         \$ 50,331           UNIDENTIFIED RECEIPTS FUND         ASSETS         \$ 4,671,804         \$ 127,360,425         \$ 132,063,524         \$ (31,295)           Accounts receivable         0         366,800         -         368,800           Due from other funds         0         107         -         107           Total assets         \$ 4,671,804         \$ 127,727,332         \$ 132,063,524         \$ 335,612           LIABILITIES         Due to other funds         \$ 4,671,804         \$ 127,391,720         \$ 132,063,524         \$ 0           Interfund payable         0         335,612         -         335,612	• • • •		•						
Accounts receivable		_		_	40 000 450	_	40.000.400	_	_
Total assets		Þ	-	\$	10,689,450	Þ		Þ	-
Due to depositories	· -			٠,٠	40.600.450			٠,	
Due to depositories         \$         0         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 0           Interfund payable         81,340         - 31,009         50,331           Total liabilities         \$ 81,340         \$ 10,689,450         \$ 10,720,459         \$ 50,331           UNIDENTIFIED RECEIPTS FUND           ASSETS         Cash         \$ 4,671,804         \$ 127,360,425         \$ 132,063,524         \$ (31,295)           Accounts receivable         0         366,800         - 366,800           Due from other funds         0         107         - 107           Total assets         \$ 4,671,804         \$ 127,727,332         \$ 132,063,524         \$ 335,612           LIABILITIES         Due to other funds         \$ 4,671,804         \$ 127,391,720         \$ 132,063,524         0           Interfund payable         0         335,612         - 335,612         - 335,612	Total assets	Ψ-	01,340	₽,	10,009,430	Φ.	10,720,459	Ψ,	50,331
Interfund payable	LIABILITIES	•	•		40.000.450		40.000.450	•	•
Total liabilities	•	. \$	-	Ф	10,009,400	Þ		Ф	_
UNIDENTIFIED RECEIPTS FUND  ASSETS  Cash	, ,			٠ ू .	40.000.460			٠,	
ASSETS  Cash	( oral liabilities	<b>»</b> =	81,340	. Þ.	10,089,450	, Þ.	10,720,459	Þ	50,331
Accounts receivable       0       366,800       -       366,800         Due from other funds       0       107       -       107         Total assets       \$ 4,671,804       \$ 127,727,332       \$ 132,063,524       \$ 335,612         LIABILITIES         Due to other funds       \$ 4,671,804       \$ 127,391,720       \$ 132,063,524       \$ 0         Interfund payable       0       335,612       -       335,612	UNIDENTIFIED RECEIPTS FUND ASSETS								
Due from other funds       0       107       -       107         Total assets       \$ 4,671,804       \$ 127,727,332       \$ 132,063,524       \$ 335,612         LIABILITIES         Due to other funds       \$ 4,671,804       \$ 127,391,720       \$ 132,063,524       \$ 0         Interfund payable       0       335,612       -       335,612	Cash	\$	4,671,804	\$	127,360,425	\$	132,063,524	\$	(31,295)
Total assets	Accounts receivable		0		366,800		-		366,800
LIABILITIES         Due to other funds	Due from other funds	_	0		107		-	_	107
Due to other funds       \$ 4,671,804 \$ 127,391,720 \$ 132,063,524 \$ 0         Interfund payable       0       335,612       -       335,612	Total assets	\$_	4,671,804	\$	127,727,332	\$	132,063,524	\$	335,612
Interfund payable	LIABILITIES								
Interfund payable	Due to other funds	\$	4,671,804	\$	127,391,720	\$	132,063,524	\$	. 0
Total liabilities	Interfund payable		0	_	335,612		-		335,612
	Total liabilities	\$	4,671,804	\$	127,727,332	\$	132,063,524	\$	335,612

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	_	Balance July 1, 2001		Additions	_	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2002
VENDOR AND OTHER DEPOSITS FUND								
ASSETS		4 000 000		40 000 000	•	00 000 044		4 0 40 004
CashTaxes receivable	\$	4,692,633	\$	19,963,292	Þ	20,308,944	Þ	4,346,981
Total assets	•	212,425 4,905,058	- <sub>e</sub> -	524,823 20.488.115	<u>.</u> –	20,308,944		737,248 5,084,229
Total assess	Ψ.	4,900,000	. °	20,466,115	Ψ-	20,300,544	Ψ-	3,004,229
LIABILITIES								
Amounts held in custody for others	\$	1,801,940	\$	5,861,193	\$	6,133,674	\$	1,529,459
Due to other funds		0		8,495				8,495
Intergovernmental payable								
other governments		657,736		13,172,149		12,539,306		1,290,579
other liabilities		2,445,382		1,446,278	_	1,635,964		2,255,696
Total liabilities	\$_	4,905,058	. \$.	20,488,115	\$_	20,308,944	\$_	5,084,229
CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTIONS FUND ASSETS								
Cash	\$	5,286,881	S	61,598,000	s	54,940,739	\$	11,944,142
	Υ-	0,200,001	. T.	01,000,000	_	01,010,100	Ψ-	11,044,142
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	0	\$	4,658,902	\$	. •	\$	4,658,902
Amount Held in Custody for Others		5,286,881		56,939,098	•	54.940.739	•	7,285,240
Total liabilities	\$_	5,286,881	\$	61,598,000	\$_	54,940,739	\$_	11,944,142
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
Cash	\$	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$	467,392,120	\$	465,767,177	\$	16,283,801
Accounts receivable		238,088		397,607		66,834		568,861
Taxes receivable		212,425		524,823		-		737,248
Due from other funds	_	0		192,459	_	<u> </u>	_	192,459
Total assets	\$_	15,109,371	<b>.</b> \$.	468,507,009	\$_	465,834,011	\$_	17,782,369
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	7.540	s	258,676,828	\$	258,453,970	\$	230,398
Due to other funds	•	4,671,804	•	132.066.902	•	132,063,524	•	4.675.182
Amounts held in custody for others		7,088,821		62,800,291		61,074,413		8,814,699
Intergovernmental payable								-
other governments		657,736		13,172,149		12,539,306		1,290,579
other liabilities		2,445,382		1,446,278		1,635,964		2,255,696
Interfund payable	_	238,088		344,561	_	66,834	_	515,815
Total liabilities	\$_	15,109,371	\$.	468,507,009	\$	465,834,011	\$_	17,782,369



### NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2002

ASSETS	Vermont Economic Development Authority 06/30/02	Vermont Housing & Conservation Board 06/30/02	Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund 06/30/02	Vermont Municipal Bond Bank 12/31/2001
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,408,490	\$ 12,790,073	\$ 314,473	\$ 5,640,813
Investments	8,787,588	23,548,465		5,223,084
Accounts receivable	•	-	-	5,907
Accrued interest receivable - loans	232,223	4,118,719		2,318,088
Accrued interest receivable - investments	-	356,558	-	•
Loans and notes receivable - current portion	6,367,108	49,893		28,692,443
Other receivables	-	41,651	-	-
Due from federal government	•	11,194,851	•	-
Due from primary government	•	-	•	-
Inventories (at cost)	-	•	•	
Prepaid expenses	-	•	1,475	-
Other current assets	94,569	-		
Total current assets	24,889,978	52,100,210	315,948	41,880,335
Restricted and Non-Current Assets:				
Cash		-	-	2,124,272
Investments	21,584,933	•	-	38,613,563
Deferred bond issue costs	83,507		•	5,045,067
Loans and notes receivable (net)	47,037,209	52, <del>986</del> ,755	•	337,082,826
Other assets	75,400		·	<del></del>
Total restricted & noncurrent assets	68,781,049	52,986,755	0	382,865,728
Capital Assets:				
Land	-	•	-	-
Construction in process.	-	•	-	-
Building and leasehold improvements	440.004	135.652	0.000	•
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	442,861		6,056	-
Accumulated depreciation	(366,152)	(122,110)	(4,901)	
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	76,709 93,747,736	13,542 105,100,507	1,155 317,103	424,746,083
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	160,360	50,982	13,893	23,751
Accrued salaries and benefits		97,514	•	•
Accrued interest payable	422,956	620,701	•	4.755.440
Bond interest payable	-	4 470	-	1,755,413
Deferred revenue	-	1,476	164,045	-
Accrued arbitrage rebate	00 000 000	40,000,000	•	557,686
Current portion - bonds and notes payable	30,328,926	10,000,000	-	31,455,000
Due to primary government  Escrowed cash deposits	4,556,110 137,150	1,239,332	-	-
Other current liabilities.	137,150	9,667,909	•	•
Total current liabilities	35,605,502	21,677,914	177,938	33,791,850
Restricted and Non-Current Liabilities:	-			
Bonds and notes payable	25,513,545	13,839,020		375,105,243
Accrued arbitrage rebate	20,010,040	.0,000,020	_	604,506
Other liabilities	_		_	26,100
Advances from primary government	1,914,486		-	20,100
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	27,428,031	13,839,020	O	375,735,849
Total liabilities	63,033,533	35,516,934	177,938	409,527,699
NET ASSETS			_	—
Invested in capital assets, (net of related debt)	-	13,542	_	-
Restricted	•	69,069,508	-	6,686,363
Unrestricted - designated	•	•	-	•
Unrestricted	30,714,203	500,523	139,165	8,532,001
Total net assets	\$ 30,714,203	\$ 69,583,573	\$ 139,165	\$ 15,218,364

_	Vermont Educational and Health Buildings Financing Agency 12/31/2001		Vermont Center For Geographic Information 06/30/02		Vermont Transportation Authority 06/30/02	Vermont Veteran's Home 98/30/02			Total Nonmajor Component Units	
\$	38 <b>8,964</b> 823,553	\$	93,463	\$	5,525	<b>\$</b>	402,245	\$	29,044,046	
	623,333		25,004		•		192,841		38,382,690 223,752	
	-		25,004		•		182,041		6,669,030	
			_		_		_		356,558	
	-		-		-		_		35,109,444	
	_		_		_		_		41,651	
					45,189		725,505		11,985,545	
			-		10,627		· •		10,627	
	•				•		115,988		115,988	
	•		6,690		298,006		-		306,171	
	• •	_			-				94,569	
-	1,212,517	_	125,157		359,347		1,436,579		122,320,071	
			-		_		80,545		2,204,817	
	•		-		•		. •		60,198,496	
	-				-		-		5,128,574	
	-		-		-		-		437,106,790	
_	•		<u> </u>				4,638		80,038	
-	0	_			0		85,183		504,718,715	
	-		•				169,846		169,846	
			•		•		12,157		12,157	
	-		•	•	1,500,000		11,910,790		13,410,790	
	•		166,503		1,030,861		1,792,507		3,574,440	
_		_	(136,172)		(116,365)		(9,063,070)	٠	(9,808,770)	
-	1,212,517	_	30,33 <u>1</u> 155,488		2,414,496 2,773,843		4,822,230 6,343,992		7,358,463 634,397,249	
-		-								
	6,065		3,917		48,849		350,658		658,475	
	•		33,025		6,966		783,873		921,378	
	-				-		•		1,043,657	
	•				-		. •		1,755,413	
	•		28,602		-		73,277		267,400	
	•		. •		•		•		557,686	
	•		•		-		•		71,783,926	
	-		-		-				5,795,442	
	•				-				137,150	
-	6,065	_	65,544	_	55,815		4,648 1,212,456		9,672,557 <b>92,593,084</b>	
	-		•		•		-		414,457,808	
	•		•		•		04 770		604,506	
	•		•		•		84,730		110,830 1,914,486	
-			<u> </u>	_		_	84,730			
-	6,065	_	65,544		55,815	<del></del>	1,297,186	_	417,087,630 509,680,714	
	-		-		2,414,496		4,822,230		7,250,268	
	•						•		75,755,871	
	1,206,452		30,000 59,944		303,532		- 224,576		30,000 41,680,396	

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	٠		Program Revenues						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
Function/Program				· <del></del>	<del></del>				
Vermont Economic Development									
Authority	\$ 4,330,663	\$ 3,099,598	\$ 57,852	\$ 0	\$ (1,173,213)				
Vermont Housing & Conservation									
Trust	16,576,310	0	11,645,709	0	(4,930,601)				
Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund	404,171	0	419,996	0	15,825				
Vermont Municipal Bond Bank	22,305,343	20,833,080	0	0	(1,472,263)				
Vermont Education and Health Building									
Finance Agency	101,151	66,779	0	0	(34,372)				
Vermont Center for Geographic	400.000	404.050	244 400	0	739				
Information	498,606	184,853	314,492	U	739				
Vermont Transportation Authority	2,760,516	59,635	2,578,960	0	(121,921)				
Vermont Veterans' Home	12,035,869	8,481,216	2,240,058	0	(1,314,595)				
Total nonmajor component units	\$ 59,012,629	\$ 32,725,161	\$ 17,257,067	\$ 0	(9,030,401)				
			General Revenu	ae.					
			Opholal Neverlo						
				fer tax	11,088,000				
				ome	6,571,237				
			Total genera	revenues	17,659,237				
				assets	8,628,836				
			Net assets - beg	Inning	116,087,699				
			Net assets - eno	ling	\$ 124,716,535				



## STATISTICAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

# STATE OF VERMONT REVENUES BY SOURCE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SOURCE	_	2002	2001	2000	•	1999
Taxes	\$ _	1,599,103 \$	1,590,023	1,529,513	\$	1,092,581
Licenses, Fees and Fines		109,914	115,679	112,416		105,770
Interest on Investments		6,273	12,814	11,549		9,410
Federal		960,321	849,191	847,345		752,470
Departmental Services		15,528	10,862	17,276		15,821
Other		99,858	56,032	48,706		51,179
Total General and Special	_				•	
Revenue Fund Revenues	<b>\$</b> _	2,790,997 \$	2,634,601	2,566,805	\$	2,027,231

# STATE OF VERMONT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

FUNCTION	_	2002	2001	•	2000	_	1999
General Government	\$ _	71,395 \$	80,716	\$ -	65,444	`\$ _	57,953
Protection		174,438	137,703		128,521		125,349
Human Services		1,064,296	909,237		909,481		822,652
Employment and Training		26,285	25,999		27,631		25,998
General Education.(1)		1,020,679	883,908		884,919		486,572
Natural Resources		73,883	79,497		81,006		71,088
Development		34,095	33,747		30,167		40,296
Transportation		311,109	294,266		<b>266</b> ,797		245,902
Debt Service		69,21 <b>5</b>	73,896		74,855		72,067
Other		2,002	13,390		6,063		2,823
Total General and Special						• •	
Revenue Fund Expenditures	\$	2,847,397 \$	2,532,359	\$	2,474,884		1,950,700

- (1) Beginning in Fiscal Year 1995, payments for higher education have been reclassified from expenditures to transfers to component units.
- (2) Beginning with Fiscal Year 1996, all figures are reported on the modified accrual basis as compared to the cash basis for fiscal years 1990 through 1995.
- (3) Beginning in 1999, the new Education Fund is included in the above schedules.
- (4) Beginning with FY2002, the Fish & Wildlife fund is not included as it is not reported as a major governmental fund

1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
\$ 981,170	\$ 867,845	\$ 794,815	\$ 741,639	\$ 764,862	\$ 735,753
99,334	94,709	93,207	88,076	81,896	76,303
7,217	9,524	8,105	7,066	2,984	4,781
690,679	599,699	551,037	536,122	522,770	475,602
18,156	17,899	23,829	42,510	53,225	57,168
66,979	63,293	63,426	79,119	95,287	80,303
\$ 1,863,535	\$ 1,652,969	\$ 1,534,419	\$ 1,494,533	\$ 1,521,024	\$ 1,429,910

	1998		1997		1996		1995	-	1994		1993
<b>\$</b> —	111,280	s	74,550	s	72,068	s —	68,552	s —	81,628	s	77,469
	113,118		101,657		99,908		93,235		86,578		85,303
	770,663		717,400		670,388		655,767		613,161		567,640
	23,927		19,193		21,530		21,893		21,264	٠	21,727
	304,217		289,016		272,189		271,502		330,736		324,941
	57,898		48,842		48,163		50,072		44,103		47,297
	32,366		24,274		22,518		20,316		30,650		24,853
	228,550		189,366		192,241		180,768		192,251		187,830
	69,952		68,335		66,519		58,672		51,505		54,623
_	7,135		15,609	_	11,535		29,997		33,092		35,801
; _	1,719,106	\$	1,548,242	\$_	1,477,059	\$	1,450,774	\$	1,484,968	\$_	1,427,483

#### STATE INDEBTEDNESS

#### State Indebtedness and Procedure for Authorization

The State has no constitutional or other limit on its power to issue obligations or incur indebtedness besides borrowing only for public purposes. In 1989, the Institution Committees of the House and Senate recommended the creation of a Capital Debt Affordability Advisory Committee responsible for overseeing long-term capital planning for the State. The Committee was created by the 1990 General Assembly. Bonds authorized for a given fiscal year may, at the discretion of the State Treasurer with the approval of the Governor, be issued in the fiscal year, or in the months of May and June preceding such fiscal year, or in subsequent fiscal years.

The State Constitution does not contain provisions requiring submission of the question of incurring indebtedness to a public referendum. The authorization and issuance of State debt, including the purpose, amount, and nature thereof, the method and the manner of the incurrence of such debt, the maturity and terms of repayment thereof, and other related matters are statutory. The State's Public Improvement bonds and the State's Transportation and Highway bonds are paid respectively from the State's General Fund and Transportation Fund.

Pursuant to various appropriation acts, the State has authorized and issued general obligation bonds for a variety of projects or purposes. Each appropriation act usually specifies projects or purposes and the amount of General Fund or Transportation Fund bonds to be issued, and provides that General Fund or Transportation Fund bonds shall be issued in accordance with the Debts and Claims provisions of the General Obligation Bond Law.

Pursuant to the Refunding Bond Act, the State has authorized the issuance of general obligation bonds to refund or to advance refund all or any portion of one or more issues of outstanding general obligation bonds. Most provisions of the General Obligation Bond Law apply to the issuance of such refunding bonds.

In general, the State has borrowed money by issuing general obligation bonds and notes for the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State are pledged. The State, however, also has established certain statewide authorities which have the power to issue revenue bonds and to incur, under certain circumstances, indebtedness for which the State has contingent or limited liability.

There are no State constitutional provisions limiting the power of the General Assembly to impose any taxes on property or income in order to pay debt service on general obligation indebtedness. There are also no constitutional provisions limiting the power of the General Assembly to enact liens on or pledges of State revenues or taxes or the establishment of priorities, for payment of such debt service. There are no express statutory provisions establishing any priorities in favor of holders of general obligation indebtedness over other valid claims against the State.

The General Assembly has established by statute various general requirements for the issuance of general notes or bonds. The State Treasurer, with notification to the Governor, may issue notes or other similar obligations including commercial paper in order to raise funds to pay the expenses of government for which appropriations have been made but for which anticipated revenues have not been received, to defray accumulated State deficits and in anticipation of bonds. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor, is authorized to issue and sell bonds that mature not later than twenty years after the date of such bonds and, except for capital appreciation bonds, such bonds must be payable in substantially equal or diminishing amounts annually. Under the General Obligation Bond Law, except with respect to refunding bonds, the first of such annual payments is to be made not later than five years after the date of the bonds. All terms of the bonds shall be determined by the State Treasurer with the approval of the Governor as he or she may deem for the best interests of the State.

In 2001, the General Assembly added statutory provisions that require any entity that pays a majority of its operating expense in any fiscal year with money appropriated by the State to notify and obtain the approval of the State Treasurer and Governor prior to incurring any debt including but not limited to, debt incurred through the issuance of bonds, notes, bank loans, mortgages, lease-purchase contracts and capital leases. In 2002, the General Assembly amended this provision to exclude municipalities from the approval requirement, to establish a borrowing threshold of one million dollars before approval is required and to clarify that the amounts deemed appropriated do not include non-discretionary federal funds.

The State Treasurer is directed by General Obligation Bond Law to pay the interest or investment return on and principal or maturity value of bonds when due "without further order or authority" and to pay the interest on and principal of notes, and expenses of preparing, issuing and marketing of such notes when due "without further order or authority" to the extent not already provided, the amount necessary each year to pay the maturing principal or maturity value of and interest or investment return on bonds is required by statute to be included in and made a part of the annual appropriations bill for the expense of State government, and such principal or maturity value of and interest or investment return on bonds as may come due before appropriations for the payment thereof have been made is to be paid from the General Fund or from the Transportation Fund.

The doctrine of sovereign immunity (the sovereign right of the State not to be sued) applies to the State. The provisions of the General Obligations Bond Law above recited do not constitute, in the opinion of bond counsel express consent by the State to be sued by a bondholder or a note holder, although such consent might be so construed by force of necessary implication. The provision referred to above contained in the General Obligation Bond Law appears, however, to impose a legal duty on the State Treasurer to pay principal of and interest on the bonds and on other bonds and notes when due, either from the General Fund or from the Transportation Fund or or from amounts appropriated therefore by the General Assembly.

Under the General Obligation Bond Law, the State Treasurer has the explicit statutory duty to pay principal or maturity value of and Interest or Investment return on the Bonds and to seek appropriations therefore if amounts in the General Fund or Transportation Fund are Insufficient. In the event of fallure by the State to make such payments when due, it would appear that a bondholder may sue the State Treasurer to compel such payment from any moneys available. Under this principle, sovereign immunity would not bar a suit to compel the disbursement of State monles when a State law imposes a duty to pay.

The State has never defaulted on the punctual payment of principal or interest on any general obligation indebtedness and has never attempted to prevent or delay such required payments.

#### **Debt Statement**

The following table sets forth as of the dates indicated the outstanding general obligation bonded indebtedness, Contingent Liabilities and Lease Purchase Obligations of the State. For the first time, the net tax supported debt includes the Vermont Education and Health Buildings Finance Agency Revenue Bonds (Vermont Council of Development and Mental Health Services Acquisition Program) Series 1999A and Series 1999B that were sold during fiscal year 1999. The Series 1999A bonds are tax-exempt obligations issued in the initial par amount of \$7,125,000 and the Series 1999B are taxable obligations in the initial par amount of \$385,000. The State provides approximately 80% financial support for the Program.

#### DEBT STATEMENT As Of June 30, 2002 (In Thousands Of Dollars)

General Obligation Bonds*:		
General Fund	\$	426,896
Transportation Fund		15,214
Special Fund		18,385
Contingent Liabilities		
VEDA Family Farm Loans		720
VEDA Mortgage Insurance Program		4,097
VEDA Financial Access Program		848
Reserve Fund Commitments		
Vermont Municipal Bond Bank		411,650
Vermont Housing Finance Agency		79,245
VEDA Commitment	_	25,000
Gross Direct and Contingent Debt	\$	982,055
Less:		
Contingent Liabilities		(5,665)
Reserve Fund Commitments	_	(515,895)
Net Tax Supported Debt	\$_	460,495

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes general obligation bonds which were refunded in advance of their scheduled maturities in October 1991, September 1992, September 1993, and April 1998 with the issuance of general obligation refunding bonds.

## RATIO OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED TAXABLE PROPERTY VALUE AND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

,				Bonded D	ebt
Year	Population (1000's) (1)	Assessed Value (Billions) (2)	Bonded Debt (1000's) (3)	Ratio To Assessed Value	Per Capita
2002	617	37.41	486,465	1.30%	788
2001	613	37.41	480,443	1.28%	784
2000	610	36.27	527,300	1.45%	864
1999	594	35.5	537,791	1.51%	905
1998	592	35.99	581,990	1.62%	983
1997	589	34.80	555,905	1.60%	944
1996	586	34.30	543,800	1.59%	928
1995	585	34.23	536,625	1.57%	917
1994	582	33.52	432,764	1.29%	746
1993	576	31.28	369,547	1.18%	642
1992	570	28.58	426,299	1.49%	748

NOTE: Since 1987, the State's property values have been equalized annually as of January 1 for property values as of April 1 of the previous year for purposes of distributions to and assessments upon municipalities.

<sup>(1)</sup> U.S. Department of Commerce - Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>(2)</sup> Vermont Tax Department, Division of Property Valuation and Review, Annual Report

<sup>(3)</sup> Annual Report of Commissioner of Finance and Management

### RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year	 Total Principal and Interest Paid	 Total General Fund Expenditures	Percent of Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures
2002	\$ 63,899,370	\$ 650,765,001	9.8%
2001	68,376,276	554,819,262	12.3%
2000	68,617,331	531,022,437	12.9%
1999	66,056,281	483,978,505	. 13.6%
1998	66,073,612	674,868,655	9.8%
1997	64,049,337	632,767,461	10.1%
1996	61,494,937	624,733,701	9.8%
1995	53,018,022	614,895,686	8.6%
1994	44,190,968	638,872,825	6.9%
1993	47,165,489	622,227,550	7.6%
1992	50,970,777	630,676,158	8.1%

## RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR TRANSPORTATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL TRANSPORTATION FUND EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year	_	Total Principal and Interest Paid	Tra	Total ansportation Fund Expenditures	Percent of Debt Service to Transportation Fund Expenditures
2002	\$	2,910,054	\$	370,338,943	0.8%
2001	•	3,131,320		345,005,330	0.9%
2000		3,789,207		318,156,255	1.2%
1999		3,844,747		273,670,237	1.4%
1998		3,903,053		257,410,313	1.5%
1997		4,422,889		227,054,831	2.3%
1996		5,109,202		221,500,451	2.7%
1995	•	5,653,983		212,260,877	2.5%
1994		5,428,320		220,123,872	3.4%
1993		7,457,054		218,499,157	3.5%

The figures shown above are actual cash paid out, which are different than the GAAP based figures reported on the financial statements.

### PROPERTY VALUES AND TAXES IN VERMONT Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Property Valuation

From 1987 to 1992, the State's property values were equalized annually on January 1 for property values as of April 1 of the previous calendar year by the Vermont Tax Department, Division of Property Valuation and Review, for purposes of distributions to and assessments upon, municipalities. Prior to 1987 and during the years 1992 through 1996, values were equalized on an annual basis. With the passage of Act 60 of the 1997 Legislative session, the values will continue to be equalized on an annual basis which will make available more current data for the calculations of municipalities' school tax liabilities and school aid.

The following table sets forth an abbreviated history of property values and taxes in Vermont for the period April, 1992 to the present (in millions of dollars.)

		Equalized Grand	ľ	Grand	Total	School		Total Effective		School Effective
Years	_	List (1)		List (2)	 Taxes (3)	 Taxes (4)	_	Tax Rate (5)	_	Tax Rate (6)
2002	\$	457.7	\$	397.9	\$ 945.9	\$ 687.2	\$	2.08	\$	1.54
2001		429.3		386.5	869.6	621.3		2.05		1.50
2000		404.9		375.4	816.0	580.4		2.06		1.50
1999		381.7		359.9	712.3	493.2		1.93		1.37
1998		376.3		348.0	704.1	499.9		1.85		1.33
1997		376.3		343.0	678.7	483.4		1.85		1.33
1996		-		342.0	661.1	460.2		1.76		1.22
1995		376.0		335.0	634.3	435.5		1.76		1.22
1994		-		313.0	599.8	412.1		1.64		1,13
1993		366.0		301.0	569.2	382.8		1.64		1.13

- (1) Equalized Grand List: 1% of equalized values.
- (2) Grand List: 1% of listed value.
- (3) Total Taxes: Total taxes assessed.
- (4) School Taxes: portion of total taxes assessed raised for schools.
- (5) Total Effective Tax Rate: estimate of what total tax rate per \$100 of equalized value would be if all property was assessed at 100% of value.
- (6) School Effective Tax Rate: estimate of what school tax rate per \$100 of equalized value would be if all property was assessed at 100% of value.

SOURCE: Vermont Tax Department, Division of Property Valuation and Review', Annual Report.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Years Employment Statistics

Year	Population (000) (2)	Per Capita income (a) Year Ended 12/31 (1)	Average Labor Force (000) (3)	Employment (000) (3)	Average Annual Unemployment Rate (3)
2002	617	29,567	346	333	3.8%
2001	613	28,594	344	329	4.3%
2000	610	27,376	335	323	3.6%
1999	594	25,705	. 332	322	3.0%
1998	591	24,547	330	319	3.4%
1997	589	23,026	327	313	4.4%
1996	586	22,019	324	309	4.6%
1995	585	21,135	319	305	4.2%
1994	580	20,379	315	300	4.7%
1993	576	19,657	316	299	5.5%

#### Sources:

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (3) Vermont Department of Employment and Training

The following table sets forth the State's non-agricultural wage and salary employment by industry for calander years 2000 through 2002.

#### Vermont Non-Agricultural Wage and Salary Employment by Industry (1)

	2000 Employment	Percent Of Total	2001 Employment	Percent Of Total	2002 Employment	Percent Of Total
GOODS PRODUCING:						
Manufacturing Durable Goods	33,850	11.3%	33,450	11.1%	29,300	9.8%
Manufacturing Non-Durable Goods	12,550	4.2%	12,100	4.0%	11,300	3.8%
Construction	14,900	5.0%	15,200	5.0%	14,850	5.0%
Natural Resouces & Mining	1,050	0.4%	1,100	0.4%	1,000	0.3%
SERVICE PROVIDING:	,				,	
Wholesale	9,800	3.3%	10,050	3.3%	10,050	3.4%
Retail	39,650	13.3%	39,900	13.2%	40,100	13.4%
Utilities	1,600	0.5%	1,650	0.5%	1,700	0.6%
Transporation & Warehousing	7,050	2.4%	7,000	2.3%	6,950	2.3%
Information	6,800	2.3%	6,800	2.3%	6,700	2.2%
Financial Activities	12,300	4.1%	13,150	4.4%	13,200	4.4%
Services	20,800	7.0%	20,700	6.9%	20,400	6.8%
Educational Services	11,950	4.0%	12,050	4.0%	12,350	4.1%
Healthcare & Social Assistance	34,100	11.4%	35,850	11.9%	37,950	12.7%
Leisure & Hospitality	32,950	11.0%	32,900	10.9%	33,100	11.0%
Other Services	9,700	3.2%	9,950	3.3%	10,100	3.4%
Government	49,450	16.6%	50,150	16.6%	50,850	17.0%
TOTAL NONFARM	298,500	100.0%	302,000	100.0%	299,900	100.0%

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Vermont Department of Employment & Training, Current Employment Statistics Series.

(1) This data is compiled using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) which has replaced the U.S. Standard Industrial Classification System.

According to the latest data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census (March 2002) Vermont's population has a higher level of educational attainment than the U.S. population as a whole. The table below shows that a total of 87% of Vermont's residents aged 25 years and over have completed a high school education, a level which ranks Vermont above the 84% that have done so nationally. In addition, this data indicates that 31% of Vermont residents in that same age category have received a four-year college degree. That percentage compares favorably to the 27% of residents aged 25 years and older who have received such a 4-year degree nationally.

#### Educational Attainment Vermont and U.S. Persons Aged 25 Years and Over As of March 2002

Level of Education	Percent of Vermont Population	Rank in U.S.	Percent of U.S. Population
HIGH SCHOOL: High School Graduate or More	87%	21	84%
COLLEGE: Bachelor's Degree or More	31%	. 7	27%

SOURCE: Bureau of the Census, Educational Attainment in the U.S., Current Population Report, March 2002.

Data from the 2000 Census indicate that Vermont's population is primarily rural. A total of 72.2% of the State's population lived outside of the state's single metropolitan area - the highest percentage among the 50 states. Vermont's percentage was nearly 3 1/2 times the national average percentage of persons living outside a metropolitan areas (19.7%), and was almost seven times the average for the northeast U.S.

### INCOME AND SALES TAX RATES\* Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Individual Income Tax (1)	Corporate Income Tax (2)	Retail Sales Tax	Meals & Rooms Tax (3)
2002	3.6% - 9.5%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
2001	3.6% - 9.5%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
2000	24%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1999	25%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1998	25%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1997	25%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1996	25%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	7%
1995	25%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	7%
1994	25%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	7%
1993	28% - 34%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	8%

<sup>\*</sup> Source: Vermont Department of Taxes

<sup>(1)</sup> From 1993 to 2000, the tax rate presented above was applied to an individual's federal tax liability with some adjustments. Beginning in 2001, the individual rate range presented above is applied to a calculated Vermont taxable income instead of being applied to the federal tax liability. This methodology change was enacted to maintain the State's effective tax rate that was in effect prior to the recently enacted federal tax cuts.

<sup>(2)</sup> Corporate Tax Rate is Graduated - Only the Upper and Lower Rates are shown- Minimum Coporate Tax amount = \$250.00.

<sup>(3)</sup> Beginning June, 1989, Alcoholic Beverages are taxed at 10% rate.

#### Largest Employers

The following table sets forth, as of March 2002, the ten largest employers in Vermont and the nature of their business, exclusive of the State itself and the University of Vermont.

### Ranking of Vermont's Ten Largest Private Sector Employers As of March 2002\*

<u>Firm</u>	Nature of Business	Size Code (Number of Employees)**
International Business	Semiconductors and	•
Machines	Related Devices	3
Fletcher-Allen Health Care	Health Care	3
Price Chopper Stores	Retail Food	1
Ethan Allen, Inc.	Furniture Mfg	1
Killington, Ltd.	Lodging and Recreation	1
Hannaford Bros.	Retail Food	1
General Electric Company	Jet Engine Blades	1
Chittenden Trust Company	Financial Services	· <b>1</b>
Middlebury College	Post-Secondary Education	% <b>1</b>
Shaw's Supermarkets Inc.	Retail Food	1

SOURCE: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

<sup>\*</sup> Data is for employees covered under Vermont's unemployment law. As such, contract employees are not included.

** Size Code	# of Employees
0	500-999
1	1000-2999
2	3000-4999
3	5000+